

CORNWALL MEDICS

Philip ACLAND (d.1737)

Person ID: 34000

Occ: barber

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

Philip Acland practised as a barber at Stratton in Cornwall in the early eighteenth century. He married Elizabeth Ching at Stratton on 26 September 1697 and baptised three daughters there between 1697 and 1704. Acland was buried at Stratton on 24 February 1736/7. His will was proved in the archdeaconry of Cornwall in 1736/7 (where he described himself as a yeoman).

Children of Philip Acland:

Grace, bapt.26 September 1697 [Stratton].

Grace, bapt.18 May 1701 [Stratton]. She married Richard Burden at Stratton on 7 November 1729.

Elizabeth, bapt.24 July 1698; buried 5 November 1713 [Stratton].

Ann, bapt.25 June 1704; buried 1 March 1709 [Stratton].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Stratton, Cornwall; R.M.Glencross (ed.), *Calendar of Wills, Administration and Accounts relating to the Counties of Cornwall and Devon in the Consistorial Archidiaconal Court of Cornwall*, part 2 [1700-1799] (London, British Record Society, vol.59, 1929), p.1; **Kresen Kernow, AP/A/737 [will of Philip Ackland, yeoman, of Stratton, Cornwall, pr.1736/7].**

Edward ARUNDELL (1632-1673)

Person ID: 390

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Edward Arundell was the son of Edward Arundell, gent, and his wife Jane, nee Carmenow, and was baptised at North Tamerton, Cornwall, on 23 September 1632. He practised as a surgeon in the town of Launceston in Cornwall and died in 1673. In his will, Arundell, who died unmarried and childless, left the entirety of his estate to his uncle Thomas Arundell of St Botolph Aldgate, London/Middlesex, and his wife Barbara.

He was the younger brother of **George Arundell**, apothecary, of Launceston.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of North Tamerton, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/343, ff.311r-v [will of Edward Arundell, surgeon, of Launceston, Cornwall, 18 February 1672/3, pr.2 December 1673].

George ARUNDELL (1629-1671)

Person ID: 34001

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

George Arundell was the son of Edward Arundell, gent, and his wife Jane, nee Carmenow, and was baptised at North Tamerton, Cornwall, on 13 December 1629. He married at North

Tamerton in 1652 (bride's name not registered) and set up in practise as an apothecary in the nearby town of Launceston. In 1665, he provided a testimonial for **Francis Beauchamp**, gent, of Camelford, Cornwall, who was seeking an episcopal licence to practise medicine throughout Cornwall. At his death, Beauchamp, now of Bodmin, owed Arundell £6 (presumably for the supply of drugs and medicines). Arundell, who served as mayor of the borough of Launceston in 1669-70 was buried in the town's parish church on 23 January 1670/1. His will (in which he described himself as a gentleman) was proved the same year but was subsequently destroyed.

He was the older brother of **Edward Arundell**, surgeon, of Launceston.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of North Tamerton, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Camelford [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiate, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.106]; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/1588; parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; R.M.Glencross (ed.), *Calendar of Wills, Administration and Accounts relating to the Counties of Cornwall and Devon in the Consistorial Archidiaconal Court of Cornwall*, part 1 [1669-1699] (London, British Record Society, vol.56, 1929), p.???

Hugh ATWELL or ATWILL (c.1526-1617)

Person ID: 473

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: Culverleigh, Devon & St Ewe, Cornwall

Hugh Atwell or Atwill was the incumbent of Calverleigh in Devon and later of St Ewe in Cornwall where he became celebrated for prescribing milk and apples for the cure of all diseases. Atwell's success and popularity as a physician was first recorded by the Cornish annalist **Richard Carew** in 1602. Of him, Carew wrote that:

'for besides other parts of learning, with which he hath been seasoned, he is not unseen in the theories of physic, and can out of them readily and probably discourse, touching the nature and accidents of all diseases. Besides his judgment in urines cometh little behind the skilfullest in that profession. Marry, his practice is somewhat strange, and varying from all others: for though now and then he use blood-letting, and do ordinarily minister manus Christi, and such like cordials, of his own compounding ... yet mostly for all diseases he prescribeth milk, and very often milk and apples, a course deeply subject to the exception of the best esteemed practitioners; and such notwithstanding, as whereby either the virtue of the medicine, or the fortune of the physician, or the credulity of the patient, hath recovered sundry out of desperate and forlorn extremities.

This his reputation is of many years standing, and maintaineth itself unimpaired. But the same soareth to a higher pitch by the help of another wing; and that is, his liberality. On the poor he bestoweth his pains and charges gratis. Of the rich he taketh moderately, but leaves the one half behind, in gift amongst the household, if he be called abroad to visit any: the rest, together with the profits of his benefice ... he poureth out with both hands in pious uses, and will hardly suffer a penny to sleep, but never to dwell with him'.

Carew's account was later paraphrased by the Restoration clergyman-cum-physician **John Ward** of Stratford upon Avon, Warwickshire, in his diary and was further expounded by the early Devon historian John Prince who defended Atwell from the charge supposedly levelled

against him by some that he used ‘Magick, and the Assistance of Evil Spirits’. On the contrary, Prince emphasised Atwell’s essential goodness and piety which was also manifest in the countless acts of charity that he performed in the local community. In 1595 he gave all the corn in his ground for the use of the poor of St Ewe and two years later built at his own cost four almshouses in the village. Atwell also left an annual gift of 33s 4d to assist the poor of Thornbury in Gloucestershire where he was probably born (the Atwells were resident at nearby Cromhall from the early sixteenth century).

Hugh Atwell, ‘good old parson of St Ewe’, was buried there on 4 May 1617. He was aged 91 according to one of Prince’s correspondents.

Richard Carew, *The Survey of Cornwall* (London, 1602), ff.60r-v; Folger Shakespeare Library, Washington DC, V.a.292, f.152r; John Prince, *Danmonii Orientales Illustres: Or, The Worthies of Devon* (Exeter & London, 1701), pp.15-17; Gloucestershire Archives, D282/T36; Kresen Kernow, T/1597-8; parish registers of St Ewe, Cornwall; T/1597-8; Devon Heritage Centre, C.A.T.Fursdon (ed.), ‘Genealogical Contents of Devon and Cornish Wills and Inventories’, 2 vols, i, p.8.

Joseph BASTARD (1677-1749)

Person ID: 905

Occ: physician/surgeon

Loc: Yealmpton, Devon & St Veep, Cornwall

Joseph Bastard was variously described as a doctor of physic, of Trevelyan in St Veep, Cornwall (in a lease arrangement dated July 1708) and a surgeon, with property in Yeampton, Devon, and St Veep in his will of 1749. He was the son of Joseph Bastard, gent, and his wife Elizabeth and was baptised at St Veep in March 1677. Bastard married Elizabeth Gryles at Constantine, Cornwall, on 17 December 1720 and was buried at St Veep on 24 August 1749 (where he is described as a gentleman). In his will, in which he described himself as the owner of various estates in Cornwall and Devon, he made provision for an annuity of £60 pa for his widow, Elizabeth, two sisters Gertrude Tippett and Prudence Avent (both widows) and named his nephew Nicholas Avent, then living with him, as his residual legatee and executor. Mrs Elizabeth Bastard was buried at St Veep on 22 December 1763.

Somerset Heritage Centre, DD\WO/22/4/6; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Veep, Cornwall; parish registers of Constantine, Cornwall; CY/3529-30; TNA, C/11/1354/6 [1739]; AP/B/3862 [will of Joseph Bastard, chirurgeon, of Lineham in Yealmpton, Devon, and St Veep, Cornwall, 20 June 1749, pr.23 September 1749].

Richard BATTEN (fl.1650-1704)

Person ID: 967

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: Probus, St Enoder & St Columb Major, Cornwall

Richard Batten matriculated as a servitor at Exeter College, Oxford, on 12 November 1650 and proceeded to graduate BA from New Inn Hall on 8 February 1652/3. Batten was installed as vicar of Probus in about 1656 but was ejected from the living in 1662. Two years later, he appears in the hearth tax records as the vicar of St Enoder where he was subsequently licensed as a Presbyterian preacher in 1672. Batten would appear to have combined preaching with the practice of medicine. He was described as a doctor of physic of St Columb

Major in 1674 when he signed an indenture with Anthony Tanner of St Enoder, gent, for a property called Nampean in St Enoder. Above all, Batten seems to have spent much of his time engaged in the accumulation, sale and lease of property in and around Probus and St Columb Major which also brought about numerous lawsuits in the court of Chancery.

Nothing is known of Batten's wife Jane who was buried at Probus on 3 March 1684/5. Mr Richard Batten would appear to have died between 1704 and 1707. He died intestate and an inventory of his estate, valued at just £10 (£6 of which related to 'one catalogue of old books and manuscripts') was made in May 1707.

Children of Richard Batten:

Mary, buried 18 September 1657 [Probus].

Mary. Alive in 1675 [lease agreement].

Samuel. He agreed to marry Elizabeth Williams in 1686 and acted as administrator of his father's will in 1707.

Lydia. Alive in 1675 [lease agreement].

Calamy Revised, ed.A.G.Matthews (Oxford, 1934; reissued 1988), p.37; Foster, i, p.88; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???; Lt.Col.J.L.Vivian and H.H.Drake (eds), *The Visitation of Cornwall in the Year 1620* (London, Harleian Society, vol.9, 1874), p.279; TNA C/10/93/69, 8/175/10, 8/191/27, 6/224/9, 8/339/348, 10/483/197, 10/534/61; Kresen Kernow, PL/66/2, AR/4/1956, PL/7/1-2, AR/2/1022, PL/120/1-3; parish registers of Probus, Cornwall; AP/B/2686 [inventory of Richard Batten, gent, of St Columb Major, Cornwall, 21 May 1707].

Roger BAWDEN (d.1725)

Person ID: 34002

Occ: barber/periwigmaker

Loc: Plymouth, Devon & Egloskerry, Cornwall

On settling at Egloskerry in Cornwall in 1714, Roger Bawden gave a detailed account of his life thus far which included a spell as a barber and periwigmaker in Plymouth, Devon. He claimed to have been born in the parish of St Neot in Cornwall (two of this name were baptised there in 1670 and 1672) and at the age of about twelve to have lived as a foot page in the house of Mrs Honour Specott of Penhale. He continued in that role for four years, was briefly footman to Colonel Specott of Penhale, and then entered into an apprenticeship with William Darby, perwigmaker of Plymouth in Devon. After four years, he married one Frances Edwards and established a barber and periwigmaker's shop in the town where he continued for a further three to four years. He then enlisted as a soldier a fought in Flanders, during which time his first wife died. On his return to Cornwall, he moved to Egloskerry where he married Modesty Moorey at Egloskerry on 20 August 1714 and lived there until his death in 1724. He was buried at Egloskerry on 9 February 1724/5. It is not known what occupation he pursued in his final years.

Kresen Kernow, P53/13/4/2 [examination of Roger Bawden, 1 March 1714/15]; P 53/1/1 [parish registers of Egloskerry, Cornwall].

George BEARE (1580-1628)

Person ID: 1067/19204

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: Veryan, Cornwall

George Beare, the son of George Beare, was baptised at Linkinhorne, Cornwall, on 21 July 1580. He matriculated at Broadgates Hall, Oxford, on 23 February 1598/9 (where he gave his age as 18) and did not graduate. However, on 1 December 1610 he described himself as BA on being licensed to practise medicine throughout the diocese of Exeter. Beare was subsequently ordained by the bishop of Exeter on 31 May 1617 and served as vicar of Veryan in Cornwall from 1617 until his death in 1628. His wife Dorothy predeceased him; she died in childbirth and was buried at Veryan on 2 March 1621. Administration of his will (no longer extant) was granted to Beare's two daughters, Joanna and Beatrice.

Children of George Beare:

Rebecca, bapt.2 March 1621 [Veryan].

Joanna. Alive in 1628.

Beatrice. Alive in 1628.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Linkinhorne, Cornwall; Foster, i, p.96; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 42, p.26 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.106]; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 21, sub 23 June 1617; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Veryan, Cornwall; British Library, Add MS 34,547, f.199.

Francis BEAUCHAMP (1619-1668)

Person ID: 1071

Occ: physician

Loc: Gwennap and Camelford Cornwall

Francis Beauchamp was the third son of William Beauchamp (1582-1632) of Trevince in the parish of Gwennap, Cornwall, and his wife Katherine, the daughter of John Trefusis of Trefusis. He was baptised at St Gluvias, Cornwall, on 25 July 1619. Describing himself as a gentleman, Beauchamp was living at Camelford in Cornwall in 1665 when he was licensed to practise physic throughout the county (17 February 1664/5). The undated application stressed that he had 'for some late years past administered physic there and in other parts about it which by the grace of God upon his endeavours hath bene very successful, not only to some of us whose names are hereunto subscribed ... and farther to ... poor people in cureinge and comfortinge of them which had not of themselves wherewithal to procure suitable remedies'. Testimonials in support of the application were signed by 19 men and women, including **George Arundell**, apothecary, of Launceston.

The administration of the will of Francis Beauchamp of Bodmin, Cornwall, gent, was granted to his widow Loveday Beauchamp on 20 October 1668 and in an inventory, dated 14 July 1668, his goods were valued at £23 10s. There is also a probate account of Francis Beauchamp of Bodmin by Loveday Beauchamp widow which included a debt of £6 to George Arundell. She is probably the Quaker widow of the same name who died on 9 April 1693 and was buried at the Quaker burial ground at Treganievis two days later. Her will, proved the same year, describes her as living in the town of St Austell.

Col. J.L.Vivian and H.H.Drake (eds), *The Visitation of Cornwall in the Year 1620* (London, Harleian Society, vol.9, 1874), p.7; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 44, p.304; PR 518/Cornwall/Camelford [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.106]; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/1527/1-2 [administration and inventory of the will of Francis Beauchamp, gentleman, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 14 July and 20 October 1668]; AP/B/1588 [account relating to will of Francis Beauchamp of Bodmin, Cornwall, 1670]; **AP/B/2343 [will and inventory of Loveday Beauchamp, widow, of St Austell, Cornwall, pr.1693].**

James BEAUFORD or BEAUFORT (c.1653-1721)

Person ID: 1075

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: Lanteglos juxta Camelford & Padstow, Cornwall

James Beauford or Beaufort was the son of John Beauford (d.1679), the rector of St Columb Major, Cornwall. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 10 July 1668, aged 15 (the same day and college as his brother William), proceeding BA in 1672 and MA in January 1674/5. Two years later, he was appointed rector of Lanteglos juxta Camelford and became vicar of Padstow in 1684. James Beauford was licensed to practise the art of medicine throughout Cornwall on 11 May 1685. He is almost certainly the same as the 'J.Beauford' who, with Dr **Thomas Cloke**, signed letters testimonial on behalf of **Alexander Wolcott** of Fowey when he sought a medical licence in July 1712.

Beauford married on three occasions. Nothing is known of his first wife Jane who was buried at St Columb Major on 10 June 1696. He then married Mrs Anne Sawle, the daughter of Joseph Sawle, esquire, of Penrice, at St Mewan on 8 December 1698. Finally, following Anne's death (date unknown), Beauford married Mary Vivian, the daughter of John Vivian, esquire, at Lanivet on 31 March 1714. He is mentioned in various property documents after 1698 in which he would appear to have served as a partner of his father-in-law Joseph Sawle. The pair eventually leased a property to the St Austell physician **Stephen Williams** in 1715. Beauford was also involved as a defendant in a Chancery case in 1703 regarding the personal estate of one John Wilcocke of Lanteglos. In 1714, he subscribed towards the publication of John Walker's *Attempt Towards Recovering an Account of the Numbers and Sufferings of the Clergy of the Church of England* as well as volume 2 of Jeremy Collier's *Ecclesiastical History of England*. He was still seemingly active as a physician just before his death when he was mentioned, along with the apothecary **William Muden**, as a debtor in the accounts of Lewis Tremayne.

The Reverend Mr James Beauford was buried at St Columb Major on 21 March 1720/1. An epitaph to his memory (in which he was described as a non-juror in 1690) was erected at Lanteglos. His will survives as does that of his widow Mary who was buried alongside her husband at St Columb Major on 10 June 1733.

Children of James Beauford and Jane:

James, bapt.16 November 1683 [St Columb Major].

unnamed, bapt.13 August 1686 [St Breock].

Mary, bapt.5 April 1689 [St Breock]. She married Samuel Grimes at St Columb Major, 18 May 1721.

Foster, i, p.97; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 46, p.372; PR 518/Cornwall/Fowey; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; parish registers of St Mewan, Cornwall; parish registers of Lanivet, Cornwall; CF 2/235, 450 and 1/2065-6; **TNA C/8/592/41**; Kresen Kernow, T/1314 [accounts, receipts and payments of Lewis Tremayne, 1720-1]; FS/2/103, pp. 68, 89 [Original at DRO, Z19/16/1]; **CF/1/4090-1 [will of James Beauford, clerk, of St Columb Major, Cornwall, pr.1721]; CF/2/237 and AP/B/3408 [will of Mary Beauford, widow, of Trewan, St Columb Major, Cornwall, pr.1733]**.

John BENNETT or BONNETT (d.1738)

Person ID: 1217

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

John Bennett (elsewhere Bonnett) of Fowey in Cornwall was licensed to practise surgery (he requested also to be allowed to practise as an apothecary) in the diocese of Exeter on 30 April 1718. His application was supported by testimonials supplied by **Richard Chilcot**, surgeon, Dr **John Seymour** and Nicholas Winston, surgeon. Two years later, he took an apprentice. In 1722, Bennett operated on a woman at Fowey who was experiencing preternatural issues relating to the pudenda whilst in the throes of childbirth. He subsequently wrote to fellow surgeon **Claudius Amyand**, an exiled Huguenot and fellow of the Royal Society to correct an earlier account of the woman which was then published in the *Philosophical Transactions* in 1724. In all probability, Bennett (or Bonnett), like Amyand, was himself a Huguenot refugee.

Mr John Bonnett was buried at Fowey on 19 April 1738. He made his will three years earlier in which he left his house and other possessions to his wife Jane Mary and children John, Francis, Susanna and Mary.

Children of John Bennett or Bonnett and wife Mary:

John. Alive in 1738 [will].

Francis. Alive in 1738 [will].

Susanna. Alive in 1738 [will].

Mary, bapt.1720 [Fowey].

Elizabeth, bapt.17 July 1723; buried 4 December 1723 [Fowey].

James, bapt.24 May 1725; buried 17 November 1725 [Fowey].

Apprentices of John Bennett or Bonnett:

William Tingcomb, son of William Tingcomb, shipwright of Fowey, 4 March 1719/20 for 7 years for premium of £30. He later practised as a surgeon at Fowey.

Publications:

‘A Letter from Mr John Bonnet, Surgeon at Fowye in Cornwall, to Claudius Amyand, Esq., Serjeant-Surgeon to His Majesty, F.R.S. concerning the preternatural Structure of the Pudenda in a Woman’, *Philosophical Transactions*, vol.33, no.379 (1724), pp.142-6.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 48, *sub* 30 April 1718 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.109]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.46-7, 597 [TNA, IR 1/7, f.102 which also gives a registration date as 1718; IR 6, f.214]; Kresen Kernow, parish register of Fowey, Cornwall; AP/B/3537 [will of John Bonnett, chirurgion, of Fowey, Cornwall, 6 October 1735, pr.4 May 1738].

Benjamin BERRY (fl.1686-1723)

Person ID: 1287

Occ: chymist/physician/surgeon

Loc: Cornwall & Plymouth, Devon

Benjamin Berry, gent and surgeon, sought a licence to practise medicine and surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 10 July 1686. No record of a grant has been found. In his application, he claimed to have served a seven-year apprenticeship under **Benjamin Coode**, surgeon, of Falmouth in Cornwall. Berry secured testimonials from Coode, **Valentine Nevill**, physician, and three Cornish clergymen. He would appear to have practised at this time in and around St Columb Major in Cornwall.

Berry married Honour Penhallow, widow, the daughter of Henry Helyar, gent, of Liskeard at the latter parish on 2 May 1697. The couple subsequently baptised a daughter Honour at St Columb Major on 15 June 1689. He may have later moved to Plymouth. On 12 January 1696, Berry, described as doctor in physic, and his wife with her two sisters were named in a conveyance of property at St Pinnock in order to clear the debts of his father-in-law. He is probably the man of the same name, described as a gentleman, to whom one John Trenaman was apprenticed in 1713. He (or perhaps a son) was probably the Benjamin Berry, chymist, of Liskeard who was licensed to practise in the diocese of Exeter on 8 July 1723 (faculty not specified) with a testimonial supplied by Dr **Thomas Pyne**. He in turn provided a testimonial for **Nicholas Cary**, surgeon, of Liskeard in 1723. No record of his death or burial has been found. The will of one Honour Berry, widow, of Callington was proved in 1750.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/unplaced; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; AD/1497/4; **TNA C/5/45/109, 7/641/36**; P107/14/3; I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.106; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 44, p.176; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/3886 [will of Honor Berry, widow, of Callington, Cornwall, pr.1750].

Thomas BETHEWIN (d.1602 or 1603)

Person ID: 14909

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Thomas Bethewin practised as a barber in the town of Launceston in Cornwall in the second half of the sixteenth century. He married Alice Dwene (or Owene?) at Launceston on 23 May 1595 (though she probably not his first wife) and died sometime between July 1602 and March 1602/3. Bethewin left a small estate, including barber's pots and basins, worth £3 8s to his wife Alice, sons Henry and Thomas and daughter (or possibly stepdaughter) Alice Pinche and her son. An inventory of his goods mentions barber's pots and basins.

He may have been the man of the same name of Launceston who possessed a bow and six arrows at the town's muster in 1569.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; AP/B/38 [will and inventory of Thomas Betherwin, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 30 July 1602, pr.21 March 1602/3]; H.L.Douch, *The Cornwall Muster Roll 1569* (Bristol, 1984), p.???

John BETTESWORTH (d.1743)

Person ID: 1319

Occ: surgeon/physician

Loc: Sussex, Hampshire and St Hilary/Ludgvan, Cornwall

John Bettesworth, a Quaker from Hampshire, was licensed to practise medicine and surgery throughout the province of Canterbury on 14 February 1709. Letters testimonial certified that Bettesworth, late of Chichester, Sussex, and a practitioner of physic and surgery for several years, 'hath performed severall eminent cures with the generall applause of his patients in the said county of Sussex as well as Southampton, and did upon our recommendation obtain a licence from Doctor Thomas Briggs, chancellor of the spirituall court in the diocese of Chichester'. Signatories included Dr **Thomas Aylwin** and two licentiates, **William Peckham** and **Nicholas Vavaseur**.

If he hailed from Chichester, Bettesworth may have been connected to the family of Arthur Bettesworth of Chichester, who acted as a JP in the 1650s, while various of the name of Bettesworth were buried in the parish of Petersfield in the 17th century (Bettesworth's application was dated from Petersfield on 7 February 1709. He seems to have been a travelling Quaker preacher and is referred to in the journal of fellow Quaker, Thomas Gwin of Falmouth, Cornwall (1656-1720), where he was preaching in 1711, though the Quaker historian Braithwaite calls him 'a physician of Bath'. He adds that John Bettesworth was a Quaker surgeon, living at St Hilary, Cornwall, where he died in 1743 and that he and his wife Christian were both buried there. In all probability, Bettesworth recanted Quakerism. Two of his children were baptised in the parish church of St Hilary (in 1717 and 1719) and his wife Christian was buried there on 19 November 1720. Bettesworth subsequently married Hester Davies, the widow of Samuel Davies (d.1711), gent, of Ludgvan, and daughter of Edward Larmor, gent and merchant of Southampton in 1721. He died in 1743 and his will, in which he described himself as a physician, of Ludgvan, Cornwall, was proved the following year.

Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/432; Tenison 2, f.273 [*Directory*, i, no,78]; A.W.Hughes Clarke (ed.), *The Visitation of Sussex ... 1662* (London, Harleian Society, vol.89, 1937), p.10; W.Braithwaite, *The Second Period of Quakerism* (London, 1919), pp. 426-7, 427n; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Hilary, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, marriage bonds and allegations, diocese of Exeter; **Kresen Kernow, AP/B/3750 [will of John Bettesworth, physician, of Ludgvan, Cornwall, pr.1744]**.

James BISHOP (1690-1740)

Person ID: 16709

Occ: apothecary

Loc: St Columb Major, Cornwall

James Bishop was the son of John Bishop (d.1695), rector of St Columb Major, Cornwall, and his second wife Mary, and was baptised at St Columb Major on 7 May 1690. Nothing is known of James' education or training. A brother Robert, who was educated at Oxford, was appointed rector of St Pinnock, Cornwall, in 1707. James probably began to practise as an apothecary at St Columb Major in the second decade of the eighteenth century. He is frequently mentioned in the accounts of two local gentlemen, Richard Arundell and Lewis Tremayne from 1719 to 1725. In the case of the former, Bishop supplied medication for Arundell's servants and one George Bere [1719-21] as well as a visit to Lanherne, costing 6s 8d [1723-4]. Bishop was also involved in two Chancery cases in 1736-7 and 1734-46.

Mr James Bishop married Mrs Sara Long at St Columb Major on 31 May 1722. The couple baptised five children at St Columb Major between 1723 and 1728, one of whom, Mary, was named as one of the lives on a tenancy in St Columb of one Edward Crews of the same place. In his will of 1738, Edward Crews, esquire, named his cousins James Bishop, apothecary, and Joseph Bishop, merchant, of Truro as joint executors in trust. Mr James Bishop was buried at St Columb Major on 21 July 1740. In his will, made a few months before his death, he left the bulk of his estate, including properties at St Issy and St Columb Major, to his wife Sarah, noting that his two children John and Anne were 'already provided for and have a handsome fortune in their own power'. Mrs Sarah Bishop, widow, was buried at St Columb Major on 19 January 1748/9. Her will was proved the same year.

There is a portrait of the young James Bishop, aged about 13, painted by the Dutch artist Bartholomeus van Burgindis, which descended to the Rogers family of Penrose House following the marriage of James's daughter Anne to Hugh Rogers, esquire, in 1770. It was sold in 2019.

Children of James Bishop and Sarah:

John, bapt.4 May 1723; buried 3 January 1723/4 [St Columb Major].

Mary, bapt.14 April 1724; buried 31 July 1738 [St Columb Major].

John, bapt.14 April 1725 [St Columb Major].

Sarah, bapt.31 January 1726/7; buried 29 April 1732 [St Columb Major].

Anne, bapt.12 July 1728 [St Columb Major].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; Foster, p.130; Kresen Kernow, AR/12/77/1-2; 12/82; T/1315; TNA C/11/121/11, 11/122/12; Kresen Kernow, AR/17/180-90, esp.185-4; X64/15; AR/4/699; TNA, PROB 11/696, ff.368r-369r [will of Edward Crews, esquire, of St Columb Major, Cornwall, 16 October 1738, pr.23 June 1739]; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/3606 [will of James Bishop, apothecary, of St Columb Major, Cornwall, 25 March 1740, pr.27 October 1740]; AP/B/3869 [will of Sarah Bishop, widow, of St Colub Major, Cornwall, pr.1749]; <https://www.royprecious.co.uk/626592/portrait-of-james-bishop-c1703;by-bartholomeus-van-burgundis/>.

John BLIGHT (1637-1681)

Person ID: 1491

Occ: physician

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

John Blight was the eldest son of John Blight (1612-1663), gent, of Bodmin, Cornwall and his wife Jane, nee Williams alias Martyn and was baptised at Bodmin on 23 October 1637.

He was licensed to practise medicine in the diocese of Exeter on 21 June 1673. Blight had formerly written to his 'worthy friend' Nicholas Webber at Exeter requesting that he, with 'brother Cooke' (kinsman Francis Cooke, diocesan registrar) assist him in procuring a licence. He thus forwarded testimonials, all verbatim the same, signed by John Gay or Gey, **Nicholas Cary**, Andrew Brodribb, John Sharpe and Nathaniel Walker or Walter and explained that he could have had the signature of Dr Contee (**Peter Contee** Jnr, apothecary, of Tavistock) 'but you told me he was not in favour with the Bishop'. Blight added that he 'should have had Dr Polwheeles hand procured but he (presumably **Degory Polwhele**, who died in 1672) is dead long since'.

Doctor John Blight was buried at Bodmin on 26 January 1680/1. His widow Patience (otherwise unidentified) was buried there on 14 January 1696/7.

John Blight was the first cousin of Francis Blight, notary public and mayor of Bodmin in 1675 and 1684, who wrote the letter that was published at Exeter as *A true and impartial account of the dark and hellish power of witchcraft lately exercised on the body of the Reverend Mr Wood, minister of Bodmyn* (Exeter, 1700).

Children of John Blight and Patience:

John, bapt.17 June 1660 [Bodmin].
Penelope, bapt.4 February 1661/2 [Bodmin].

Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Parish and Borough of Bodmin, in the County of Cornwall* (London, 1870), pp.188-9; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 45, p.262 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiate, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.107]; PR 518/Cornwall/Bodmin; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall.

John BLOYES (d.1718)

Person ID: 34003

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Penryn, Cornwall

John Bloyes, apothecary, of Penryn, Cornwall, took as apprentice Samuel Cleather (1693-1726), the son of Samuel Cleather (d.1713) and his wife Eleanor (d.1743 or 1744) of St Keverne, Cornwall, on 5 April 1716. Mr John Bloyes was buried at nearby St Gluvias on 2 February 1717/18. His will, subsequently destroyed, was proved the same year.

P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.60, 119 [TNA, IR 1/43, f.169]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???

John BOLT (fl.1710-1752)

Person ID: 34004

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

John Bolt was active as a surgeon in the town of Launceston in Cornwall in the first half of the eighteenth century. He married twice. Firstly, he married Hannah Carpenter at Launceston on 28 October 1711. She was buried there on 7 October 1724. Bolt subsequently married a woman named Catherine who was buried at Launceston on 6 March 1751/2. Bolt may have been the man of the same name who was buried at Launceston on 5 September 1775.

Children of John Bolt, surgeon, and Hannah:

Mary Vivian, bapt.26 August 1729 [Launceston].
John, bapt.23 February 1711/12 [Launceston].
William, bapt.7 May 1714 [Launceston].
Mary, bapt.4 November 1716 [Launceston].
Elizabeth, bapt.21 March 1719/20 [Launceston].

Children of John Bolt, surgeon, and wife Catherine:

William, bapt.9 August 1730 [Launceston].
Catherine, bapt.9 July 1731; buried 24 August 1731 [Launceston].
Sydenham, bapt.17 July 1732 [Launceston].
Ann, bapt.14 November 1733; buried 12 November 1735 [Launceston].

Kresen Kernow, WW/623-6, 638/1, 607; parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall.

Benjamin BOND (1666-1721)

Person ID: 1569/1572

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Devon and Calstock, Cornwall

Benjamin Bond was the son of William Bond and was baptised at Calstock in Cornwall on 17 April 1666. He was licensed to practise physic and surgery on 30 August 1689 with testimonials supplied, among others, by Dr **Nathaniel Spry**, **John Contee**, Jewell Tozer and two Devon clergymen. He is probably the 'George' Bond who was described as a licentiate in January 1694/5 when providing a reference for **John Eastway** of Launceston, a candidate for an episcopal licence. Given his Devon connections, he may have been the Mr Benjamin Bond of Great Torrington, Devon, who married Sarah Balkwill of Sheepwash, Devon, at Little Torrington on 29 November 1696. The couple baptised a daughter, Mary, at Great Torrington on 21 March 1696/7.

Bond and his wife Sarah were certainly living in Calstock by 1706 when they baptised a son, John, there. Benjamin Bond was buried at Calstock on 19 June 1721. In his will, Bond left property in Cornwall, £100 and all his surgical instruments with two silver plaster boxes 'and free liberty of my study to keep his said books, medicines and instruments'. He also left token sums to his other children (Benjamin, John, Mary, Elizabeth and Martha) while naming William as residual legatee and executor.

Children of Benjamin Bond and Sarah:

Mary, bapt.21 March 1696/7 [Great Torrington, Devon].
Benjamin. Alive in 1721 [will].
William. Alive in 1721 [will].

Elizabeth. Alive in 1721 [will].

John, bapt.6 October 1706 [Calstock].

Martha, bapt.13 June 1708 [Calstock]. She was licensed to marry John Deeble of Calstock on 28 May 1732 (both parents dead).

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Calstock, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 46, p.640; PR 518/Cornwall/Calstock and 518/Cornwall/Launceston; 4015A/PR/1/1 [parish registers of Little Torrington, Devon]; 4014A/PR/1/1 [parish registers of Great Torrington, Devon]; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/3059 [will of Benjamin Bond, surgeon, of Calstock, Cornwall, 25 February 1720/1, pr.14 August 1721]; Devon Heritage Centre, marriage bonds and allegations, diocese of Exeter.

Walter BONE (1676-1712)

Person ID: 18219

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Walter Bone, the son of Walter Bone, was baptised at St Clement's near Truro, Cornwall, on 25 October 1676. He married Mrs Dorothy Hearle of Truro at Merther, Cornwall, on 17 March 1697/8 and practised as an apothecary in Truro until his death in 1712. Mr Walter Bone was buried at St Clement's near Truro on 13 May 1712. In his will, he left £20 to the borough of Truro, the interest from which was to be used to fund an annual sermon to be preached on the day of the testator's funeral. He also left all his books to Dr **Thomas Cloke** of Truro and named Robert Bone of Merther and William Bone of Probus as joint executors. Bone was a moderately wealthy man at the time of his death. His estate was valued at over £400 and an inventory of his goods strongly suggests that he was operating as much as a grocer as an apothecary. Among those goods in his shop was brandy to the value of £40, treacle, sugar, coffee, tobacco, mace, cloves, cinnamon, starch and rice, and currents and raisins.

In 1707, he was treating the family of one Catherine Tanner of Cornwall.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Clement's near Truro, Cornwall; parish registers of Merther, Cornwall; CN/3090/8; BTRU/423; AP/B/2825 (1-2) [will and inventory of Walter Bone, apothecary, of Truro, Cornwall, 21 April 1712, pr.14 May 1712; inventory dated 24 May 1712]; Kresen Kernow, CN/3090/12 [1707].

William BORLACE, BORLASE or BURLACE (fl.1642-1665)

Person ID: 2348

Occ: physician

Loc: Crantock, Cornwall

In the diocesan returns for 1665, William Burlace, gent, of Crantock, Cornwall, was described as a physician and a recusant while his daughter Anne was said to 'teacheth youth to read & sowe'.

William Borlace or Burlace was the third son of Nicholas Borlace (d.1620). He, alongside his brother Henry, refused the Protestation Oath in 1642. William's nephew Humphrey (c.1634-1709) of Treludra, East Newlyn, fought for the King and served under Sir Ralph Hopton in the west country. He, too, was a Catholic but was unable to compound until 1653 when his fine of £320 was remitted on the grounds that he had lost over £500 under sequestration since

the end of the civil war. William Borlace, gent, was taxed on two hearths at Crantock in 1664.

Children of William Borlace and wife Philippa:

John, of Rosecliston.

Margaret. She married Henry Bray of Treswythen in Camborne.

Philippa. She was married to one Lincoln.

Joan (mentioned in cousin Gertrude's will).

William, bapt.14 October 1630 [Newlyn East].

Ann, bapt.8 January 1632/3 [Newlyn East].

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/29; W.C.Borlace, *The Descent, Name and Arms of Borlase of Borlase in the County of Cornwall* (London & Exeter, 1888), p.86; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???. B.D.Henning (ed.), *The History of Parliament: The House of Commons 1660-1690*, 3 vols (Woodbridge, 1983), **need vol & p.ref.**

Tobias BOUCHER or BUTCHER (1635-1667)

Person ID: 1675

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: Helston, Cornwall

Tobias Boucher or Butcher was the son of Tobias Boucher (d.1670) and was baptised at Helston on 18 October 1635. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 21 July 1653, but did not graduate. Boucher was serving as rector of Creed in Cornwall in 1660 when he was ejected as a puritan nonconformist. He subsequently took up the practice of medicine and in 1665 was reported to be unlicensed but 'behaving quietly'. Calamy thought him as '[a] very but Melancholy Man'. Boucher, described as a gentleman, died sometime before 5 September 1667 when an inventory of his goods appraised his wealth at death at just under £50. Administration of his estate was granted to his widow Joan or Johanna whom he had married at Gwinear on 6 July 1659. She died in 1669 and left an estate valued at £130 to her two daughters Elizabeth and Mary.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; Foster, i, p.154; A.G.Matthews (ed.), *Calamy Revised* (Oxford, 1934; reissued 1988), p.66; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 414r; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/1515 [inventory of Tobias Butcher, gentleman, of Helston, Cornwall, 5 September 1667]; AP/B/1599 [will and inventory of Joan Boucher, widow, of Helston, Cornwall, 18 February 1668/9, pr.20 April 1670; inventory dated 11 May 1669]; AP/B/1600 [will of Tobias Bouchier, yeoman, of Helston, Cornwall, 24 June 1668, pr.17 September 1670].

Nicholas BRADLEY (1668-1728)

Person ID: 34005

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Nicholas Bradley was the son of Nicholas Bradley (d.1700) and his wife Cisillia and was baptised at Bodmin on 23 March 1667/8. He is described as a barber of Bodmin, deceased, in a counterpart lease dated 1744. One Nicholas Bradley married Mary Bennet at Werrington,

Cornwall, on 17 March 1690/1. He was buried at Bodmin on 23 December 1727 (where the parish register describes him as a gentleman). His will mentions his two married daughters, Celia and Mary and four grandchildren. He left the bulk of his estate to his widow Mary.

Children of Nicholas Bradley and Mary:

Cissillia/Celia, bapt.6 January 1694/5 [Bodmin]. She was married to William Hamley in 1727 [will].

John, bapt.23 December 1696 [Bodmin].

Mary, bapt.9 March 1698/9 [Bodmin]. She married Francis Bishop at Blisland, Cornwall, 2 October 1721.

Elizabeth, buried 23 December 1715 [Bodmin].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; PH/341; parish registers of Werrington, Cornwall; AP/B/3485 [will of Nicholas Bradley, gentleman, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 23 December 1727, pr.17 January 1735]; parish registers of Blisland, Cornwall.

William BRIGGS (fl.1705)

Person ID: 1976

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Helston, Cornwall

William Briggs, surgeon, of Helston, Cornwall, signed letters testimonial on behalf of fellow surgeon **Robert Turnbull**, of Redruth, Cornwall, a candidate for an archiepiscopal licence, in May 1705. There were two men of this name, father and son, living in Helston at this time. The father, who described himself as a gentleman, was buried at Helston on 3 January 1711/12. His will and inventory makes no mention of surgery or surgical instruments. His son William married Elizabeth Perroe at nearby Sithney on 15 April 1710. She was buried at Helston on 29 July 1717; her husband was buried in the same parish on 8 September 1717. He died intestate.

Children of William Briggs and Elizabeth:

Frances, bapt.26 June 1712 [Sithney]. She married Robert Perrow at Sithney on 2 May 1737.

Lambeth Palace Library, FII/46/45a-b; Kresen Kernow, RH/9/1/10/34; **TNA, C/8/599/13 and 7/33/27**; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/2807 [will and inventory of William Briggs, gentleman, of Helston, Cornwall, 8 August 1711, pr.13 February 1711/12; inventory dated 11 February 1711/12]; AP/B/2979 [administration of will of William Briggs, of Helston, Cornwall, 29 April 1718]; parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; parish registers of Sithney, Cornwall.

John BROWNE (d.1638 or 1639)

Person ID: 2125

Occ: physician

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

John Browne, medicus, was buried at St Mary's, Truro, in Cornwall on 17 January 1638/9. Otherwise unidentified.

Mrs H.Fox, Miss S.Fox and H.Tapley-Soper (eds), *The Register of Marriages, Baptisms & Burials of the Parish of St Mary, Truro Co.Cornwall A.D.1597 to 1837*, 2 vols (Exeter, Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1940), i, p.276.

Thomas BRYANT (fl.1717)

Person ID: 34006

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Endellion, Cornwall

Thomas Bryant of Endellion, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 4 September 1717 (as noted on the application, but not found in Act Book). His application, dated 22 June 1717, was accompanied with correspondence concerning a complaint made against Bryant by one William Hoskyn of St Brewer who claimed that Bryant was an itinerant.

I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.108.

James BUCK (d.1719)

Person ID: 2244

Occ: physician

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

James Buck of Truro, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine and surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 21 May 1714. He claimed to have thirty years experience with testimonials supplied, among others, by **William Grimboldson** and **Humphrey Colmer**, both fellows of the College of Physicians in London.

Buck was living at Truro in 1692/3 when as Dr Buck he buried a child there. Mr James Buck was buried at Truro on 14 January 1718/19. His widow Mary was buried there on 19 December 1743.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 48, *sub* 21 May 1714; PR 518/Miscellaneous [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.108]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall.

Richard BULKLEY (d.1710)

Person ID: 2278

Occ: physician/surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

Dr Richard Bulkley was buried at Falmouth, Cornwall, on 20 October 1710. Either his wife or daughter, Mrs Eleanor Bulkley, was buried there on 21 January 1713/14.

Children of Richard (sometimes in error as Robert) Bulkley, doctor/surgeon:

Anne, bapt.6 December 1703 [Falmouth].

Eleanor, bapt.23 November 1705 [Falmouth].

Sarah, bapt.7 August 1709; buried 3 November 1710 [Falmouth].
Jane, bapt.1 February 1710/11 [Falmouth].

S.E.Gay and Mrs H.Fox (eds), *The Register of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials of the Parish of Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, 1663-1812* (Exeter, Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1915), i, pp.173, 176, 177, 185, 188; ii, p.719.

BURGES (d.1646)

Person ID: 2324

Occ: physician

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

One Burges, medicus, was buried at St Mary's, Truro, on 20 May 1646. He may have been a temporary resident connected with the army.

Mrs H.Fox, Miss S.Fox and H.Tapley-Soper (eds), *The Register of Marriages, Baptisms & Burials of the Parish of St Mary, Truro Co.Cornwall A.D.1597 to 1837*, 2 vols (Exeter, Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1940), i, p.284.

James BURGESS (d.1718)

Person ID: 34007

Occ: barber

Loc: Helston, Cornwall

James Burgess practised as a barber in the town of Helston, Cornwall, from about 1699 until his death in 1718. He married Letitia Tresise at Helston on 28 November 1699 and was buried there on 7 March 1717/18. His widow, Letitia, was buried at Helston on 20 September 1746.

Children of James Burgess and Letitia:

James, bapt.13 June 1700 [Helston].
Joan, bapt.13 February 1701/2 [Helston].
Henry, bapt.22 November 1703 [Helston].
John, bapt.28 August 1705 [Helston].
Francis, bapt.6 July 1707 [Helston].
Letitia, bapt.30 April 1709 [Helston].
Honour, bapt.18 April 1711 [Helston].
Letitia, bapt.16 March 1713/14; buried 11 October 1714 [Helston].
Robert, bapt.2 January 1716/17 [Helston].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; S/514; **AP/B/3044 [will of James Burgess, barber, of Helston, Cornwall, pr.1720]**.

Charles BURT (fl.1700-1718)

Person ID: 34008

Occ: apothecary/chapman

Loc: Lostwithiel, Cornwall

Charles Burt practised as an apothecary and chapman in the town of Lostwithiel in Cornwall in the early eighteenth century. He was probably the Charles Burt, son of Christopher Burt, gent, and Ann, who was baptised at Liskeard on 23 March 1674/5. Burt married Elizabeth Webber at Lostwithiel on 7 July 1700. He was still alive in 1718 when, describing himself as an apothecary, he bought a house and garden in the High Street at Lostwithiel. Burt was dead by 1725 when his only surviving children, Joseph and Elizabeth, were plaintiffs in a case brought before the court of Chancery.

Children of Charles Burt:

Elizabeth, bapt.10 June 1701 [Lostwithiel].
Joan, bapt.10 February 1702/3 [Lostwithiel].
Joseph. Alive in 1725 [Chancery case].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; parish registers of Lostwithiel, Cornwall; BLOS/167, 432; TNA, C/11/677/41 (1725).

Sir Richard CAREW (d.1643?)

Person ID: 2559

Occ: gentleman/medical experimenter

Loc: Antony, Cornwall

Richard Carew was the son and heir of the antiquary Richard Carew (1555-1620) of Antony, and was educated at Oxford and the Middle Temple before travelling in Europe. Following a bad experience with physicians in France as a young man, Carew experimented with self-medication and was the inventor of the 'warming stone', a heat-retaining device that promoted health. Commercial exploitation was undertaken by John Bartlet, who published a pamphlet entitled *The Warming Stone: Excellent Helps Really Found Out, tried, and had, by a Warming Stone* (1640) advertising the merits of the stone which could be purchased from Bartlet's shop in St Paul's churchyard. Carew's name first appeared on the posthumous edition of 1652 (re-edited 1660, and about 1667). His manuscript remains include medical precepts dated 1637.

ODNB, sub Carew, Sir Richard, article by L.A.Holford-Strevens; Kresen Kernow, MS CZ/EE/32.

James CARTER (1530?-1574)

Person ID: 2599

Occ: physician

Loc: St Columb Major, Cornwall

James Carter was the son of Richard Carter and was probably born in 1530. James Carter, physician, of St Columb Major, Cornwall, entered into a bond for delivery of goods to Sir John Arundell of Lanherne according to a deed of gift for the use of his brother, Richard Carter, merchant, on 21 January 1568. He is also described as a physician in witnessing the will of Thomas Arundell of Tremere in 1571. Carter married Honour, the daughter and coheir of John Newman, and was buried at St Columb Major on 29 February 1573/4.

Children of James Carter and Honour:

Richard. He married the daughter of Sir John Arundell of Talverne.

John, born 1552. He married Jane Vivian.

Catherine, born 1555. She married 1. John Brabyn, gent; 2. James Jenkyn, gent, of Trekinning. She was buried at St Columb Major, 27 August 1620.

Col. J.L. Vivian and H.H. Drake (eds), *The Visitation of Cornwall in the Year 1620* (London, HS, vol.9, 1874), p. 36; <http://www.teachergenealogist007.com/2014/05/bond-32772-carter-newman.html>; <https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Carter-18267>; Kresen Kernow, AR/3/253/2 and 3; TNA, PROB 11/53/487 [will of Thomas Arundell, esquire, of Tremere, Cornwall, 29 May 1571, pr.8 November 1571].

William CARTER (1694-1720)

Person ID: 2612

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Redruth, Cornwall

William Carter, the son of William Carter, gent, and his wife Jane was baptised at Redruth on 13 March 1693/4. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 15 January 1710/11, aged 17, but did not graduate. Instead, he would appear to have returned to his native Redruth to set up in practice as a surgeon. Carter was buried at Redruth on 2 March 1719/20. He died unmarried and intestate, the administration of his estate being renounced by his father in favour of his youngest son Daniel (1703-1765). The value of William's goods, which was outweighed by his debts, totalled £73 and included drugs and medicines, surgical instruments and books. Daniel, who married the daughter of Dr **Nathaniel Taunton** of Liskeard, went on to practise as an apothecary and surgeon in Redruth.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Redruth, Cornwall; Foster, i, p.244; Kresen Kernow, AP/C/2870 [administration, inventory, etc of William Carter the younger, chirurgeon, of Redruth, Cornwall, pr.1720; inventory dated 17 March 1719/20].

John CARVETH (fl.1633)

Person ID: 2630

Occ: physician

Loc: Cornwall?

John Carveth was licensed to practise medicine in the dioceses of Bath and Wells, Canterbury, Exeter and Lincoln on 15 April 1633. Raach has speculatively suggested that Carveth was from Cornwall where the name is very common. However, no other evidence of his medical practice anywhere in England has been found.

Lambeth Palace Library, Abbot 3, f.140v; J.H. Raach, *A Directory of English Country Physicians 1603-1643* (London, 1962), p.???

Nicholas CARY (1633-1678)

Person ID: 2640

Occ: physician/surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Nicholas Cary was the son of William Cary, gent, and was baptised at Menheniot, near Liskeard, Cornwall, on 1 May 1633. He was licensed to practise physic and surgery

throughout Cornwall on 17 September 1662. A year later, Cary, using uroscopy, diagnosed witchcraft in the case of the young lad Thomas Sawdie of Landrake. He subsequently prescribed, unsuccessfully, a julep, plaster and a 'cordial of Alchermes'. In a diocesan survey of 1665, Cary was described as 'well affected and licensed'. Eight years later, in 1673, he provided a testimonial on behalf of **John Blight** of Bodmin who was seeking an episcopal licence to practise medicine. Cary served as mayor of Liskeard on two occasions: 1665-6 and 1672-3.

Nicholas Cary married Martha Eaton at St Andrew's, Plymouth, on 15 December 1670. Their only son, **Nicholas**, was baptised at Liskeard on 17 June 1673. Nicholas' wife Martha was buried at Liskeard on 29 March 1674. Nicholas Cary, gent, was buried there on 8 March 1677/8. In his will, he left the bulk of his estate to his son, Nicholas, a minor, who was placed under the guardianship of the testator's two sisters, Dorothy, the wife of Thomas Moniton, gent, and Elizabeth Cary. An inventory estimated the value of his estate at £166, which included two boxes of instruments for surgery, various books, including law books as well as 'glass bottles, galley pots and other things belonging to the shop'. Among those who witnessed Cary's will and appraised his goods was a **John Lyne** who may be man of the same name, of nearby St Cleer, who was licensed in 1662 to cure the mad.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Menheniot, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 44, p.176 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.108]; Anon., *Faithful Relation of Some Remarkable Passages of Providence concerning Thomas Sawdie* (London, 1664), p. 3; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 411v; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Bodmin; J.Allen, *History of the Borough of Liskeard* (London & Liskeard, 1856), pp.142, 258, 259; Kresen Kernow, DS/40-41, X 255/23, X141/53-4; Plymouth Archives, parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; AP/C/1772 [will and inventory of Nicholas Cary, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 18 February 1677/8, pr.2 September 1678; inventory dated 1 April 1678].

Nicholas CARY (b.1673)

Person ID: 34009

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Nicholas Cary was the son of **Nicholas Cary** and his wife Martha, nee Eaton, and was baptised at Liskeard, Cornwall, on 17 June 1673. Cary Jnr, a minor, inherited his father's surgeon's instruments and books after his death in 1678 and later set up in practice as a surgeon in Liskeard. He was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 25 September 1723 with testimonials signed by **Thomas Pyne** and Dr John Wynell as well as the surgeon **Benjamin Berry**. Cary was still alive in 1750 (he is frequently referred to as a gentleman in various property deeds and other financial documents dating from 1705 onwards) but no record of his death or burial has been found. He served as land tax assessor for the borough of Liskeard in 1705.

Cary married Joan, the daughter of William Jewell, gentleman, of Quethiock, Cornwall at Quethiock on 26 November 1696. She too, like her husband, was still alive in 1750.

Children of Mr Nicholas Cary, gent, and Joan:

Martha, bapt.10 November 1697; buried 21 June 1708 [Liskeard].
William, bapt.18 May 1703; buried 7 June 1706 [Liskeard].
John, bapt.26 or 28 January 1705/6 [Liskeard]. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford,
15 March 1722/3, graduating BA in 1729 and MA in 1736. He held numerous livings in
Devon and Cornwall and died on 6 May 1759.
Joseph, bapt.11 April 1710 [Liskeard].
Mary, bapt.11 April 1711 [Liskeard].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; AP/C/1772 [will and inventory of
Nicholas Cary, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 18 February 1677/8, pr.2 September 1678;
inventory dated 1 April 1678]; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 44, p.176; Kresen Kernow,
X390/13; CM/782, 927, 954; BK/303; EL/38/18; TF/2604; BRA833/338; J.Foster (ed.),
Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), i,
p.227.

William CARY (fl.1620-1641)

Person ID: 2644

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: St Veep, Cornwall

William Cary of St Veep, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese
of Exeter on 17 May 1620. In April 1641 he supplied a medical certificate on behalf of
Theophilus Woodcote, vicar of Linkinghorne, who had been absent from his living for one
year.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 42, p.284 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiate,
Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of
the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.108]; Devon Heritage Centre, MS 43, p.600.

John CHALLONS (fl.1686-1703)

Person ID: 34010

Occ: barber

Loc: St Gluvias & Penryn, Cornwall

John Challons is identified as a barber of Penryn, Cornwall, in a lease which he entered into
in 1700 for two fields in Penryn on the life of his daughter Emblen or Emblyn by his first
wife Dionys (buried at St Gluvias on 31 October 1693). A memorandum notes that Challons
died before signing the agreement. He may have been the John Collons buried at nearby St
Gluvias on 19 November 1705.

Children of John Challons and Dionys:

William, bapt.29 August 1686 [St Gluvias].
Emblen, bapt.12 January 1689/90 [St Gluvias].

Children of John Challons and Hannah:

Dionys, bapt.20 October 1700 [St Gluvias].
Hannah, bapt.18 October 1703 [S Gluvias].

Kresen Kernow, B/1/14/74, 138; parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall.

Edward CHENHALL (1598-1666)

Person ID: 2804

Occ: surgeon

Loc: St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall

Edward Chenhall of St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall applied for a licence to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter sometime between 1662 and 1667. He was the son of Anthony Chenhall and was baptised at St Martin in Meneage on 6 Oct. 1598. Edward Chenhall married Ursula Wood at St Martin in Meneage on 19 Sept. 1619. He was described as 'overseer' when he marked the Protestation return for St Martin in Meneage in March 1641/2 and was buried in that parish on 8 May 1666. Chenhall, who described himself as a yeoman when making his will in 1652, left an estate worth just over £100 with no reference to surgical equipment. He named his wife Ursula and eldest son William as the principal beneficiaries and left smaller bequests to his other children, Mary, Grace and John.

Children of Edward Chenhall and Ursula:

Mary, bapt.9 September 1620 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall]. She was married to John Archer in 1652.

William, bapt.22 September 1622 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall]. Alive in 1652 [will].

John, bapt.26 March 1625 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall]. Alive in 1652 [will].

Joan, bapt.14 October 1627; buried 27 June 1629 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall].

Grace, bapt.27 March 1631 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall]. Alive in 1652 [will].

Anthony, bapt.30 November 1633 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall].

Annes, bapt.17 September 1637 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall].

Lawrence, bapt.17 September 1643; buried 15 January 1643/4 [St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall].

I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.109; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???. Kresen Kernow, AP/C/1404 [will of Edward Chenhall, yeoman, of St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall, 25 January 1652, pr.27 January 1666/7]; AP/C/1583 [wil of Ursula Chinhale, widow, of St Mawgan in Meneape, Cornwall, pr.1672/3].

John CLARK or CLARKE (d.1664)

Person ID: 2929

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Callington, Cornwall

John Clark or Clarke, surgeon, was buried at Callington, Cornwall, on 7 October 1664. He is identified as a surgeon in testamentary documents in which it is evident that he died intestate and that administration of his will was granted to Francis Calmady, gent, of nearby Stoke Climsland, following the renunciation of the same by his two brothers Tristram and Daniel Clarke. An inventory of his estate, which included apothecary drugs (£8 10s) and six books (£1 10s), valued his goods as just over £54.

Clark was probably the son of John Clarke of Stoke Climsland. He, his father and two brothers, Tristram and Daniel, signed the Protestation return at Stoke Climsland in March 1641/2. The 1664 Hearth Tax records Clark as resident at Callington, with two hearths. John's brother Tristram was evidently a Quaker by the time of his death in 1688.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Callington, Cornwall; AP/C/1353/1-3 [administration, renunciation and inventory of John Clarke, surgeon, of Callington, Cornwall, 1-19 December 1664]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???.
T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???

Philip CLARK or CLARKE (d.1728)

Person ID: 34011

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Philip Clark or Clarke is identified as a barber in the entries of baptism for many of his children at Launceston between 1679 and 1685. He was probably the son of Philip Clarke (d.1679) of Launceston and was buried in the parish church of St Mary Magdalene there on 2 February 1727/8. He described himself as a gentleman at the time of his death and left forty shillings to the poor of the parish.

Children of Philip Clarke, barber:

Anne, bapt.18 June 1677 [Launceston].

Philip, bapt.29 September 1679; buried 18 March 1682/3 [Launceston].

John, bapt.18 September 1681 [Launceston].

Ursula, bapt.9 September 1683 [Launceston].

Richard, bapt.2 August 1685 [Launceston]. Barber of Launceston.

Honour, bapt.14 June 1688 [Launceston]. She married George Kingdon, maltmaker, at Launceston, 8 July 1718. The Kingdons settled properties on the couple in Plympton Earle, Devon, and Launceston.

Katherine, bapt.24 September 1690 [Launceston].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; X/368/4 and 32.

Richard CLARK or CLARKE (1685-1747)

Person ID: 34958

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Richard Clark or Clarke, the son of **Philip Clark** or Clarke, barber, and was baptised at Launceston in Cornwall on 2 August 1685. He was noted in his sister Honour's marriage settlement of 1717/18 and was active as a barber in the town of Launceston in 1720 when he took on John Deacon, the son of Abraham Deacon, cordwainer, of Launceston as his apprentice for a premium of £10. In 1735, he described himself as a gentleman when mortgaging a property at Lewannick (in 1751 it was reported to have been left by Clark to his niece Ann Askham). Mr Richard Clark was buried at Launceston on 14 July 1747. At his death, he owned property in Launceston and left £10 to the poor of the parish.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; X/368/4, 32, 33, RD/451-2; TNA, IR 1/46, f.155.

Ralph CLEES or CLIZE (fl.1579-1595)

Person ID: 2999/3036

Occ: blacksmith/physician

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Ralph Clees or Clize of Bodmin, Cornwall was licensed to practise medicine and surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter, 8 or 12 November 1579. He may also have been issued with another licence (to practise medicine in the diocese) on 24 September 1595, though this may refer to a son of the same name. It may be significant that Richard Carew, who described Clees' unorthodox approach to medicine in his *Survey of Cornwall* in 1602, refers to him in the present tense. According to Carew, Clyes, 'a blacksmith by occupation, was furnished with no more learning than is suitable to such a calling, who yet hath ministered physic for many years, with so often success and general applause, that not only the homebred multitude beleiveth mightily in him, but even persons of the better calling resort to him from remote parts of the realm, to make trial of his cunning, by the hazard of their lives; and sundry, either upon just cause, or to cloke their folly, report that they have reaped their errand's end at his hands'.

One Alison, the daughter of Raffe Clies, was buried at Bodmin on 19 August 1581. The registers of Bodmin make no further reference to Clees or his family. He was probably the man of the same name who was licensed to marry Alice Leene of St Cleer in April 1599. An inventory of his goods, made in 1606, lists his scant possessions as worth just £8 5s 11d. His will mentions two sons, Gawen and William, while he left the rest of his estate to his wife Allison whom he also named as executrix.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, pp.95, 574 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.109]; Richard Carew, *The Survey of Cornwall* (London, 1602), f.60r; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; AP/C/86 [will of Ralph Clies alias Trenoweth of St Lawrence, near Bodmin, Cornwall, pr.11 February 1605/6].

Thomas CLOKE (1650-1730)

Person ID: 3040

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Thomas Cloke was the son of Degory Cloke and his wife Elizabeth, nee Tredinnick, and was baptised at Landrake, Cornwall, in July 1650. He was twice admitted as a medical student at the university of Leiden in Holland, on 25 August 1671 and 26 April 1674 and proceeded MD there on 26 September 1675. Cloke wrote a thesis on atrophy or wasting diseases at the end of which are five carmina from fellow English students including **Nicholas Hayden**, a medical student from Woodbury in Devon. Another of Cloke's fellow students at Leiden, the Plymouth doctor and Presbyterian **Charles Vinson**, later left him £10 in his will of 1709. Cloke may have shared Vinson's sympathy for nonconformity. Among those he treated was the Quaker evangelist Thomas Gwin in 1709 (the Quakers routinely resorted to medics of their own persuasion). Cloke was also active in providing testimonials for fellow

practitioners. He did so on behalf of **Jonas Lavington** of Plymouth (c.1688), **John Hancock** of Penzance (1710), **Alexander Wolcott** of Fowey (1712), **Nathaniel Taunton** of Liskeard (1720) and William Wymond of Bodmin (1724). In 1712, **Walter Bone**, apothecary, of Truro left all his books to Dr Cloke.

Doctor Thomas Cloke married Mrs Margaret Hawkin at Quethiock in Cornwall on 31 July 1688. Initially, he seems to have practised briefly from a base in his native village of Landrake but was resident in Truro by 1692. He ultimately retired to live in Quethiock where he was buried on 11 July 1730. Administration of his will was granted in the same year.

Children of Dr Thomas Cloke and Margaret:

Degory, bapt.6 July 1689 [Quethiock]; buried 20 April 1690 [St Erney].
Elizabeth, bapt.17 July 1690 [Truro].
Margaret, bapt.13 June 1692; buried 9 January 1693/4 [Truro].
Margaret, bapt.13 June 1694; buried 25 January 1694/5 [Truro].
Thomas, bapt.15 August 1695 [Truro].
Sarah, bapt.16 April 1697 [Truro].
Thomas, bapt.6 August 1700 [Truro].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Landrake, Cornwall; Innes Smith, p.48; TNA, PROB 11/515, ff.20r-22v [will of Charles Vinson, doctor in physic, of Plymouth, Devon, 27 May 1708 and 15 February 1709/10, pr.14 March 1709/10]; P.Griffith, 'Thomas Gwin and Friends', *Journal of the Royal Institute of Cornwall*, ns, vol.1 (1993), p.298 [Kresen Kernow, SF 241 Journal of Thomas Gwin]; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Plymouth/Devon; Cornwall/Penzance/Fowey/Bodmin; Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/483/1-3; Kresen Kernow, AP/B/2825/1 [will of Walter Bone, apothecary, of Truro, Cornwall, 21 April 1712, pr.14 May 1712]; parish registers of Quethiock, Cornwall; parish registers of St Erney, Cornwall; parish registers of Truro, Cornwall]; AP/B/2825/2; **AP/C/3095 [will of Thomas Cloke of Quethiock, Cornwall, pr.1730].**

John COGA (1684-1733)

Person ID: 34959

Occ: barber

Loc: St Austell, Cornwall

John Coga, the son of John Coga, was baptised at St Austell, Cornwall, on 5 July 1684. He practised as a barber at St Austell where he was buried on 2 December 1733. His wife Mary predeceased him and was buried in the town on 30 August 1732.

Children of John Coga and Mary:

Mary, bapt.17 February 1701/2 [St Austell].
Charles, bapt.30 January 1704/5 [St Austell].

Apprentice of John Coga, barber:

Edward Gyles, son of Ann Gyles, widow, of St Austell, for a premium of £10 as recorded in 1715.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; TNA, IR 1/4, f.132.

Christopher COLE (fl.1713-1719)

Person ID: 15089

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Christopher Cole, of Bodmin, Cornwall, was described as a barber when he was committed to prison for speaking ‘opprobrious language’ and calling Elizabeth Anger ‘rank witch’ in 1715. Cole had married Jane Bradley at nearby Lanivet on 3 December 1713. He was probably dead by 1736 though may have been the man of the same name who was buried at Bodmin on 3 April 1755.

Children of Christopher Cole and Jane:

Elizabeth, bapt.13 July 1714 [Bodmin].

Honour, bapt.16 July 1716 [Bodmin].

Grace, bapt.29 November 1719 [Bodmin].

Kresen Kernow, BBOD/279; parish registers of Lanivet, Cornwall; parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; CL/2/33/6; 11/34-9.

James COLEMAN (d.before 1721)

Person ID: 15091

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

On 25 December 1721, James Coleman, barber, of Bodmin, Cornwall, was described as deceased in a document relating to lands formerly leased by him. He may have been the nephew named in the will of James Coleman or Colman, yeoman, of Bodmin in 1686, who was left lands on Bodinell and Blackborough Park in Bodmin. There, James is described as the son of the testator’s brother Richard.

Kresen Kernow, T/21; AP/C/2106 [will of James Colman, yeoman, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 10 November 1686, pr.31 March 1690].

James COLLING or COLLINGS (d.1661)

Person ID: 3207

Occ: physician

Loc: East Looe (St Martin’s by Looe), Cornwall

James Colling or Collings, practitioner of physick, was buried at St Martin’s by Looe, Cornwall, on 6 January 1660/1. He left an estate valued at £21 15s 2d (£2 of which consisted of books) to his two children and wife Elizabeth and named Walter Langdon the younger, esquire, of Keverell and one Mr Stephens (probably the physician **William Stephens** of East Looe) as joint overseers. Elizabeth Colling, widow, was buried at St Martin’s by Looe on 15 September 1678.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Martin’s by Looe, Cornwall; AP/C/1251/1-3 [nuncupative will, inventory and administration of James Colling, practitioner of physick, of

East Looe, Cornwall, c.6 January 1660/1, pr.13 February 1660/1; inventory dated January 1660/1; AP/C/1782 [will of Elizabeth Collins, widow, of East Looe, Cornwall, pr.1678/9].

John COLLINS (c.1607-1684)

Person ID: 3211

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: Illogan, Cornwall

John Collins, the son of Edward Collins (d.1632), rector of Illogan, Cornwall, matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 18 February 1626/7, aged 19. He graduated BA on 22 October 1629 and following ordination by the bishop of Exeter was appointed rector of Illogan on 1 August 1632. Collins signed the Protestation return in March 1641/2, but suffered sequestration in 1653. According to Walker, he was subsequently imprisoned, and on release practised medicine until he was restored to his living in 1660. Collins also held the living of Camborne (1665). He was buried at Illogan on 5 May 1684, his will being proved the same year but since destroyed. A monument to his memory, where he is described as 'Dr Collins', was erected by his wife Ann, the daughter of Henry Bray of Treswithan. The *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis* refers to a diary of his medical practice that was once held at Truthan but has since been lost or destroyed.

Children of John Collins:

Mary, buried 26 November 1683 [Illogan].

Anne, died 23 February 1677/8; buried 11 March 1677/8 [Illogan].

Foster, i, p.309; *Walker Revised*, ed.A.G.Matthews (Oxford, 1948), p.95; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 22, *sub* 1 August 1632; Wiltshire & Swindon Archives, D1/22/4, *sub* 7 March 1665; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???. Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Illogan, Cornwall; *m.i.*, Illogan, Cornwall; G.C.Boase and W.P.Courtney, *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis*, 3 vols (London, 1874-1882), i, p.82.

William COLWELL or COLWILL (fl.1702-1703)

Person ID: 3265

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Week St Mary, Cornwall

William Colwell or Colwill of Week St Mary, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 4 February 1702/3. His application was dated November 1702 and was signed by two local clergymen and eight others including the churchwardens of Week.

There were several of this name living in the village of Week at this time including a tailor who died in 1712 and butcher who died in 1716.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Week St Mary [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.110]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Week St Mary, Cornwall.

CONDY or CUNDY (fl.1663)

Person ID: 3290

Occ: healer

Loc: Stoke Climsland, Cornwall

In 1663, the family of a boy suffering strange fits was taken to one Condy at Stoke Climsland, Cornwall, for diagnosis and cure. Condy or Cundy claimed that the boy was 'overlooked' and gave him a plaster, powder and a little bag to hang about his neck. However, after three visits, the child experienced no improvement and was finally cured by an exorcism conducted by four nonconformist ministers.

Tristram and Robert Cundy took the Protestation Oath at Stoke Climsland in March 1641/2 and Tristram was still living there in 1664 when he registered one hearth. He had married Joan Sleman in August 1633 and died in about 1677 when he described himself in his will as a husbandman. Robert Condy (d.c.1675) married Agnes or Anne Salter, widow, in November 1667. The registers also record entries for one Richard Condy, yeoman (d.c.1690) and John Condy, both of Stoke Climsland, from 1672 onwards.

Anon., *Faithful Relation of Some Remarkable Passages of Providence concerning Thomas Sawdie* (London, 1664), p.3; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Stoke Climsland, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???.; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???

Benjamin COODE (c.1645-1701)

Person ID: 3336

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Falmouth & Penryn, Cornwall

Nothing is known of Coode's parentage, but he was probably born in about 1645. He initially practised as a surgeon at Falmouth in Cornwall having married Abigail Chapman of that town at Morval on 18 April 1668. **James Yonge**, the celebrated surgeon of Plymouth, records visiting Coode at Falmouth in 1672 while **Benjamin Berry**, who received a testimonial from Coode in 1686, claimed to have served an apprenticeship under him. By 1673, Coode had removed to Penryn. In that year, Arthur Upton, gent, of Falmouth, left Coode, of Penryn, £5 in his will in recompense for 'his pains in looking after me in my sickness'. In April 1694, fellow surgeon **William Tonkin** of St Blazey left Coode 'all my physick books or my nest of drawers which he pleases to have' as well as 'a case of lancets and dissecting knives'.

Following the death of Coode's first wife Abigail (she was buried at St Gluvias, 27 October 1681), Coode married Mary Poynt at St Martin by Looe in October 1698. He was buried at St Gluvias on 21 February 1700/1. An inscription in the parish church of St Gluvias commemorates his life and states that he died on 19 February 1700/1, aged 56. It describes Coode as 'a man of known integrity – a kind husband, an indulgent parent, and a sincere friend'. He also served as mayor of Penryn on two occasions, in 1686-7 and 1695-6.

Children of Benjamin Coode and Abigail:

Elizabeth, bapt.25 March 1669; buried 18 October 1672 [Falmouth].

Anne, bapt.22 March 1670/1 [Falmouth].

Philip, bapt.19 May 1673 [St Gluvias]. He matriculated at Queen's College, Oxford, on 23 March 1690/1, graduating BA in 1694, MA (and fellow of All Souls) in 1698, B Med in 1703 and MD in 1707. He died in 1718.

Benjamin, bapt.31 August 1674; buried 14 June 1675 [St Gluvias].
John, bapt.10 November 1675; buried 27 January 1675/6 [St Gluvias].
Thomas, bapt.21 July 1678 [St Gluvias]. A gentleman of Falmouth, he was buried at St Gluvias on 21 May 1712.
Elizabeth, bapt.4 May 1680 [St Gluvias]. She was alive in 1705 [will of brother Thomas].
Benjamin. Alive in 1718 when he was named as the residual legatee and executor of his Brother Philip, the Oxford MD.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Morval, Cornwall; *The Journal of James Yonge Plymouth Surgeon [1647-1721]*, ed.F.N.L.Poynter (London, 1963), p.143; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/unplaced; TNA, PROB 11/350, f.199v [will of Arthur Upton, gentleman, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 3 December 1675, pr.16 February 1675/6]; Kresen Kernow, AP/T/1550 [will of William Tonkin, chirurgeon, of St Blazey, Cornwall, 16 April 1694, pr.17 August 1694]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; parish registers of St Martin by Looe, Cornwall; *m.i.*, St Gluvias, Cornwall; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; Foster, i, p.319; TNA, PROB 11/527, ff.132v-133r [will of Thomas Coode, gentleman, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 8 November 1705, pr.16 June 1712]; PROB 11/565, ff.140v-141v [will of Phillip Code, MD, of the University of Oxford, 5 September 1718, pr.13 September 1718].

Marian CORNELLYS (fl.1568)

Person ID: 3464

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Faversham, Kent, and Bodmin, Cornwall

Marian Cornellys, the wife of Edward? Cornellys, late of Faversham, Kent, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 12 August 1568. Otherwise unidentified.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, p.8 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.110].

Thomas COUCH (d.1672)

Person ID: 34012

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Thomas Couch, apothecary, the son of John Couch, was buried at Menhenniot, Cornwall, on 7 March 1671/2. He practised as an apothecary in the town of Launceston in Cornwall. In his will, he left lancets to his apprentice **Oliver Ball** and mentioned a brother William and five sisters. He named his father John of Menhenniot as executor and left an estate valued at almost £130 which included drugs and utensils in a shop valued at £50.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Menhenniot, Cornwall; AP/C/1600 [will and inventory of Thomas Couch, apothecary, of Launceston, Cornwall, 22 February 1671/2, pr.19 April 1672].

Thomas COUNCELL or COUNSELL (fl.1582)

Person ID: 34013

Occ: licensed physician/surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Thomas Councill or Counsell of Liskeard, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine and surgery throughout the province of Canterbury on 10 July 1582. This may be the same as or father of the **Thomas Councill** who practised as a surgeon at Plymouth from 1614 until his death in 1626.

Lambeth Palace Library, Grindal, f.265v [*Directory*, i, no.202].

Reuben CROCKER or CROKER (fl.1739)

Person ID: 34014

Occ: barber/wigmaker

Loc: Cornwall

Reuben Crocker or Croker, barber and wigmaker, was the subject of a resettlement order in early 1739. He was to be moved from Padstow to Lanteglos by Camelford, though in all probability he died before he could complete the move. One Reuben Crocker was buried at Padstow on 19 March 1738/9.

In all probability, he is the same as the Reuben Crocker, the son of Reuben and Elizabeth Crocker, who was baptised at Morval on 7 October 1674. He was living at St Martin by Looe and Padstow between 1700 and 1714, where he baptised several children with his wife Mary. It is also possible that the barber was his son, Reuben, who was baptised at Padstow on 4 July 1707.

Kresen Kernow, P170/13/1/3; 2/1/2; AD 128/1/6; parish registers of Padstow, Cornwall; parish registers of Morval, Cornwall; parish registers of St Martin by Looe, Cornwall.

John CRYPSE (fl.1583)

Person ID: 3717

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: St Stephen in Brannel, Cornwall

John Crypse of St Stephen in Brannel, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout Cornwall on 26 or 30 September 1583. Otherwise unidentified.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, p.334 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.110].

Nicholas CUDLIP or CUDLIPP (1694-1727)

Person ID: 34015

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Nicholas Cudlip or Cudlipp, the son of Mr Nicholas Cudlip (d.1703), was baptised at Tavistock, Devon, on 21 October 1694. He married Anne Bonithen of Plymouth at Maker, Cornwall, on 11 September 1715 and practised as an apothecary at Launceston until his death in 1727. Cudlip was buried at Tavistock on 21 August 1727.

Children of Nicholas Cudlip or Cudlipp, apothecary:

Nicholas, bapt.3 November 1716 [Tavistock, Devon].
Elizabeth, bapt.7 November 1717 [Launceston].
Mary, bapt.31 December 1719 [Launceston].
Anne, bapt.4 April 1723; buried 13 February 1723/4 [Launceston].
John, bapt.30 June 1725 [Launceston].

Devon Heritage Centre, 482A/PR/1/1 [parish registers of Tavistock, Devon]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Maker, Cornwall; parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall.

Richard DALE (fl.early 17th century)

Person ID: 3802

Occ: naval surgeon

Loc: Cornwall

Richard Dale, a surgeon aboard the East India Company ship the 'Charles' under Captain Richard Swan, made his will in Batavia on 27 May 1625. He probably died shortly after or the following year as his will was not proved in London until 10 February 1626/7. He distributed many of his personal possessions among fellow crew including his likely surgeon/s mate Martin Tripe and 'loving friend' John Hutchens, 'master's mate' of the Charles, who acted as overseer. Dale left the rest of his estate, including outstanding wages due from the Company, to his wife Constance and daughter Philippa, then living at Mawgan Porth in Cornwall. The will was witnessed, among others, by **John Headley**, surgeon.

In all probability, Dale was the son of Brian Dale (d.1629), yeoman, who was baptised at St Erth, Cornwall, on 29 April 1594 (Richard left 20 shillings to the poor of the village). His daughter Philippa was baptised at St Mawgan (in Pydar) on 12 March 1619/20.

TNA, PROB 11/151, f.80v [will of Richard Dale, chirurgeon, of the 'Charles', 27 May 1625, pr.10 February 1626/7]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erth, Cornwall; parish registers of St Mawgan [in Pydar], Cornwall].

John DALLACKE or DALLOCKE (d.1621)

Person ID: 3808

Occ: apothecary/surgeon

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

John Dallacke or Dallocke, apothecary and surgeon, was buried at Truro, Cornwall, on 5 December 1621. Dallacke left a small estate, valued at just £17 6s 4d, to be shared by his wife Cecilia or Sisley and son John. An inventory listed apothecary drugs (14 shillings), surgeon's instruments, gallipots, glasses, a urinal and fifteen books. John's widow Cecilia was buried at Truro on 15 January 1643/4. Her will and inventory referred to a tenement in Langorow in Crantock, Cornwall, as well as surgeon's instruments, the latter suggesting that she may continued her former husband's practice.

Dallacke may have been related to the Dellick or Dillick family who were resident at Padstow in the late sixteenth and early seventeenth century.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro; AP/D/198/1-2 [will and inventory of John Dallacke of Truro, Cornwall, 29 November 1621, pr.12 December 1621]; AP/D/472 [will and inventory of Sisley Dollacke, widow, of Truro, Cornwall, pr.1643/4.

George DEMOUNTFRYART (1652-1717)

Person ID: 4046

Occ: physician

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

George Demountfryart, the son of John Demountfryart and his wife Mary, and thus the grandson of Dr **Vincent Demountfryart**, was baptised at Bodmin on 11 November 1652. He married Anna Howard at St Minver, Cornwall, on 24 February 1675/6 and practised medicine in Bodmin until his death in 1717. In September 1680, he signed letters testimonial on behalf of the clergyman **William Trevetheek** of Horwood, Devon, who was seeking an archiepiscopal licence to practise medicine. Demountfryart wrote to the House of Commons in his capacity as physician and mayor of Bodmin in December 1691 in order to certify that the town's MP Nicholas Glynn was 'very ill and had been for some time'. One of his cures is in the Sloane collection in the British Library. He is best known today as the pioneer of a cure for eye infections using the water from a piped outlet in Bell Lane (as marked by a stone commemorating his name).

Demountfryart is frequently mentioned in the corporation papers of Bodmin, including property deeds dated 1682 and 1690. He served as mayor of the town on five occasions (1691-2, 1694-5, 1700-1, 1712-13 and 1716-17) but was replaced during his final mayoralty, perhaps due to sickness, as he was buried at Bodmin on 28 December 1717. His widow Anna was buried there on 3 November 1722.

Children of George Demountryart and Anna/Anne:

Henry, bapt.28 December 1676; buried 16 February 1676/7 [Bodmin].

John, bapt.30 July 1678 [Bodmin].

Vincent, bapt.5 October 1680 [Bodmin]. He probably died in 1704. An inventory of his goods, made by his father George on 17 July 1704, assessed the value of his estate (including a bible and razor) at £16 14s.

Howard, bapt.3 December 1681; buried 6 February 1681/2 [Bodmin].

Nicholas, bapt.28 March 1683 [Bodmin].

Ann, bapt.14 October 1684; buried 9 April 1689 [Bodmin].

Mary, bapt.29 September 1686 [Bodmin]. She married Henry Dagg at Bodmin on 21 November 1714.

Jane, bapt.18 April 1688; buried 27 July 1689 [Bodmin].

William, bapt,18 February 1689/90 [Bodmin]. He was probably practising as an apothecary near the Pumps in Clements Lane, when in 1717 he and his wife Patience baptised a son Thomas at St Clement Danes, Middlesex (12 April).

Edward, bapt.27 September 1691; buried 2 May 1713 [Bodmin].

Elizabeth, bapt.21 February 1692/3 [Bodmin]. She married Aaron Sanders or Saunders of Tregony at Bodmin on 11 April 1721.

Ann, bapt.21 April 1695 [Bodmin].

Johanna or Joan, bapt.18 August 1697; buried 10 September 1697 [Bodmin].

John, bapt.23 April 1699 [Bodmin].

George, bapt.28 January 1700/1; buried 21 September 1701 [Bodmin].

Matthias, bapt.24 February 1703/4; buried 23 June 1720 [Bodmin].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; parish registers of St Minver, Cornwall; Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/158/1-3; E.Cruickshanks, S.Handley and Hayton and D.W.Hayton (eds), *The House of Commons, 1690-1715* (Cambridge, 2002), i, p.22; **British Library, Sloane MS 1709, f.124**; Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Parish and Borough of Bodmin, in the County of Cornwall* (London, 1870), pp.56, 137, 204; Kresen Kernow, PH/57; Royal Institute of Cornwall, BRA 93/29; Kresen Kernow, AP/D/1074 [inventory of Vincent Demountfryart of Bodmin, Cornwall, 17 July 1704]; City of Westminster Archives, STC/PR/5/6 [parish registers of St Clement Danes, Middlesex, 1700-1717].

Vincent DEMONFRYART (d.1652 or 1653)

Person ID: 4047

Occ: physician

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Vincent Demonfryart practised as a physician in the Cornish town of Bodmin from about 1627 until his death in 1652 or 1653. He married twice. Nothing is known of his first wife Joan who was buried at Bodmin on 26 April 1642. Demonfryart subsequently married a woman named Charity and was buried at Bodmin on 2 January 1652/3. He left property in Bodmin to his wife Charity and sons William, Nicholas and Vincent and also mentions a son John and daughter Margaret. Demonfryart's widow Charity was buried at Bodmin on 4 June 1676.

Children of Vincent Demonfryart and Joan:

John, bapt.16 July 1627 [Bodmin].

Margaret, bapt.2 March 1628/9 [Bodmin].

Nicholas, born 1630. He was buried at Bodmin on 26 June 1684.

Vincent, born 1632; died 1652.

Alice, born 1638.

Children of Vincent Demonfryart and Charity:

William, bapt.15 August 1647 [Bodmin].

Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Parish and Borough of Bodmin, in the County of Cornwall* (London, 1870), p.204; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Petroc's, Bodmin, Cornwall]; AP/D/742/1-2 [will of Vincent Demonfryar or Demumfriart, physician, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 2 May 1650, pr.28 January 1677/8].

Joseph DONNITHORNE (d.1763)

Person ID: 34016

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Joseph Donnithorne practised as an apothecary in the Cornish town of Truro from about 1713 until his death in 1763. He was the son of Nicholas Donnithorne, gentleman, of St Agnes, Cornwall, and married Anne Dell at Truro on 25 June 1713. He and his father are frequently

mentioned in property deeds in the first half of the eighteenth century. The pair also leased a melting house for melting tin as well as stamping mills and a mill for grinding clay at culme at Kenwyn in 1728 and 1735. Joseph also leased a tenement in St Agnes, next to his father's house, in 1737. Joseph Donnithorne the elder was buried at Truro on 22 September 1763.

Children of Mr Joseph Donnithorne and Anne:

Nicholas, bapt.26 April 1714 [Truro].

Mary, bapt.26 December 1715 [Truro].

Joseph, bapt.12 July 1717 [Truro].

Edmund, bapt.29 August 1718 [Truro].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; TNA, C11/679/19; Kresen Kernow, B/1/10/42; CL/2/32/5, 13, 15, 16, 18-19, 28; EN/623; CL/1/363/19, 23; EN/235.

John DURDEN (d.1738)

Person ID: 4410

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Mylor/Falmouth, Cornwall

John Durden of Mylor, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout Cornwall on 16 May 1714. In the same year, John Durden (an error for Joseph?), gent, of Flushing in the parish of Mylor was plaintiff in a case brought before the court of Chancery against **Dennis Russell Jnr**, surgeon, of Penryn, Cornwall and others. He married Mrs Mary Whitetker of Lanteglos at Bodmin on 10 June 1720. Mr John Durden of Falmouth was buried at Lanteglos juxta Camelford on 27 April 1738. Mary, his widow, was buried at Mylor on 25 June 1738. The wills of both were proved in 1738 but subsequently destroyed.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 48, *sub* 16 May 1714 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.111]; TNA, C 11/2206/55; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; parish registers of Lanteglos juxta Camelford; parish registers of Mylor, Cornwall.

John DYER (d.1731)

Person ID: 34017

Occ: surgeon/physician

Loc: East Looe, Cornwall

John Dyer practised as a surgeon and probably physician (he is described as 'doctor' when elected mayor in 1706) in the borough of East Looe, Cornwall, from about 1693 until his death in 1731. He was sworn a capital burgess on 16 December 1695 and served as mayor of the corporation on three occasions – in 1696-7, 1701-2 and 1706-7. Dyer signed a conscription notice with the mayor in 1709 as well as various leases as a capital burgess in East Looe in 1725. He was buried at St Martin by Looe on 16 March 1730/1.

Children of John Dyer and wife Mary (otherwise unnoticed):

Nicholas, bapt.5 September 1693 [St Martin by Looe]. He was still alive in 1735.

John, bapt.15 April 1697 [St Martin by Looe]. He was apprenticed to John Fletcher Snr and

Jnr, tobacconist, of Plymouth, Devon, 17 January 1714 [IR says 1712] and was buried at St Martin by Looe on 23 May 1741.

William, bapt.24 April 1699 [St Martin by Looe].

Waldron, bapt.15 April 1701 [St Martin by Looe]. He married Rebecca Toms at St Martin by Looe, 26 December 1733 and was alive in 1751 [will of brother George].

Charles, bapt.1 March 1703/4 [St Martin by Looe].

James, bapt.28 June 1706 [St Martin by Looe]. He matriculated at Hart Hall, Oxford, 20 May 1724; BA 1727/8 and married Thomasine Soady at St Martin by Looe, 17 April 1750. He served as minister of St Martin by Looe where he was buried on 9 June 1775.

George. A surgeon, he was buried at St Martin by Looe on 8 June 1751.

A.L.Browne, *Corporation Chronicles: Being Some Account of the Ancient Corporations of East Looe and West Looe* (Plymouth, 1904), pp.60, 62, 74; Kresen Kernow, DCELO/26; P138/6/18; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.179; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Martin by Looe, Cornwall; Royal Institute of Cornwall, CW/4/8 (1-2); TNA, IR 1/43, f.50; Kresen Kernow, X155/356; R/636, 2113; J.Foster (ed.), *Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford*, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), i, p.399; TNA, PROB 11/789, ff.29v-30r [will of George Dyer, surgeon, of East Looe, Cornwall, 13 April 1751, pr.27 July 1751].

John EASTWAY (1665-1716)

Person ID: 4464/21302

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

John Eastway was the son of Elias Eastway, vicar of Bradworthy, Devon, where he was baptised on 27 June 1655. Forty years later, when seeking a licence to practise medicine and surgery, Eastway, an apothecary, of Launceston claimed to have served a seven-year apprenticeship in that trade and to have studied medicine and surgery thereafter. He was finally licensed to practise both faculties on 5 September 1699, having secured testimonials from three physicians (**Philip Potter**, **John Caunter** and **George Bond**) as well as four local clergymen. John Eastway, apothecary, was buried at Launceston on 30 March 1716. His widow Mary was buried in the same place on 8 April 1725. They would appear to have died childless.

Apprentices of John Eastway, apothecary:

Nicholas Browne, son of Daniel Browne, gent, of Sandford, Devon, for 7 years for £40, as recorded on 16 December 1714.

Devon Heritage Centre, 2967A/PR/1/1 [parish registers of Bradworthy, Devon]; Chanter MS 47, p.245; PR 518/Launceston/Cornwall [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), pp.111-12]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.181, 183 [TNA, IR 1/3, f.98]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; **AP/E/670 [will of Mary Eastway, widow, of Launceston, Cornwall, pr.1725]**.

Nathaniel EATON (1609-1674)

Person ID: 4472

Occ: clergyman/physician Loc: New England/Virginia, Saltash, Cornwall, Bideford, Devon

Nathaniel Eaton was the son of Richard Eaton, vicar of Great Budworth, Cheshire, where he was baptised on 17 September 1609. After studying at Westminster School, he matriculated pensioner from Trinity College, Cambridge at Lent 1629/30, but did not graduate. Eaton obtained a pass to travel to Leiden in 1632 and from there moved on to Franeker where he studied under William Ames and was entered to study a philosophy degree in November of that year (he had previously been lodging with his brother Theophilus in London). While there, he published a thesis on Sabbatarianism. On his return to England, he was briefly employed as a schoolteacher. In 1647, Eaton migrated with his brothers Samuel and Theophilus to Massachusetts where, the following year, he was appointed as the first headmaster of Harvard College. Eaton's time there was brief. Within a year, he was accused of running a brutal regime characterised by poor rations and excessive use of corporal punishment. The final straw was an accusation that he had cudgelled his own usher. In September 1639, he was stripped of his office and was also facing charges before the local church court relating to perceived immoral behaviour. Sensing the inevitable and having racked up colossal debts, he fled, leaving a wife (Elizabeth) and two children to face the consequences of his actions which included embezzlement.

Eaton next appeared in Virginia, where he took up a clerical post and waited for his wife and children. They, however, apart from his eldest son Samuel, died *en route* for Maryland in 1640 prompting Eaton to marry again. His second wife was Anne Cotton, the widow of William Cotton, clerk, and daughter of Captain Thomas Graves, a local planter. Once again, the dissolute Eaton got into financial problems and as before, he fled, this time to England. Governor John Winthrop later claimed that while in Virginia Eaton gave himself up 'to extreme pride and sensuality, being usually drunken'. By 1647, Eaton was travelling in Europe. In 1647, he graduated PhD and MD at Padua (he was inscribed there on 21 August 1647) and on his return to England, married again (his second wife Anne had successfully petitioned to remarry in America), this time to a woman called Mary. Nathaniel, now describing himself as a doctor of physic, and his new wife baptised and buried a daughter named Mary at Steyning in Sussex in 1654, but Eaton's connections with that county are otherwise unknown. He was also the author of two works both concerned with the calendar and festivals. In 1657, Eaton produced an upmarket almanac and four years later he sought royal approval when he published an epigrammatic celebration of the revived Anglican calendar.

On the Restoration of Charles II, Eaton returned to the Anglican fold. He was briefly vicar of Bishop's Castle in Shropshire before relocating to Saltash in Cornwall where he was licensed to practise medicine in the diocese of Exeter on 13 March 1662/3. Two days later, he was ordained as a priest by Seth Ward, bishop of Exeter. In the 1664 Hearth Tax, he is recorded as owning two properties in the parish of St Stephens by Saltash (one with 5 hearths and one with two) and was there in December 1665 when a diocesan survey described him as 'doct[or] in that science inhabiting in St Stephens neare Saltash'. It is impossible to say for certain why he had opted to reside in Cornwall but it is possible that it might have owed something to the patronage of the Stuart loyalist, John Granville, the earl of Bath (1628-1701). In December 1665, Eaton had deposed before the earl and four Cornish magistrates that he had overheard one John Pengelly speak 'treasonable words'. The case petered out in 1666 as Eaton (who was also using the alias Theodore Fenwick) does not appear to have followed through with the accusation. Three years later, Eaton was appointed to the living of

Bideford in Devon which was in the gift of the earl of Bath. He did not remain there long. Once again in debt, he ended his days a prisoner in the King's Bench prison in Southwark and was buried at St George's, Southwark, on 11 May 1674.

Eaton's brothers Theophilus and Samuel achieved greater fame. The merchant Theophilus (1590-1658) became the first governor of the colony of New Haven while Samuel (d.1665) became one of the leaders of the Congregational movement in England.

Children of Nathaniel Eaton:

Nathaniel. Died at sea, 1640.

Samuel.

Mary, born 24 September 1654; bapt.17 October 1654; buried 28 November 1654 [Steyping, Sussex].

Mary, buried 1 April 1666 [St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon].

Publications:

Μενο-Εξολογια: or A Treatise of Moneths and Years comprehending a Survey of the Solar and Lunar Monethsand Years (London, J.Macock, 1657). Dedicated to Universities of Cambridge and Oxford.

De Fastis Anglicis, sive Calendarium Sacrum The Holy Calendar: Being a treble series of Epigrams upon all the Feasts Observed by the Church of England (London, H.L., 1661). Dedicated to Charles II.

ODNB, sub Eaton, Nathaniel, article by G.Goodwin, revised by F.J.Bremer; S.Hardman Moore, *Abandoning America: Life-Stories from Early New England* (Woodbridge, 2013), pp.337-8; Cheshire Archives & Local Studies, PR 41/1/1 [parish registers of Great Budworth, Cheshire, 1558-1624]; Venn, ii, p.82; S.J.Fockema Andraeae and T.J.Meijer (eds), *Album Studiosorum Academiae Franekerensis, 1585-1811, 1816-1844* (Franeker, 1968), p.96; P.W.Hiden, 'Three Rectors of Hungar's Parish and Their Wife', *William and Mary Quarterly*, 19 (1939), pp.34-41; *The Journal of John Winthrop, 1630-1649*, eds R.S.Dunn, J.Savage and L.Yeandle (Cambridge, MA, 1996), p.343; West Sussex RO, PAR 183/1/1/1 [parish registers of Steyping, Sussex, 1565-1676].

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 44, p.227 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.112]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???. Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 410v [based on Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/23]; Chanter MS 50, sub 15 March 1663; *CSPD, 1665-1666*, pp.93, 443; London Metropolitan Archives, P92/GEO/141 [parish registers of St George the Martyr, Southwark, Surrey, 1665-1685]; Plymouth Archives, parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon.

James EDGCOMBE (1682-1708)

Person ID: 4492

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

James Edgcombe, the son of Thomas (d.1694) and Mary Edgcombe (d.1700), was baptised at Falmouth on 10 December 1682. James Edgcombe, surgeon, of Falmouth married Mary Cood (1682-1730), the daughter of Thomas Cood, of Falmouth at Gwennap, Cornwall, on 7 July 1706. In the same month, he signed a testimonial on behalf of **Ralph Merry** of Marazion in Cornwall on 12 July 1706. Mr James Edgcombe was buried at Falmouth on 14 March 1707/8.

Children of James Edgcombe and Mary:

Mary, bapt.26 April 1707; buried 28 August 1709 [Falmouth].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/459, ff.269v-270r [will of Mary Edgcombe, widow, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 15 September 1700, pr.4 March 1700/1]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Gwennap, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Marazion.

John EDWARD (fl.1635)

Person ID: 34018

Occ: barber?

Loc: St Kew, Cornwall

One John Edward, barber (possibly barker), of St Kew, Cornwall, made his will on 26 February 1634/5. He left his estate to his wife Phillipp or Phillipa and named her executrix. After her death, the same was to pass to Joyce Harris, the daughter of Thomas Harvey.

Kresen Kernow, AP/E/163a [will of John Edward, barber, of St Kew, Cornwall, 26 February 1634, pr.12 January 1636/7].

James EDWARDS (d.1748)

Person ID: 18001

Occ: apothecary

Loc: St Ives, Cornwall

James Edwards, apothecary, of St Ives, Cornwall and his wife Ann, leased a property in Meneage Street, Helston, to a St Ives joiner on 18 September 1712. The contract was probably in part a fulfilment of a post-nuptial settlement. Edwards had married Anne Bolithoe at Helston on 9 October 1706. He was buried at St Ives on 15 April 1748. In his will, in which he described himself as a gentleman, Edwards left all his estate to Phoebe Vickars, spinster, of St Ives. She was buried there on 25 February 1758.

Kresen Kernow, X880/2/1; parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; parish registers of St Ives, Cornwall; AP/E/820 [will of James Edwards, gentleman, of St Ives, Cornwall, 7 April 1748, pr.10 May 1751].

Jonathan EDWARDS (fl.1661-1663)

Person ID: 4531

Occ: licensed physician

Loc: St Ewe, Cornwall

Jonathan Edwards, gentleman, of St Ewe, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine throughout Cornwall on 17 September 1662. In his application, dated 8 November 1661, he claimed to have practised 'for several years' and was 'ever A true and Loyall subject'. Testimonials were signed, among others, by three local clergymen and **Richard Troth**, surgeon, of St Columb Major.

He may be the same as the Jonathan Edwards, son of Petherick Edwards, who was baptised at St Ewe on 18 October 1630. One Amy, the daughter of Jonathan Edwards, was baptised at St Ewe on 17 April 1663. She married Michael Hancock, a gentleman of nearby St Austell, at St Ewe on 8 May 1686.

He may be the same as the **Jonathan Edwards** who served as a minister and physician in Ireland in the 1650s. He was still there in April 1660.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 44, p.176 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.112]; PR 518/Cornwall/St Ewe; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Ewe, Cornwall.

Gilbert EDYE (fl.1688)

Person ID: 34019

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Gilbert Edye, barber, of Bodmin, Cornwall, leased out two properties in Fore Street, Bodmin, to a London gentleman on 29 July 1688. In another document relating to the same properties in 1691, Edye is called a tailor, though it is possible that this is the barber's son as one Gilbert Eudy or Edye had been buried at Bodmin on 9 March 1690/1. One Gilbert Eidy had married Frances Warne at Bodmin on 1 January 1666/7. The couple baptised a son Gilbert there on 25 February 1667/8.

Kresen Kernow, CL/1/9/1-2; HX/114; parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall.

Philippa ELLIS, nee BOGAN or BOGINS (1613-1677)

Person ID: 4603/7792

Occ: unlicensed physician/surgeon and drugster

Loc: Penzance & St Just, Cornwall

In a diocesan survey of 1665, Philippa, the wife of John Ellis of Penzance, was described as practising surgery in Penzance without a licence. In the same return, she is also described in error as Philippa Keate, the wife of John Keate of Penzance, who was accused of selling 'Phisicall Druggs in Pensance' and practising physic there unlicensed.

Philippa was the daughter of Nicholas Bogan or Bogins (c.1580-1637), esquire, and his wife Dorothy (1588-1639), the daughter of Hannibal Vivian (1554-1610), MP, of Trelowarren, Cornwall. She was baptised at St Keverne on 12 December 1613 and married John Ellis (1618-1703) of Brea, near St Just, at St Keverne on 20 October 1641. Her husband John was one of the first in the neighbourhood of Penzance to convert to the Quakers and he and his family suffered accordingly in the years after 1657.

Philippa Ellis died on 20 October 1677 and was buried at the Quaker burial ground at Brea Farm, near St Just (on her husband's property) two days later. A granite memorial to her memory, describing her as 'that virtuous woman', survives today.

Children of John and Phillipa Ellis:

Dorothy. Alive in 1660 [will of grandfather Charles Ellis].

Charles. Alive in 1660 [will of grandfather Charles Ellis].

Nicholas. Alive in 1660 [will of grandfather Charles Ellis].

Elizabeth. She married Stephen Read of Sennen at the Quaker meeting house at Marazion, 27 November 1672.

Philippa. Alive in 1660 [will of grandfather Charles Ellis].

Barbara, born 1 June 1657; buried November 1659 [register of Quaker births & burials, Penzance meeting].

John. He married Mary, the daughter of Henry Streater of Bramshott, Hampshire, at Headley in Hampshire, 23 September 1703.

Loveday. She married Charles Appleby of Falmouth in the Quaker meeting house at Marazion on 13 October 1697.

Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 413v [based on Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/26]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Keverne, Cornwall; N.Penney (ed.), *Record of the Sufferings of Quakers in Cornwall 1655-1686* (London, 1928), pp.3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12 and *passim*; TNA, RG6/1578 [register of Quaker burials, Penzance Quarterly Meeting]; Kresen Kernow, AP/E/244 [will of Charles Ellis of St Just in Penwith, Cornwall, 20 June 1660, pr.5 February 1660/1]; RG6/1233 [register of Quaker births and burials, monthly meeting, West Cornwall division]; RG6/1028 [register of Quaker marriages, Alton monthly meeting, Hampshire]; Kresen Kernow, AD1219/6/3/2.

Charles FITZHARDING (fl.1714)

Person ID: 4957

Occ: surgeon

Loc: St Ives, Cornwall

Charles Fitzharding, surgeon, was paid 1s 6d by the corporation of St Ives in Cornwall in 1714-15. Otherwise unidentified.

J.H.Matthews, *A History of the Parishes of Saint Ives, Lelant, Towednack and Zennor in the County of Cornwall* (London, 1892), p.302.

John or Thomas FLEMING (fl.1665)

Person ID: 4989

Occ: physician

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

In a diocesan survey of 1665, Thomas Fleming was noted as practising medicine in the town of Liskeard in Cornwall, but 'whether Licenced or how effected cannot be learnt'.

In all probability, this is an error for John Fleming of Liskeard who was presented in the borough court in the same year for 'practising the art or mystery of an apothecary without having served an apprenticeship, contrary to the statute of Henry VIII'. Fleming, who

submitted to the court was a Quaker and was again in trouble with the authorities in 1683 when he was sent to Launceston gaol with twenty of his co-religionists and was kept there for three years until he received a royal pardon in 1686. The only Fleming recorded in the town in 1664 was Mr John Fleming with two hearths. He buried a son John there in 1665.

Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 411v; J.Allen, *History of the Borough of Liskeard and its Vicinity* (London & Liskeard, 1856), p.283.

Joseph FLEMING (c.1672-1740)

Person ID: 34020

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Joseph Fleming, who was probably born in about 1672 (he gave his age as 64 in 1736), practised as a surgeon in the Cornish town of Liskeard from about 1705 until his death in 1740. He was licensed to practise medicine and surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 26 September 1723 and took on two apprentices in 1720 and 1729 (below). He is first mentioned as a surgeon in the town in 1708 when he was living as the tenant of Joseph Marke next to the Tin Court near the Shambles. He was still practising as a surgeon in the town in 1736 when he was one of the deponents called to give evidence in the case against his son-in-law George Scotchburn who was accused of unlawfully practising surgery.

Joseph Fleming was buried at Liskeard on 5 June 1740. The principal beneficiary of his will, made five years before his death, was his daughter Elizabeth, son-in-law George Scotchburn and the couple's three children (George, Elizabeth and John). George Scotchburn was to inherit 'all my Shop Goods ... books, instruments and Utensills whatsoever belonging to the Use or practise of an Apothecary or Chirurgeon' as well as all debts relating to his practice. Fleming also requested that his grandson John should, if possible, be put out as an apprentice to a surgeon. His wife Anne (otherwise unidentified) and daughter Elizabeth were named as joint-executrices. Anne was buried at Liskeard on 15 April 1746.

Children of Joseph Fleming and Anne:

Elizabeth, bapt.12 September 1705 [Liskeard]. She married George Scotchburn, surgeon, at Liskeard on 18 November 1726.

John, bapt.16 April 1707 [Liskeard].

Joseph, bapt.21 March 1709/10; buried 16 August 1711 [Liskeard].

John, bapt.7 July 1712; buried 1 March 1727/8 [Liskeard].

Anne, bapt.7 August 1715; buried 25 September 1720 [Liskeard].

William, bapt.20 May 1719; buried 11 March 1719/20 [Liskeard].

Joseph, buried 26 March 1727 [Liskeard].

Apprentices of Joseph Fleming, surgeon:

John Whitfield, son of Margery Whitfield, widow, of Brendon, for £60 on 12 April 1720.

John Hoskins, son of John Hoskins of St Martin's, Cornwall, for £60 on 22 August 1729.

P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.203, 302, 646 [TNA, IR 1/46, f.93; 1/49, f.64]; Kresen Kernow, BK/333; AD 1110/1; ARD/154/13; parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; AP/F/657 [will of Joseph Fleming,

surgeon, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 18 September 1735, pr.1740]; AP/F/697 [another copy of will of Joseph Fleming, surgeon, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 18 September 1735, pr.31 October 1746].

Thomas FLEMING (fl.1702-1723)

Person ID: 15289

Occ: barber

Loc: Penzance, Cornwall

Thomas Fleming practised as a barber in the town of Penzance in Cornwall in the early eighteenth century. He is noted as a barber when leasing a house in Penzance from Henry Polkinghorne, gent, of Helston (held for the lives of his two daughters, Mary and Elizabeth) on 25 December 1709. Fleming married Catherine Vosper of Penzance at Madron on 16 June 1702. She was buried at Madron on 11 February 1708/9. Fleming subsequently married Hannah Harvey at Madron on 25 April 1710. She was buried there on 7 May 1740. No record of the death or burial of Thomas Fleming has been found.

Children of Thomas Fleming and Catherine:

Mary, bapt.9 August 1703 [Madron].

Elizabeth, bapt.2 February 1704/5 [Madron].

Thomas, bapt.21 April 1707; buried 21 July 1707 [Madron].

Children of Mr Thomas Fleming and Hannah:

Catherine, bapt.27 August 1710 [Madron].

Thomas, bapt.26 December 1711 [Madron].

John, bapt.30 November 1713 [Madron].

Prudence, bapt.1 November 1715 [Madron].

Henry, bapt.16 October 1723 [Madron].

Kresen Kernow, GR/299; parish registers of Madron, Cornwall.

Richard FROST (d.1601?)

Person ID: 5312

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Saltash, Cornwall

Richard Frost, surgeon, of Saltash, Cornwall, probably died in 1601 when his will was proved. An inventory of his goods, dated 14 October 1601, describes, among other items, '11 tynnen boxes for a chyurgion with other old druggs'. Its total value was just £11 6d 6d.

On 19 July 1596, Richard Frost, surgeon, and his wife Alice made a grant of a house and gardens in Saltash to John Gwynell of Dartmouth.

Kresen Kernow, AP/F/3 [will of Richard Frost, surgeon, of Saltash, Cornwall, pr.1601; inventory dated 14 October 1601]; FS/3/511.

John GARRETT (fl.1670-1671)

Person ID: 5436

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

John Garrett, gent, of Stratton, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 9 November 1670. A year later, on 8 June 1671, one George Crosse of Holsworthy, Devon, wrote a letter on behalf of Garrett who was seeking a new licence to practise medicine. Nothing further is heard of Garrett who has left no imprint in the parish registers of Stratton. He may be the Quaker surgeon of the same name, who was living at Rotherhithe in Surrey, when he died of vomiting and was buried in the Quaker burial ground in Southwark on 15 August 1671.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 45, p.94 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.113]; PR 518/Devon/unplaced; TNA, RG/499 [register of Quaker burials, London and environs, 1660-1700].

George GAYDON, GAYTON or GEYDON (1638-1691)

Person ID: 18171

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

George Gaydon was the son of **Alexander Gaydon**, apothecary, of Barnstaple, Devon, and was baptised in that town on 18 November 1638. He married Grace (1647-1735), the daughter of John Gregory, rector of Meeth, Devon, at Barnstaple on 27 June 1666 and subsequently settled into practice as an apothecary at Stratton in Cornwall where he died and was buried on 4 June 1691. The principal beneficiaries of his will were his only son Anthony and wife Grace. It also mentions his four daughters Anne, Elizabeth, Frances and Joan. Gaydon left an estate valued at £69 5s 8d. His widow Grace was buried at Stratton on 6 April 1735.

Children of George Gaydon and Alice:

Anne, bapt.22 January 1667/8 [Barnstaple, Devon]. She married Anthony Payne at Stratton, 14 November 1695.

Anthony, bapt.3 March 1673/4; buried 7 August 1734 [Stratton].

Elizabeth. She married Richard Headon, sailor, at Stratton, 14 May 1710.

Frances, bapt.2 February 1680/1; buried 4 October 1733 [Stratton].

Joan, bapt.11 July 1686 [Stratton]. She married Philip Gleddon at Stratton, 8 April 1718.

T.Wainwright (ed.), *Barnstaple Parish Register 1538 AD to 1812 AD* (Exeter, 1903), baptisms, pp.82, 107; marriages, p.41; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Stratton, Cornwall; AP/G/1021/1-2 [will and inventory of George Gaydon, apothecary, of Stratton, Cornwall, 28 March 1690, pr.14 October 1691].

James GIBBS (d.1680)

Person ID: 5531

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Veryan, St Michael Caerhayes & Gorran, Cornwall

James Gibbs was the son of William Gibbs (d.1682), vicar of St Goran in Cornwall. There is a long account of him, much of it seemingly unreliable or unverifiable, in the work of the Cornish antiquarian Richard Polwhele (1760-1838), itself based on the manuscripts of one William Hals (1655-1737?). Hals had claimed that Gibbs was educated at Exeter College, Oxford, as servitor to his kinsman Mr Davis, himself the son of Dr **Nicholas Davies** of Plymouth. He then claims that in order to gain further experience, he travelled with Mr Davis into France and ‘fixed’ at Montpellier where he practised medicine and surgery in the hospital there and finally took his degree. There is, however, no evidence to confirm any of the above, and much is palpably false. What is known for certain is that Gibbs did obtain an MD from Rheims on 1 February 1658 and then returned to Gorran where he established a lucrative medical practice. Another of Polwhele’s sources, Thomas Tonkin (1678-1742), was to prove more accurate if somewhat less revelatory with regard to Gibbs’ career. Gibbs’ reputed deathbed advice to Hals should probably be taken with a healthy dose of salt:

‘Since the writing hereof, this gentleman ... departed this life of hemorrhoides, and before his death left me this legacy. That if I myself, or friends, were sick, and had occasion to make use of physic, we should in all distempers use only the common, plain, and natural remedies, such as purges of rhubarb, senna, julep, manna and the like: together with blood-letting, blisters, clysters, issues, sweating, cordials, posset-drinks and the like, for that chymical medicines, and the whole art of physic otherwise, was nothing but a cheat upon mankind, to enrich men of that profession’.

Mr James Gibbs married Mrs Mary Symons of Ruan Laniorne at nearby Veryan on 9 August 1664. The following year, he was noted in a diocesan survey as practising medicine at Veryan, ‘licensed beyond sea ... of what degree I cannot be informed’ (he is mistakenly referred to as John Gibbs). Within a few years, he was living in the parish of St Michael Caerhays and then Gorran where he died in September 1680. Gibbs left an estate valued at £387 to his wife Mary, son **James Gibbs** (who, following his father’s deathbed wishes, trained as a physician) and daughters Mary and Elizabeth. Mary Gibbs, widow, was buried at Gorran on 8 June 1733.

Children of Dr James Gibbs and Mary:

Mary, bapt.25 June 1667 [Veryan]. She married Christopher Wyat at Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall, on 19 June 1682 and was buried there on 23 April 1725.

Elizabeth, bapt.18 July 1670 [St Michael Caerhays]; buried 29 December 1708 [Gorran].

James, bapt.16 June 1673 [Gorran]. Physician.

R.Polwhele, *The History of Cornwall*, 7 vols (London, 1816), iv, p.131; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Veryan, Cornwall; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 413r; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/28; Kresen Kernow, CY/314; AP/G/885/1-2 [will and inventory of James Gibbs, doctor of physic, of Gorran, Cornwall, 1 September 1680, pr.1681; inventory dated 17 September 1680]; parish registers of Gorran, Cornwall; parish registers of Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall; parish registers of St Michael Caerhays, Cornwall].

James GIBBS (1673-1724)

Person ID: 5534/5536

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Holborn, London/Middlesex and Tregony, Cornwall

James Gibbs, the son of **James Gibbs**, doctor of physic, and his wife Mary, nee Simons, was baptised at Gorran in Cornwall on 16 June 1673. He was admitted as a pensioner at Trinity College, Cambridge, on 1 July 1689 and graduated B Med in 1695. Gibbs married Lucy, the daughter of Dr **James Holland** and his wife Dorothy in 1697 and he would appear to have practised briefly in the parish of St Andrew Holborn in London (living in Bartlett's Buildings, Middle Row) where his father-in-law was established in practice and he baptised two children in 1697 and 1699. However, by 1703, Gibbs had returned to his native Cornwall and was practising medicine at Tregony until his death there in 1724. There, he inherited property at Gorran which his father had purchased in 1671.

Gibbs was an author and a poet. In 1700, he published a 'consolatory poem' on the death of William, duke of Gloucester, and a year later produced a translation of the Psalms, seemingly at the behest of archbishop Thomas Tenison. Other works in manuscript intended for publication included 'Carmen in honorem principis Poetarum, doct.Gibbesii, cum diploma a Caesararum Majestate in Musarum templo concessum est' (Worcester College, Oxford, MS 58, pp.99-101). Finally, in 1712 Gibbs wrote a treatise on scrophulous diseases or the king's evil which was in part an attempt to defend his reputation after a trial at Launceston involving his cure of a boy from Plymouth. Citing cases in Cornwall, the work also provided Gibbs with an opportunity to attack all unlearned practitioners while promoting acid-alkali, chymical and iatromechanical approaches to medicine. He is presumably the 'John Gibbs', B Med, who supported the application of **William Williams** of Modbury in his quest for an archiepiscopal licence.

Gibbs died intestate at Tregony on 4 April 1724. Administration of his will was proved on 27 July 1724 with an obligation on his widow Lucy, Doctor John Robins of Veryan and John Prout of Warleggan.

Children of James Gibbs and Lucy:

Lucy, bapt.21 November 1697 [St Andrew Holborn, London/Middlesex].

James, bapt.19 December 1699 [St Andrew Holborn, London/Middlesex]. He was apprenticed to **William Salisbury**, surgeon, of Bridgwater, Somerset, 7 July 1722.

Ann, bapt.23 February 1702/3 [Tregony].

Elizabeth, bapt.30 September 1704 [Tregony].

Margaret, bapt.17 September 1707 [Tregony].

William. He entered Pembroke College, Cambridge, aged 18, on 1 March 1727/8. William Gibbs, clerk, of Tregony was buried at Gorran, 4 May 1738.

Joseph, bapt.9 October 1716 [Tregony].

Cecilia, bapt.19 August 1719; buried 27 May 1739 [Tregony].

Publications:

A Consolatory Poem, Humbly Addressed to Her Royal Highness, Upon the Much Lamented Death of his Most Illustrious Highness, William Duke of Gloucester (London, J.Hartley, 1700).

The First Fifteen Psalms of David, Translated into Lyric Verse (London, J.Matthews and J.Hartley, 1701). Dedicated to 'her royal highness the Princess'.

Observations of Various Eminent Cures of Scrophulous Distempers, Commonly Call'd the King's Evil such as tumours, ulcers, curiosity of bones, blindness, and consumptions ... to which is added An Essay concerning the animal spirits and the cure of convulsions: Together with a Short Account of the Forms and Qualities of the Essential Particles of Salts and Sulphurs (London, 1712).

ODNB, *sub* Gibbs, James, article by W.F.Wentworth-Shields, revised by P.Wallis [which errs in describing him as the son of James Gibbs, vicar, and educated at Oxford]; R.Polwhele, *The History of Cornwall*, 7 vols (London, 1816), iv, p.131; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Gorran, Cornwall; Venn, ii, pp.209, 210; Vicar-General Marriage Licence; London Metropolitan Archives, P82/AND/A/001/MS06667/006 [parish registers of St Andrew Holborn, London/Middlesex, 1694-1705]; Kresen Kernow, CY/1521, 315-317, 324; X960/5 and 6; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 937, no.25; Kresen Kernow, AP/G/4031 [administration of will of James Gibbs, gentleman, of Tregony, Cornwall, pr.27 July 1724]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.225 [TNA, IR 1/47, f.140]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Tregony, Cornwall; A.M.Roos, 'Luminaries in Medicine: Richard Mead, James Gibbs and Solar and Lunar Effects on the Human Body in Early Modern England', *Bulletin of the History of Medicine*, 74 (2000), pp.433-57; A.M.Roos, *The Salt of the Earth: Natural Philosophy, Medicine and Chymistry in England, 1650-1750* (Leiden & Boston, MA, 2007), pp.158-63.

Andrew GOSS (d.1747)

Person ID: 5799

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Grampound, Creed, Cornwall

Andrew Goss of Grampound in the parish of Creed, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 14 February 1711/12. His application was supported with testimonials supplied by Dr **William Rivers Comrie** and one **J.Tucker**, surgeon. Goss married Elizabeth Collings Jnr at Creed on 9 October 1712 and was buried in that parish on 8 November 1747.

Children of Andrew Goss and Elizabeth:

John, bapt.10 March 1715/16; buried 12 March 1715/16 [Creed].

Mary, bapt.9 April 1717 [Creed].

Elizabeth, bapt.5 January 1718/19 [Creed].

Margaret, bapt.29 November 1720 [Creed]. She married Francis Polkinghorne at Creed on 9 October 1739.

Sarah, bapt.15 April 1727 [Creed].

Andrew, bapt.27 November 1729 [Creed].

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 48, *sub* 14 February 1711/12 94 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.114]; PR 518/Cornwall/Grampound; Kresen Kernow, FP 41/1/1 and 2 [parish registers of Creed, Cornwall].

John GREENE (fl.1629)

Person ID: 5902

Occ: licensed physician

Loc: St Germans, Cornwall

John Greene of St Germans, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine throughout the diocese of Exeter on 3 March 1628/9. He had probably been living in the town since 1613 when one John Greene baptised a son there. Other baptisms followed before the death and burial of one Grace, the wife of John Greene, at St Germans on 21 May 1622. He seems to have married twice more at St Germans (Michael or Michol Congdon, 3 September 1622; buried 6 June 1634 and Elizabeth Gay, 18 August 1635). One John Greene signed the Protestation return for St Germans in March 1641/2 and was buried there on 6 February 1659/60, but this may be the son born in 1613.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 43, p.122 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.114]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Germans, Cornwall.

Lawrence GROWDEN or GROWDON (fl.1636)

Person ID: 3701

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Lawrence Growden or Growdon of Truro, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 5 July 1636. He may be the man of the same name who baptised a son Lawrence at Truro on 29 November 1625. Lawrence Jnr may be the man who baptised three sons at St Austell, Cornwall, between 1650 and 1652 while one of this name was buried at Padstow on 7 November 1660.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 43, p.439 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.111, as Crowdon]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; parish registers of Padstow, Cornwall].

Robert GUNTHORPE (fl.1658-1678)

Person ID: 6058

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Robert Gunthorpe married Mrs Mary Bligh, the widow of Nevill Bligh, esquire at Launceston, Cornwall, on 17 February 1657/8. Gunthorpe, of Launceston, was a frequent litigant and defendant in the court of Chancery between 1668 and 1678. In 1669, he also appeared before the Devon bench accused of a forcible entry upon the property of one Balthasar Beare of Braunton, north Devon. However, no record of Gunthorpe or his wife has been found in either Cornwall or Devon parish registers.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; TNA, C8/166/8; C10/164/48; C8/216/11; Devon Heritage Centre, QS 1/10, Easter 1669.

Robert GILES or GYLES (d.1659 or 1660)

Person ID: 30087

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Robert Giles or Gyles practised as a barber in the Cornish town of Bodmin from about 1606 until his death which occurred sometime between November 1659 and December 1660. He married Mary Rostorack at Bodmin on 27 January 1605/6. He served as constable of Bodmin when the town made its Protestation return in March 1641/2. Giles made a nuncupative will on 29 November 1659 in which he left £30 to his daughter Dunes or Duense Flicke, and 'the goods and wares which concern my Trade' to his son and executor Michael. He bequeathed the rest of his estate to his grandson Robert (son of Michael, born in 1647).

Children of Robert Giles or Gyles:

Joan, bapt.11 December 1606 [Bodmin].

Michael, bapt.1 August 1614 [Bodmin]. Alive in 1659 [will].

Robert, bapt.18 November 1616 [Bodmin].

Dunes [daughter], bapt.24 March 1620/1 [Bodmin]. She was Duense Flicke in 1659 [will].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???. TNA, PROB 11/302, ff.50v-51r [nuncupative will of Robert Gyles, barber, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 29 November 1659, pr.20 December 1660].

Charles HAMLEN or HAMLIN (d.1747)

Person ID: 34021

Occ: apothecary/surgeon

Loc: Lanteglos juxta Camelford, Cornwall

Charles Hamlen or Hamline was described variously as an apothecary and surgeon and was resident at Camelford from about 1711 until his death in 1747. He married twice. First, he wed Mrs Grace Taprill of Camelford at St Teath, Cornwall, on 27 December 1711. She was buried at Lanteglos on 10 September 1730. Secondly, he married Ann Bettenson of St Tudy at the latter parish on 8 May 1731. She and her sons were remembered fondly in the will of the local clergyman Dr Daniel Lombard, rector of Lanteglos, in 1746. He left Ann fifteen volumes of the sermons of archbishop John Tillotson (1630-1694) and a four-volume edition of *Paraphrase and Comment upon the Epistles and Gospels* (London, 1705-8) of George Stanhope (1660-1728). Ann's husband Charles served as joint executor of the will. Charles Hamlen was buried at Lanteglos juxta Camelford on 25 March 1747. His widow Anne was buried at St John, Cornwall, on 29 June 1763.

Hamlen served as mayor of the borough of Camelford on three occasions – 1734-5, 1738-9 and 1743-4.

Children of Charles Hamlen or Hamline and Grace:

John, buried 19 June 1716 [Lanteglos juxta Camelford].

Charles, buried 27 June 1717 [Lanteglos juxta Camelford].

Richard, bapt.18 February 1719/20; buried 7 September 1721 [Lanteglos juxta Camelford].

Mary, bapt.7 September 1724 [Lanteglos juxta Camelford].

Children of Charles Hamlen or Hamline and Ann:

Daniel, bapt.22 March 1731/2 [Lanteglos juxta Camelford].

Charles, bapt.20 April 1734 [Lanteglos juxta Camelford]. Surgeon, of Millbrook, Cornwall.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Teath, Cornwall; parish registers of Lanteglos juxta Camelford, Cornwall; parish registers of St Tudy, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/753, ff.207r-208v [will of Daniel Lombard, rector of Lanteglos and Advent, near Camelford, Cornwall, 25 November 1746, pr.2 March 1746/7]; **Kresen Kernow, AP/H/5031 [will of Charles Hamline, surgeon, of Camelford, Cornwall, pr.1748]**; Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Deanery of Trigg Minor, in the County of Cornwall*, 2 vols (London, 1873-6), ii, pp.332-3; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St John, Cornwall.

John HANCOCK (d.1705)

Person ID: 17624

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Penzance, Cornwall

John Hancock practised as an apothecary in the town of Penzance in Cornwall from about 1679 until his death in 1705. He died on 1 December 1705 and was buried at Madron two days later. Hancock left an estate valued at £204 10s and which included property at St Mabyn and a house and shop (£45) in Penzance to his wife and seven children. Elizabeth Hancock, widow, was buried at Madron on 13 May 1735.

James Newton's satirical account of the effect of *papaver corniculatum luteum* (horned poppy) on the Worth family of west Cornwall, subsequently published in the *Philosophical Transactions* of 1698, was reported to him by John Hancock, apothecary, of Penzance.

Children of John Hancock:

Rebecca, bapt.21 August 1679 [Madron].

Elizabeth, bapt,14 December 1682 [Madron]. She married Francis Hicks at Morval, 1 January 1708 and was alive in 1734 [will of brother John].

Wilmott, bapt.10 November 1683 [Madron].

Mary, bapt.30 September 1685 [Madron].

Deborah, bapt.1 June 1687 [Madron].

John, bapt.26 May 1689 [Madron]. Apothecary/physician, of Penzance.

Grace, bapt.29 April 1692; buried 9 April 1706 [Madron].

Kresen Kernow, FP 133/1/3 [parish registers of Madron, Cornwall]; AP/H/2873/1-2 [will and inventory of John Hancock, apothecary, of Penzance, Cornwall, 20 February 1704/5, pr.16 January 1705/6; inventory dated 14 January 1705/6]; James Newton, 'An Account of some Effects of Papaver Corniculatum Luteum, &c', *Philosophical Translations*, 20 (1698), pp.263-4.

John HANCOCK (1689-1735)

Person ID: 6257

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Penzance, Cornwall

John Hancock, the son of **John Hancock**, apothecary, of Penzance, was baptised at Madron, Cornwall on. 26 May 1689. He was licensed to practise medicine in the diocese of Exeter on 12 August 1710 with testimonials on his behalf signed by three west country physicians, **William Rivers Comrie**, **Thomas Cloke** and **Ellis Veryard**. Hancock married Mrs Wilmot Hancock of Penzance at Madron on 9 April 1706 and was buried in the same church on 26 July 1735. In his will, he left property at Liskeard, St Mabyn, Morval and Penzance to his wife Wilmot, daughter Elizabeth Beauchamp and sisters-in-law Elizabeth, Mary and Grace Hancock of Penzance. He also left property in trust to his sister Elizabeth Hicks and mentions three brothers Robert, Samuel and Nathaniel (probably brothers in law?). Wilmot Hancock, widow, of Penzance was buried at Madron on 13 March 1736/7.

Children of John Hancock, apothecary, and Wilmot:

Elizabeth. She married William Beauchamp, surgeon, at Madron on 14 November 1729.

Kresen Kernow, FP 133/1/3 [parish registers of Madron, Cornwall]; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 48, *sub* 12 August 1710; PR/518/Penzance/Cornwall [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.115]; Kresen Kernow, AP/H/4620 [will of John Hancock, apothecary, of Penzance, Cornwall, 10 January 1733/4, pr.24 September 1735]; AP/H/4685 [will of Wilmott Hancock, widow, of Penzance, Cornwall, pr.1737].

Richard HARNESS (d.1736)

Person ID: 6336

Occ: surgeon/oculist

Loc: Devon & Truro, Cornwall

In May 1711, Richard Harness advertised his skills as a 'chyrurgeon, oculist and manual operator' in a local Devon newspaper, the *Exeter Post Boy*. There, he claimed that after 30 years of travelling around the country, he could now be consulted at his chambers in various Devon towns, including Ottery St Mary (at the Lamb on Tuesdays), Newton Abbot (at the Three Tuns on Wednesdays), Crediton (at the Swan) and Exeter (at the Three Tuns by the Guildhall, every Monday, Thursday and Sunday). He also advertised his pills, which were to be sold by Mrs Elizabeth May at the shop of the bookseller Philip Bishop 'over against the Guild-hall'.

Harness may have been a native of Devon. He married Mary Foote at Rewe, near Exeter, on 17 August 1694. Within about a year, however, he was settled at Truro in Cornwall where he and his wife Mary baptised eight children between 1697 and 1711. He nonetheless travelled widely. In addition to his regular practice in Devon, he visited other parts of southern Britain. In January 1718, for example, Thomas Marchant of Hurstpierpoint in Sussex recorded in his diary that Dr Richard Harness, 'mountebank', came to town. He was still there a month later. Mr Richard Harness, gent, was buried at Truro on 7 May 1736. His will, in which he left the entirety of his estate to his wife Mary, also mentions four children (Lance, John, William and Ursula) who received token sums of one shilling each. Mrs Mary Harness was buried at Truro on 6 October 1740.

The eighteenth-century physician and satirist John Wolcot (1738-1819) of Truro refers to a quack doctor called Harness in one of his reminiscences.

Children of Mr Harness and Mary:

Richard, bapt.26 February 1696/7 [Truro].

Ursula, bapt.22 June 1699 [Truro]. She married William Gribble at St Erme, Cornwall, 22 September 1722.

John, bapt.15 April 1701; buried 19 April 1701 [Truro].

Samuel or Samwell, bapt.13 March 1701/2 [Truro]. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 27 April 1721, proceeding BA on 26 February 1724/5.

John, bapt.23 December 1704 [Truro].

Thomas, bapt.24 July 1707; buried 10 March 1707/8 [Truro].

William, bapt.11 September 1709; buried 21 March 1750/1 [Truro].

Henry, bapt.20 October 1711; buried 24 June 1713 [Truro].

The Protestant Mercury: Or, the Exeter Post Boy, no.211 (4 May 1711); Devon Heritage Centre, 1255A/PR/1/1 [parish registers of Rewe, Devon]; Kresen Kernow, FP 236 1/3 [parish registers of Truro, Cornwall]; *Diary of Thomas Marchant* (Hurst History Study Group, 2005), p.122; Kresen Kernow, AR/4/1031 [13 August 1708]; AP/H/4658 [will of Richard Harness, gent, of Truro, Cornwall, 7 November 1731, pr.11 May 1736]; AP/H/4770 [will of Mary Harness, widow, of Truro, Cornwall]; Rev.R.Polwhele, *Reminiscences in Prose and Verse*, 3 vols (London, 1836), i, p.33; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erme, Cornwall; J.Foster (ed.), *Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford*, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), ii, p.609.

Reginald HAWEIS or HAWES (1667-1701)

Person ID: 34022

Occ: apothecary

Loc: St Columb Major, Cornwall

Reginald Haweis or Hawes, the son of Mr Reginald Haweis of Kea, Cornwall, was baptised at Kea on 7 March 1666/7. He was apprenticed to **John Huddy** of London, apothecary, on 3 January 1688 and subsequently returned to his native Cornwall to practise as an apothecary. He was buried at St Columb Major on 13 December 1701.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Kea, Cornwall; **London apothecary database**; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall.

Richard HAWKE (fl.1581)

Person ID: 6535

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Altarnun, Cornwall

Richard Hawke of Altarnun, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 3 September 1581. He may be the same as the Richard Haukes who was entered on a muster list for the village in 1569. The will of a Richard Hawke of Altarnun was proved in 1584 but subsequently destroyed.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, p.214 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.116]; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???

Francis HAWKEY (fl.1649)

Person ID: 15468

Occ: barber

Loc: Tregony, Cornwall

Francis Hawkey, barber, of Tregony, Cornwall, was party to a quitclaim on 8 June 1649. He is probably the same as the Francis Hawky who is listed in the Protestation Return for Probus (next to Tregony) in 1641-2. He was living in Tregony in a house with three hearths in 1664.

Kresen Kernow, T/1495; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???

John HAYDEN or HEYDON (d.1716)

Person ID: 34023

Occ: chymist

Loc: Calenick and Kenwyn, near Truro, Cornwall

John Hayden or Heydon is identified as a chemist or chymist in the record of the apprenticeship of his son Hugh to John Clarke, apothecary, of London on 4 July 1727. There, he is described as resident at Calenick, near Truro. John Hayden was buried at Kenwyn, Truro, on 17 January 1715/16. An inventory conducted after his death appraised his estate at £252 13s 3d, which included £190 worth of tin. He also owned 106 maps and prints, but there is no evidence that he possessed a shop. Administration of his estate was granted to his widow Mary.

Children of John Hayden or Heydon and Mary:

Francis, buried 11 August 1703 [Kenwyn]

Mary, bapt.4 February 1704/5 [Kenwyn].

John or Josias, bapt.12 or 22 July 1706 [Kenwyn].

Francis, bapt.28 February 1709; buried3 October 1711 [Kenwyn].

Hugo, bapt.27 September 1713 [Kenwyn].

London apothecary database; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Kenwyn, Cornwall; AP/H/4132 [inventory and administration bond of John Heydon of Kenwyn, Cornwall, 30 April and 4 May 1716].

Robert HEAMAN (d.1645 or 1646)

Person ID: 6759/15478

Occ: apothecary/barber/licensed surgeon

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Robert Heaman or Heyman, apothecary, of Launceston in Cornwall was licensed to practise surgery and to make 'drugges' in the province of Canterbury on 21 October 1613. He is

probably the same as the Robert Heaman who married Christian Sopar at Launceston on 5 July 1628. He later married Frances Nuby at Launceston on 15 July 1640. Heaman signed the Protestation return in 1641-2 and died sometime between December 1645 and 1646. He named his wife Frances as principal beneficiary, leaving her a house, stables and other property near the churchyard of St Mary's. Heaman also bequeathed a plaster box and instruments, plus 'my oyle bottle in my shopp', to his former servant **John Jeffrey**, while another servant, John Pulser, received ten shillings and the testator's virginals. Heaman's widow Francis died sometime between August 1656 and July 1657. She named a number of beneficiaries the chief of which were the family of her husband's former servant John Jeffrey (their daughter Mary received Frances' various properties in Launceston).

Children of Robert Heaman and Christian:

Walter, bapt.6 July 1629; buried 8 September 1629 [Launceston].

Lambeth Palace Library, Abbot 1, f.169 [*Directory*, i, no.408]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, AP/H/1235 [will of Robert Heaman, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 12 December 1645, pr.1646]; TNA, PROB 11/266, ff.210r-v [will of Francis Heaman, widow, of Launceston, Cornwall, 14 August 1656, pr.22 July 1657].

HEAD (fl.1646)

Person ID: 6601

Occ: army surgeon

Loc: Pendennis, Cornwall

A surgeon named Head surrendered with the royalist forces at Pendennis in Cornwall in 1646. Otherwise unidentified.

John Haselock, *A True and Perfect Relation of the Surrender of the Strong and Impregnable Garrison the Island of Scillie* (London, 1646).

Francis HEARLE or HERLE (fl.1595-1641)

Person ID: 6614

Occ: clergyman/physician

Loc: St Erme, Cornwall

Francis Hearle or Herle, the son of James Hearle, was baptised at Tawstock in Devon on 6 August 1577. He was admitted at Caius College, Cambridge on 25 June 1595, aged 17, proceeding BA in 1599/1600 and MA in 1603. Ordained in 1601, he was licensed as a preacher in the diocese of Exeter in 1604 and appointed rector of St Erme, Cornwall, on 30 July 1606. Hearle was licensed to practise medicine throughout Cornwall on 2 June 1613 and was still officiating as rector at St Erme in 1641 when he signed the Protestation. No record of his death or burial has been found. He would appear to have married at least twice. His first wife was Jane Collins, the daughter of Edward Collins, rector of Illogan, Cornwall (she was thus the sister of the clergyman-physician **John Collins**). She was dead by 1634 when Hearle's daughter Elizabeth was described at her baptism as the daughter of one Anne.

Children of Francis Hearle or Herle:

Francis, bapt.12 May 1614; buried 3 October 1614 [St Erme].

Francis. He matriculated at Wadham College, Oxford, on 19 May 1637, aged 16. BA 1640/1. Physician.

Anne, bapt.17 September 1622 [St Erme].

John, bapt.2 February 1624/5 [St Erme].

Elizabeth, bapt.13 November 1634 [St Erme].

Devon Heritage Centre, 2288A/PR/1/2 [parish registers of Tawstock, Devon]; Venn, ii, p.345; Northamptonshire Archives, PDR X959/2; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 21, *sub* 30 July 1606; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, f.307r; Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Deanery of Trigg Minor, in the County of Cornwall*, 2 vols (London, 1873-6), i, p.332; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???. Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erme, Cornwall.

Francis HEARLE or HERLE (c.1621-1696)

Person ID: 6615

Occ: physician

Loc: Cuby, Cornwall

Francis Hearle or Herle, the son of **Francis Hearle**, rector and physician, of St Erme, Cornwall, matriculated at Wadham College, Oxford, on 19 May 1637, aged 16, and proceeded to graduate BA on 16 February 1640/1. In a diocesan survey of medical practitioners in the diocese of Exeter in 1665, Hearle was described as an 'Accademian' who practised physic at Cuby in Cornwall. He was living there the previous year when he was taxed on five hearths, one 'long blockt up'. Hearle probably married twice. He refers to his 'now wife' Mary in 1689. Francis Hearle, gent, was buried at Cuby on 29 December 1696. He made provision for his wife Mary and left the rest of his estate, valued at £256 and including 'all my drugs of physicke and stills and weights and physick books', to his son **John Hearle** who may have followed his father into a career in medicine. He also left a series of small bequests to his daughter Lucy, the wife of John Foote, and their six children.

Children of Francis Hearle or Herle:

John. Physician?

Lucy. She married John Foote, gent, at Cuby on 27 November 1677.

Francis, buried 1 January 1679/80 [Cuby].

Foster, ii, p.697; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, f.413r; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???. Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/28; Kresen Kernow, X429/15; parish registers of Cuby, Cornwall; AP/H/2552 [will and inventory of Francis Hearle, gent, of Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall, 25 February 1689, pr.4 May 1697; inventory dated 29 April 1697].

John HEARLE or HERLE (1674-1714)

Person ID: 34024

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

John Hearle or Herle, the son of John Hearle (d.1695), mercer, and his wife Elizabeth, nee Williams, was baptised at Liskeard, Cornwall, on 11 November 1674. He practised as an

apothecary in the town of Liskeard until his death in 1714. Hearle married Elizabeth, the daughter of Samuel Lyne, at St Cleer on 1 February 1698/9. He was buried at Liskeard on 16 December 1714. Hearle left his 'new dwelling house' called Old Hall in Liskeard plus other properties in the town to his wife Elizabeth while settling portions of £100 on each of his six children (John, Elizabeth, Rachel, Mary, Honour and Thomasine). He left an estate valued at more than £642 which included drugs, pots, bottles and utensils 'belonging to his shop' valued at £30.

Children of John Hearle or Herle and Elizabeth:

John, bapt.27 December 1699 [Liskeard]. He was apprenticed to **John Fox**, apothecary, of Plymouth, Devon, for 7 years for £40 as recorded on 25 April 1716 and was buried at Liskeard on 7 January 1726/7.

Samuel, bapt.23 April 1701; buried 30 August 1701 [Liskeard].

Elizabeth, bapt.24 June 1703 [Liskeard].

Rachel, bapt.9 October 1705 [Liskeard].

Mary, bapt.3 June 1707 [Liskeard].

Honour, bapt.1 June 1708 [Liskeard].

Thomasine, bapt.29 May 1710 [Liskeard].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; parish registers of St Cleer, Cornwall; AP/H/4097 [will and inventory of John Hearle, apothecary, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 27 January 1713/14, pr.14 June 1715; inventory dated 22 March 1714/15]; CL/2/30/31, 49; CM/817; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.210, 278 [TNA, IR 1/44, f.75].

John HEARLE (d.1731)

Person ID: 34025

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Cuby and Lansallos, Cornwall

One John Hearle of Lansallos, Cornwall, is referred to as a doctor in physic when he appeared as a defendant in a case in the court of Chancery brought by Susanna Hearle, the widow of James Hearle, gent, of Cuby, Cornwall. He may have been the son of **Francis Hearle**, physician, of Cuby who named his son John as principal beneficiary of his will in 1689 leaving him, among other things, all his drug and physic books. Mr John Hearle of Tregony married Elizabeth Hale or Hall at Ruan Laniorne, Cornwall, on 20 April 1699. He was buried at Lansallos on 9 October 1731. In his will, he placed various properties in Cuby and Tregony in trust for the use of his son Francis and left each of his four daughters (Mary, Anne, Sabina and Lucy) portions of £450. There were smaller legacies for his married daughter Elizabeth. Finally, he confirmed his wife Elizabeth in her jointure and the use of the house and gardens at 'Eastelision' and named his son Edmund as residual legatee and executor.

Children of John Hearle or Herle and Elizabeth:

Elizabeth, bapt.26 March 1700 [Cuby with Tregony]. She was married to Ralph Pound in 1731.

Lucy, bapt.29 September 1703 [Lansallos].

Mary. Alive and unmarried in 1731 [will].

Anne. Alive and unmarried in 1731 [will].

Edmund, bapt.4 February 1708/9 [Cuby with Tregony]. He married Jane Hooper of Tregony at Lanivet on 24 December 1733 and was buried at Cuby with Tregony on 13 December 1744.

Sabina, bapt.10 July 1711 [Cuby with Tregony]. Alive in 1731 [will].

Lucy. Alive and not yet 21 in 1731 [will].

Francis, bapt.1 September 1719 [Lansallos]. He matriculated at Balliol College, Oxford, on 15 April 1736; BA 1739; MA 1742.

TNA, C/11/369/47; Kresen Kernow, AP/H/2552 [will and inventory of Francis Hearle, gent, of Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall, 25 February 1689, pr.4 May 1697; inventory dated 29 April 1697]; parish registers of Ruan Laniorne, Cornwall; parish registers of Lansallos, Cornwall; AP/H/4531 [will of John Hearle, gentleman of Eastilusion, Lansallos, Cornwall, 8 February 1730/1, pr.28 February 1731/2]; parish registers of Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall; parish registers of Lanivet, Cornwall; J.Foster (ed.), *Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford*, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), ii, p.638.

Joseph HEMMINGE (fl.1723)

Person ID: 6674

Occ: licensed physician and surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Joseph Hemminge of Liskeard, Cornwall, was licensed to practise physic and surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter in 1723. His application, dated 8 July 1723, stated that he had a 'long and ripe experience'. Otherwise unidentified.

I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.116 [grant not found in Act Book].

John HEXT (b.1680 or 1681)

Person ID: 34026

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

John Hext was the son of Joseph Hext (d.1724) and his wife Elizabeth, nee Barnard, was baptised at Falmouth in Cornwall on 14 January 1680/1. John's father served as mayor of the town on four occasions between 1692 and 1713. John Hext, surgeon, of Falmouth was licensed to marry Julian Pellow, the daughter of Thomas Pellow and his wife Frances, on 7 February 1712/13. No record of the marriage has survived, nor of the date of John Hext's death or burial (four men of this name were buried at Falmouth between 1733 and 1756). Juliana Hext was buried at Falmouth on 9 February 1758.

Children of Mr John Hext and Julian or Juliana:

Anne, bapt.29 March 1715 [Falmouth].

Frances, bapt.27 October 1716 [Falmouth].

Thomas, bapt.7 November 1718 [Falmouth].

John, bapt.12 July 1720 [Falmouth].

Elizabeth, bapt.4 January 1724/5 [Falmouth].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, DEX/7/6/2/1713/8.

John HICKES or HICKS (fl.1651)

Person ID: 30080

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

John Hickes or Hickes, a barber living at Launceston in Cornwall, made his will on 31 May 1651. He died sometime before the end of March 1656. There, he asked to be buried in the parish church of St Mary Magdalen at Launceston (the registers do not survive for this period) and named his wife Alice (otherwise unidentified) as principal heir to his estate. One Alice Hicks, widow, is recorded in the 1664 Hearth Tax returns for Launceston, with two hearths, but the house was declared 'void' so she might have moved on or died.

TNA, PROB 11/253, ff.367r-v [will of John Hicks, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 31 May 1651, pr.25 March 1656]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???

Richard HILL (fl.1641)

Person ID: 6844

Occ: healer?

Loc: Lanteglos juxta Fowey, Cornwall

Richard Hill of Lanteglos juxta Fowey, Cornwall, received £5 in the will of Thomas Bridgeman (d.1641), gent, of Exeter in Devon for 'attending me in my sickness' in 1641. One Richard Hill signed the Protestation return for Lanteglos in March 1641/2; otherwise unidentified.

TNA, PROB 11/187, ff.213v-214v [will of Thomas Bridgeman, gentleman, of Exeter, Devon, 3 April 1641, pr.23 November 1641]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???

Michael HOBBS (fl.1648-1670)

Person ID: 6919

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

On 18 November 1662, Michael Hobbs of Fowey, Cornwall, applied for a licence to practise physic and surgery in the diocese of Exeter. There, he claimed to have resided in Fowey for fourteen years and had ever since 'professed and exercised the Art of Surgery in the said town and places adjacent'. Hobbs received testimonials from two local clergymen and was presumably licensed (though possibly only for surgery) as in a diocesan survey of 1665 he was described as 'Licensed by Dr Martyn late Chancellour of Exon' and now practising surgery at Fowey.

Hobbs was the son of **Robert Hobbs**, surgeon, of Fowey as is evident from a leasehold agreement made in June 1655. He married Anne Rose at Fowey on 13 February 1654/5 and

was still alive in 1670 when leasing property in the town. No record of his death or burial has been found.

It is possible that Hobbs removed to London. On 5 August 1676, Thomas, the son of **Michael Hobbs**, surgeon, of Broadbridge, was buried in the parish of St Paul's, Shadwell, Middlesex.

Children of Michael Hobbs and Anne:

Michael, bapt.9 July 1663 [Fowey].

Philip, bapt.16 August 1664 [Fowey].

Joseph, bapt.3 October 1665 [Fowey].

Devon Heritage Centre, PR/518/Cornwall/Fowey [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiate, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.116]; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 413r; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362/364/33/28; Kresen Kernow, TF/1754 [9 June 1655]; T/1884; R/2418, 2446, 2447, 4485; CY/266-7; London Metropolitan Archives, P93/PAU3/001 [parish registers of St Paul's, Shadwell, Middlesex, 1670-1711].

Robert HOBBS (fl.1655-1656)

Person ID: 34027

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

Robert Hobbs practised as a surgeon in the town of Fowey in Cornwall in the 1650s. No record of his death or burial has been found. In June 1655, he leased properties in the town on the lives of his wife Martha (otherwise unidentified), son **Michael** (also a surgeon) and the latter's wife Anne. In another lease dated 1656, there is a reference to the house of Robert Hobbs, surgeon, on the quayside at Fowey.

Kresen Kernow, TF/1754 [9 June 1655]; TF/492 [12 April 1656].

John HODGE (fl.1569-1582)

Person ID: 6933

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Altarnun, Cornwall

John Hodge of Altarnun, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 29 April 1569. Further grants were made to Hodge on 9 January 1571/2 and 16 October 1582. Unfortunately, the name is very common in Altarnun and surrounding parishes at this date though he may be the father of the Oxford student John Hodge who matriculated at Exeter College on 25 June 1585, aged 16.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, pp.24, 67 [[I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiate, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.116]; Foster, ii, p.723.

Thomas HODGE (d.1602)

Person ID: 6934

Occ: barber surgeon

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Thomas Hodge, barber surgeon, was buried at Truro in Cornwall on 21 June 1602. Otherwise unidentified.

S.E.Gay, Mrs H.Fox, Miss S.Fox and H.Tapley-Soper (eds), *The Register of Marriages, Baptisms & Burials of the Parish of St Mary, Truro Co.Cornwall A.D.1597 to 1837*, 2 vols (Exeter, Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1940), i, p.248.

Clement HOOPER (fl.1634)

Person ID: 7071

Occ: physician

Loc: Scilly Isles, Cornwall

Clement Hooper, MD, of the Scilly Isles in Cornwall was the author of a set of medical manuscripts dated 1634 and now in the Sloane collection in the British Library. Otherwise unidentified.

British Library, Sloane MS 364.

William HOOPER (d.1721)

Person ID: 34028

Occ: physician

Loc: Padstow, Cornwall

William Hooper was described as ‘doctor of physick’, deceased, in a property transaction involving among others his widow Jennifer in November 1722. No other evidence of his medical practice has survived.

Mr William Hooper married Jennifer or Jenopheth Growden at St Eval, Cornwall, on 2 October 1698. She was probably related to the family of the surgeon **Lawrence Growden**. The couple lived in the town of Padstow where William was buried on 15 April 1721. His will was proved the same year but was subsequently destroyed. Jennifer or Jenopheth Hooper was buried at Padstow on 14 March 1739/40.

Children of Mr William Hooper and Jennifer/Jenopheth:

Jenopheth, bapt.26 January 1699/1700 [Padstow].

Martha, bapt.29 October 1701; buried 27 February 1726/7 [Padstow].

Elizabeth, bapt.8 November 1704; buried 11 November 1704 [Padstow].

Elizabeth, bapt.23 October 1705 [Padstow].

Grace, bapt.14 November 1707; buried 5 April 1712 [Padstow].

Charity, bapt.20 October 1709 [Padstow].

William, bapt.20 November 1711 [Padstow].

Grace, bapt.7 August 1713; buried 15 December 1722 [Padstow].

Mary, bapt.3 January 1715/16 [Padstow].

Joseph, bapt.30 March 1719; buried 13 April 1719 [Padstow].

Kresen Kernow, PB/1/223 [5 November 1722]; parish registers of St Eval, Cornwall; parish registers of Padstow, Cornwall; PB/1/485/4; WH/1/6108; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills*

and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800 (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???

Thomas HORE (fl.1582)

Person ID: 7096

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Padstow, Cornwall

Thomas Hore of Padstow, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout Cornwall on 6 or 7 March 1581/2. Otherwise unidentified.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, p.257 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.117].

Richard HORNBY (fl.1704)

Person ID: 7099

Occ: licensed physician/surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Richard Hornby of Liskeard, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine and surgery in the province of Canterbury on 19 June 1704. Letters testimonial on his behalf were signed by **Thomas Nolan**, MD (possibly fictitious), **Edward Woodward**, surgeon, of London, and Dr **John Harborough**. Otherwise unidentified; the name is rare in Cornwall at this time.

He may be the **Richard Hornby**, physician, of Preston, Lancashire, who died sometime between July 1705 and October 1707 and who left all his possessions to his wife Mary.

Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/378; VG 1/6, f.197v; Tenison, f.154 [*Directory*, i, no.434]; TNA, PROB 11/497, f.30v [will of Richard Hornby, physician, of Preston, Lancashire, 6 July 1705, pr.6 October 1707].

John HOSKIN or HOSKINS (d.1690)

Person ID: 17538

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Lanteglos juxta Camelford, Cornwall

John Hoskin or Hoskins, apothecary, was buried at Lanteglos juxta Camelford in Cornwall on 8 May 1690. In his brief will, he left the entirety of his estate to his wife Annis. She is probably the same as the Agnes Hoskin who married John Willkey at Lanteglos on 5 February 1694 and was buried there on 6 November 1713.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Lanteglos juxta Camelford, Cornwall; AP/H/2315 [will of John Hoskin, apothecary, of Lanteglos by Camelford, Cornwall, 27 April 1690, pr.19 June or July 1690].

Henry HOWARD (d.1683)

Person ID: 7156

Occ: physician

Loc: Truro and Bodmin, Cornwall

Henry Howard of Truro, Cornwall, applied for a licence to practise physic in the diocese of Exeter on 17 July 1662 in which he claimed that he 'hath for a long tyme practised and beene knowne in the mistery and knowledge of a physician' and had served 'both rich and poor'. He included testimonials from eight supporters including a local minister, William Collyer. Three years later, in a diocesan survey, the rural dean described Howard as 'Licensed by the bishop' and practising in Truro. He was taxed on four hearths at Truro in 1664.

Howard married twice. His first wife Elizabeth was buried at Truro on 16 December 1672. He then married Gartred or Gertrude Warren at Egloshayle on 1 January 1673/4 and may thereafter have moved to Bodmin. Doctor Henry Howard was buried at Bodmin on 23 July 1683. His will, proved in 1684, was subsequently destroyed. Mrs Gartred Howard, widow, was buried at Bodmin on 29 November 1685.

Children of Dr Henry Howard and Elizabeth:

Jane, bapt.9 January 1661/2 [Truro].

Joan, bapt.18 August 1664; buried January 1665/6 [Truro].

Katherine, bapt.8 April 1667 [Truro].

Henry, bapt.27 January 1669/70; buried 1 September 1670 [Truro].

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Truro [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.117]; Lambeth Palace Library, PR 362-364/33/28; Devon Heritage Centre, MS 639, ff.307r, 413r; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; parish registers of Egloshayle, Cornwall; parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???; **Kresen Kernow, AP/H/2193 [will of Gartred Howard, widow, of Bodmin, Cornwall, pr.1686].**

John HUDDY (d.1704)

Person ID: 16588

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

John Huddy was in practice as an apothecary in the Cornish town of Truro between 1697 and his death in 1704. He was buried at Truro on 19 September 1704 and administration of his will was granted to his widow Mary in the same year. An inventory of Huddy's goods valued his estate at a mere £18 10s, many of his household goods being described as 'old and much decayed'.

Huddy is not to be confused with his namesake, **John Huddy**, who practised as a surgeon and apothecary in Spitalfields, Middlesex, between 1682 and his death in 1723. The pair may have been related, however, as the latter was described as the son of William Huddy, gent, of Probus, Cornwall, on being apprenticed in London in January 1671/2.

Children of Mr John Huddy and Mary:

Joseph, bapt.24 September 1697; buried 19 February 1698/9 [Truro].
Ann, bapt.30 October 1698; buried 17 April 1704 [Truro].
Dorothy, bapt.16 May 1700 [Truro].
Katherine, bapt.23 June 1701 [Truro].
Jane, bapt.16 October 1702 [Truro].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; **AP/H/2868/1-2 [will and inventory of John Huddy, gentleman and apothecary, of Truro, Cornwall, pr.13 October 1704; inventory dated 12 October 1704].**

John HUNKIN or HUNKYN (c.1674-1716)

Person ID: 7283

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Saltash, Cornwall & Plymouth, Devon

John Hunkin or Hunkyn was the son of John Hunkin, gent, of Saltash, Cornwall, where he was probably born in around 1674. Hunkin entered Leiden University as a medical student on 1 October 1697, aged 23, and was awarded his MD there on 3 July 1698 with a thesis on phthisis, a wasting disease. He dedicated his thesis to Dr **Thomas Waterhouse** of Exeter. He may initially have practised at Saltash but had moved to Plymouth by 1706 when he married Abigail Lavington, the daughter of the apothecary and physician **Jonah Lavington**, in the parish of Charles the Martyr in Plymouth on 18 June of that year. The couple are mentioned in Jonah Lavington's will of 1707. In September 1709, Hunkin signed a testimonial on behalf of fellow practitioner, **Stephen Williams** of St Austell, Cornwall. Doctor John Hanking or Hunking was buried at Charles the Martyr on 21 March 1715/16.

Children of Dr John Hunkin or Hunkyn and Abigail:

John, bapt.8 June 1707; buried 12 January 1708/9 [Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon].
John, bapt.14 July 1709 [Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon].
Catherine, bapt.22 September 1710; buried 18 August 1715 [Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon].
Anne, bapt.8 July 1714; buried 13 September 1715 [Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon].

A.J.Jewers (ed.), *Heraldic Church Notes from Cornwall* (London, 1889), pp.140, 148, 149, 150; Innes Smith, p.123; Plymouth Archives, 167/3 [parish registers of Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon]; TNA, PROB 11/507, ff.133v-135v [will of Jonah Lavington, apothecary, of Plymouth, Devon, 31 May 1707, pr.29 March 1709]; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/St Austell.

Edward HUNT (d.1699)

Person ID: 7287

Occ: licensed physician

Loc: Callington, Cornwall

Edward Hunt of Callington, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine throughout Cornwall on 30 May 1696. Hunt had married Susanna Moor at South Petherwin on 29 December 1692 and was buried at Callington on 8 March 1698/9. He died intestate and left a small estate, valued at just £40, for his widow Susanna to administer. An inventory of his

goods mentions shop wares worth £21 5s 4d as well as ten small books, six little glass bottles and a limbick and crock.

Children of Edward Hunt and Susanna:

Susanna, bapt.24 November 1693 [Callington].

Dorothy, bapt.21 May 1698 [Callington].

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 47, p.109 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.117]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of South Petherwin, Cornwall; parish registers of Callington, Cornwall; AP/H/2661 [inventory and administration of the will of Edward Hunt of Callington, Cornwall, 14 March 1698/9, pr.8 April 1700].

Thomas HUNT (d.1704)

Person ID: 34029

Occ: surgeon/apothecary/physician

Loc: Callington & Liskeard, Cornwall

In various property deeds between 1684 and 1700 relating to Quethiock and Trenant Menheniot in Cornwall, Thomas Hunt, of Callington and latterly Liskeard, is variously described as a surgeon, apothecary and doctor of physic. He is almost certainly the same as the Thomas Hunt, gent, who served as mayor of Liskeard in 1694-5 and was buried at Liskeard on 15 April 1704.

Kresen Kernow, CY 3232, 3234; BRA 991/163, 165; EL/38/18; parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall Proved in the Court of the Principal Registry of the Bishop of Exeter, 1559-1799* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.35, 1908), p.???

Edmund JANE (d.1751)

Person ID: 34960

Occ: barber/perukemaker

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Edmund Jane practised as a barber and perukemaker in the Cornish town of Liskeard between about 1709 and 1751. He married Olive Lobb, the widow of Samuel Lobb (d.1706), the couple baptising five children at Liskeard between 1709 and 1717. In the latter year, he and his wife borrowed £350 from Nicholas Cary to purchase a customary inheritance at Lux Cross as well as a further £97 from the trust fund of his stepson Peter Lobb.

Olive Jane was buried at Liskeard on 29 January 1747/8. Her husband Edmund was buried in the same place on 9 February 1750/1.

Children of Edmund Jane and Olive:

Joan, bapt.18 April 1709 [Liskeard].

John, bapt.31 January 1710/11 [Liskeard].

Mary, bapt.24 December 1712 [Liskeard].

Samuel, bapt.13 October 1714 [Liskeard].
Edmund, bapt.5 February 1716/17 [Liskeard].

Apprentices of Edmund Jane, barber and perukemaker:

Henry Salter, son of **Henry Salter**, barber, of Cornwall for no premium as a perukemaker as recorded in 1713.

John Nanscawen, son of Elizabeth Nanscawen, widow, for a premium of £10 as a barber and as recorded in 1723. He practised as a barber at Callington.

Thomas Craven, son of William Craven, of Liskeard, for a premium of £7 as recorded in 1744.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; BK/303; TNA, IR 1/2, f.130; 1/17, f.85; 1/48, f.12.

Anne JEFFERIES or JEFFRIES (fl.1645-1696)

Person ID: 7518

Occ: healer

Loc: St Teath, Cornwall

In 1696, an account of the cures and conversations with spirits and fairies purportedly performed by the Cornish maid Anne Jefferies or Jeffries was published at London at the behest of Edward Fowler, bishop of Gloucester. It appeared in the form of a letter from the publisher Moses Pitt (1639-1697) to Fowler in which it was apparent that Jefferies was still alive but extremely reluctant to put her name to the account (pp.4, 8). Pitt, who had been nursed by Anne as a small child, claimed that Jefferies had been born at St Teath in December 1626 and that she had first encountered fairies during a lingering illness in 1645. Following her recovery, she claimed to have received the gift of miraculous healing through stroking and began to attract patients from as far afield as London (pp.14, 16). Within a year, she was the subject of a local investigation by a puritan magistrate who feared witchcraft, especially as Jefferies would appear to have combined healing with prophetic powers that suggested the imminent victory of the King (pp.18-19). In the process, she began to attract the interest of prominent royalists including Sir Edward Hyde. Following a brief period of incarceration, Jefferies was released into the custody of Mrs Frances Tom, the widowed sister of Moses Pitt's father John, where she continued to practice healing. She subsequently married William Warden, steward to the eminent Cornish physician **Richard Lower** and later to the Devon gentleman Sir Andrew Slanning (p.7). No record of her death or burial has been found.

ODNB, sub Jeffries, Anne (married name Warden), article by P.Marshall; An Account of one Anne Jefferies, now living in the County of Cornwall, who was fed for six months by a small sort of airy people call'd Fairies (London, 1696).

John JEFFERY (d.1658)

Person ID: 30023

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

John Jeffrey, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, died sometime between July and November 1658. Formerly a servant of the Launceston barber **Robert Heaman**, who left him a plaster box, instruments and various items from his shop in his will of 1645, he and his family were

also named as the principal beneficiaries of the will of Heaman's widow Frances in 1656. In his own will, Jeffery left small bequests to his two daughters, Mary and Frances, while leaving the bulk of his estate, including a house and gardens in Launceston, to his wife Martha and son and heir **Philip Jeffery**. He also left a token sum to his apprentice, Sampson Curtise. Martha Jeffery, widow, was buried at Launceston on 17 March 1696/7.

Children of John Jeffery:

Mary. She inherited the house of Frances, the widow of **Robert Heaman**, barber. Mary married Thomas Bawden at Launceston on 26 June 1677 and was buried there on 23 October 1688.

Frances. Alive in 1658 [will].

Philip. Barber, of Launceston.

Kresen Kernow, AP/H/1235 [will of Robert Heaman, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 12 December 1645, pr.1646; TNA, PROB 11/266, ff.210r-v [will of Francis Heaman, widow, of Launceston, Cornwall, 14 August 1656, pr.22 July 1657]; PROB 11/284, f.108v [will of John Jeffery, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 21 July 1658, pr.11 November 1658]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; AP/J/997 [will of Martha Jeffery, widow, of Launceston, Cornwall, pr.1697].

Philip JEFFERY (d.1707)

Person ID: 15607

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Philip Jeffery, the son of **John Jeffery**, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, and his wife Martha, practised as a barber in the town of Launceston from about 1672 until his death in 1707. He finally inherited his father's house and gardens in the town in 1697 following the death of his mother Martha. Philip Jeffery married Joan Pearse at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston on 7 May 1672 and was buried there on 14 June 1707. He left an estate valued at more than £214, which included various properties in and around Launceston, to his wife Joan and daughters Martha and Alice. Neither. His will or inventory makes any reference to a shop or barbering. He did, however, leave several bequests to one Edward Salter, who ran a dyehouse, and may have been acting as a partner with Jeffery in that business. Philip's widow Joan was buried at Launceston on 7 March 1707/8.

Children of Philip Jeffery and Joan:

Martha, bapt.26 January 1672/3 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. She married John Roe at Launceston on 17 May 1692.

Mary, bapt.22 March 1674/5 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

Alice, bapt.19 March 1676/7 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

TNA, PROB 11/284, f.108v [will of John Jeffery, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 21 July 1658, pr.11 November 1658]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; AP/J/997 [will of Martha Jeffery, widow, of Launceston, Cornwall, pr.1697]; parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; AP/J/1110 [will and inventory of Philip Jeffery, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, pr.31 October 1707; inventory dated 18 June 1707].

Caleb JENKEN, JENKIN or JENKYN (1656-1691)

Person ID: 17539

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Caleb Jenken, Jenkin or Jenkyn was the son and heir of Robert Jenken, gentleman, and was baptised at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall on 15 October 1656. He practised as an apothecary in Launceston until his death in 1691. Caleb Jenken married Mary Doidge at Maker in Cornwall on 27 April 1680 and was buried at Launceston on 8 April 1691. He left a small estate valued at just £25 15s 6d.

Children of Caleb Jenken and Mary:

Anne, bapt.15 April 1685; buried 29 March 1698 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

Mary, bapt.20 April 1687 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

Caleb, bapt.29 April 1691 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. An apothecary, he married Rebecca (b.1688), the daughter of Jonathan Hussey at Launceston on 25 October 1716 and served as mayor of the town in 1733-4. He was buried at Launceston on 28 March 1740.

Apprentice of Caleb Jenken or Jenkin:

Christopher Fleming for £32 3s as recorded in 1717.

William Lower, son of Ann Lower, of Tregornah [Tregonna?], for £52 10s as recorded in 1728.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; parish registers of Maker, Cornwall; AP/J/922 [inventory and administration of the will of Caleb Jenken, apothecary, of Launceston, Cornwall, pr.7 September 1691]; TNA, IR 1/45, f.98; 1/49, f.96.

Thomas JEWELL or JUELL (d.1640)

Person ID: 7780

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Thomas Jewell or Juell of Bodmin, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 15 May 1618. He married Florence John at Bodmin in 1609 and was buried at Bodmin on 19 January 1639/40. Florence Jewell, widow, was buried at Bodmin on 11 April 1661. Administration of her estate, valued at just over £87, was granted to her son Tubb Jewell

Children of Thomas Jewell or Juell:

Thomas, bapt.4 March 1609/10 [Bodmin].

John, bapt.1 October 1614; buried 24 January 1616/16 [Bodmin]. He was alive in 1661 [will account of mother].

Mary, bapt.20 January 1617/18; buried 20 April 1618 [Bodmin]. She was alive in 1661 [will account of mother].

Tubb, bapt.3 June 1619 [Bodmin]. Surgeon.

Mary, bapt.18 February 1621/2 [Bodmin].
John, bapt.13 October 1624 [Bodmin].

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 42, p.240 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.118]; AP/J/575 [will, inventory and account of Florence Jewell, widow, of Bodmin, Cornwall, inventory dated 13 April 1661, pr.17 March 1661/2].

Tubb JEWELL or JUELL (1619-1677)

Person ID: 7594

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Tubb Jewell or Juell was the son of **Thomas Jewell**, surgeon, and his wife Florence, nee John, and was baptised at Bodmin, Cornwall, on 3 June 1619. He married Sarah Savage at Bodmin on 10 February 1649/50 and acted as the administrator of his mother's estate in 1661-2. Taxed on two hearths in 1664, Tubb Jewell of Bodmin was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 27 August 1668. In his application, which was signed by **William Mathew**, surgeon, five local clergymen and two inhabitants of Bodmin, Jewell was said to be 'well skilled and experienced in Chirurgery and phlebotomy and has done many good cures'. Tubb Jewell was buried at Bodmin on 10 April 1677, his will being proved the same year, but subsequently destroyed. Elsewhere in property deeds, Jewell is regularly described as a 'barber' occupying a property in Crockwell or Crockenwell Street. Sarah Jewell was buried at Bodmin on 17 November 1681. The couple would appear to have died childless.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; AP/J/575 [will, inventory and account of Florence Jewell, widow, of Bodmin, Cornwall, inventory dated 13 April 1661, pr.17 March 1661/2]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???.; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter 44, p.439 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.118, which gives date of licence as 3 September 1668]; PR/518/Cornwall/Bodmin; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall Proved in the Court of the Principal Registry of the Bishop of Exeter, 1559-1799* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.35, 1908), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, TF 1138; AD 103/141; PH/62; WH/1/3934.

John JONES (fl.1601-1650)

Person ID: 7708

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

John Jones practised as a surgeon in the Cornish town of Fowey from about 1601 until 1650. He married Alice Dewsbury at Fowey on 11 June 1601. On 1 April 1619, John Jones, surgeon, wife Alice and daughter Elizabeth rented a house, quay and garden in Fowey and he was still living there in 1650. In the Spring of 1627, Jones, who would appear to have been something of a vagrant at the time, was living in Exeter where he was prosecuted for sleeping with a woman from the city and also gave evidence in a case of wounding heard in the borough court. No record of his death or burial has been found.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall; TF/428 and 1751; Devon Heritage Centre, C1/62, ff.313r, 319r.

Robert JOPE (d.1708)

Person ID: 34030

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Laneast, Cornwall

Robert Jope of Laneast, Cornwall, is identified as a surgeon in two leases dated 12 June 1677 and 4 September 1711, both cited in a later document of 1730-1. They also refer to his sons Robert and Thomas and wife Grace. Robert Jope Snr was buried at Laneast on 8 January 1708. His widow Grace was buried there on 26 September 1720.

One Robert Jope was living in a house in Laneast with three hearths in 1664.

Children of Robert Jope and Grace:

Grace, bapt.23 February 1663/4 [Laneast].

Anne, bapt.10 November 1670 [Laneast].

Robert. Alive in 1711 [lease]. He married Catherine Triggs at Warleggan, 3 May 1706.

Thomas. Alive in 1677 [lease].

Kresen Kernow, AD 7/1; parish registers of Laneast, Cornwall; parish registers of Warleggan, Cornwall.

Baruch JORAS (d.1603)

Person ID: 7744

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Baruch Joras of Truro, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 4 April 1582. He married Margery Crabbe at Kenwyn, near Truro, on 9 April 1586 and died sometime between September and November 1603. He left an estate valued at £25 to his wife Mary and children John, Lydia and Grace who were also named as joint executors. Joras also left nominal sums for two other sons, Francis and William.

Children of Baruch Joras:

Francis [will].

William [will].

John [will].

Lydia [will].

Grace [will].

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, p.281 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.117]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Kenwyn, Cornwall; AP/J/30/1-3 [will and inventory of Baruch Joras, surgeon, of Kea, near Truro, Cornwall, 26 September 1603, pr.8 December 1603; inventory dated 15 November 1603].

Mary KEAST (fl.1662)

Person ID: 34031

Occ: midwife

Loc: South Petherwin, Cornwall

Mary Keast of South Petherwin, Cornwall, applied for a licence to practise midwifery in the diocese of Exeter on 16 November 1662. With four women providing testimonials, she claimed to have been active as a midwife for sixteen years. Otherwise unidentified.

I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.118.

John KEENE (1670-1740)

Person ID: 23329

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Roche, Cornwall

John Keene was the son of William Keene and his wife Florence and was baptised at Roche on 27 December 1670. Keene practised as a surgeon in the village of Roche. As a young man, he was reported by Dr **William Musgrave** of Exeter to have performed a successful laryngotomy on a man whose throat had been slit by robbers. He was still active in the 1730s when he prescribed pills for the father of John Tremayne and took on an apprentice as late as 1737. A letter of his, dated February 1714, also survives in which he recounts his attendance at the funeral of Lady Bellings and an indignity which he suffered there. Keene was also a business partner with his cousin Samuel Hext (d.1714), gentleman, of St Austell, the two men involved in various property transactions relating to land at St Austell, St Blazey after 1695. In his will, Hext left a small bequest to 'Doctor Keene's wife' and named her husband John as guardian to his son Thomas and co-executor. Keene continued to look after Thomas' interests until he came of age in 1723. In addition to these transactions, Keene also took out a ninety-nine-year lease on a property at Trenowth in May 1713.

Keene married Barbara Hicks (1679-1754) of St Austell at the latter on 11 July 1698. The couple baptised five children at Roche between 1699 and 1713. John Keene, gent, was buried in the church at Roche on 30 January 1739/40. Administration of his estate was granted the same year. Barbara Keene was buried there on 21 November 1754.

Children of John Keene and Barbara:

Florence, bapt.22 May 1699; buried 15 April 1700 [Roche].

Mary, bapt.19 July 1701; buried 5 January 1703/4 [Roche].

Jane, bapt.15 June 1708 [Roche].

William, bapt.13 February 1710/11 [Roche].

Ann, bapt.28 November 1713 [Roche].

Apprentices of John Keene:

John Peter, son of Henry Peter, gent, of St Mabyn, for 6 years for £105 on 6 August 1737.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Roche, Cornwall; *Philosophical Transactions*, vol.21 (1699), pp.398-405 ['A Letter from Dr William Musgrave ... to Dr Sloane, being an Argument for the More Frequent Use of Laryngotomy, Urg'd from a Remarkable Cure in Chirurgery; Perform'd by Mr John Keen of Roch in Cornwal', Exeter, 28 December 1699]; Kresen Kernow, T/2178 [John Keene to John Tremayne, 14 January 1733]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.337, 466; Kresen Kernow, AR/10/444 [John Keene to George Bere, 4 February 1714]; AP/K/478; CF/1/762a; HX/332, 351-2, 405 (2); TNA, PROB 11/543, ff.91v-93v [will of Samuel Hext, gentleman, of St Austell, Cornwall, 27 January 1709/10, pr.4 November 1714]; Kresen Kernow, R/1503; parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; AP/K/747 [administration of the estate of John Keene, gentleman, of Roche, Cornwall, 1739/40].

Philip KENDALL (1689-1725)

Person ID: 7844

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Millbrook, nr Maker, Cornwall

Philip Kendall was the son of John Kendall and his wife Elizabeth and was baptised at Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon on 8 February 1688/9. He set up in practise as a surgeon in the nearby Cornish village of Millbrook and was licensed there to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 24 May 1716. A month later, he was named as a potential heir to fellow surgeon **William Kendall** of Fowey. Kendall married Mrs Margaret Andrew (b.1696) at St Germans, Cornwall, on 4 February 1718/19 and was buried at Maker on 5 June 1725. He named his wife Margaret and daughter Sibella as heirs to his house and other properties in Millbrook, Maker and Linkinhorne and named his wife, alongside his 'good friend' William Furneaux, gent, of Stoke Damerell, Devon, and Henry Streek, shipwright, of Millbrook, to act as joint trustees. He also refers to a sister Margaret (b.1681), deceased brother John (b.1691) and brother-in-law Samuel Blatchford who had married a sister of the testator's wife Margaret. Kendall's estate was valued at just over £275 which would appear to have excluded 'shop goods' that were meant to have been assessed by Francis Braine (1701-1768), druggist (of Exeter). Kendall's widow Margaret subsequently married John Hodge at Botus Fleming.

Children of Philip Kendall and Margaret:

Sibella, bapt.17 January 1719/20 [St Germans]. She married Stephen Hoyle at St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon on 24 July 1737.

Apprentice of Philip Kendall, surgeon:

Stephen Gatherwall, son of John Gatherwall, deceased, for 7 years for £50 on 18 February 1720.

Plymouth Archives, 167/3 [parish registers of Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon]; Chanter MS 48, *sub* 24 May 1716; Kresen Kernow, AP/K/614 [will of William Kendall, surgeon, of Fowey, Cornwall, 23 June 1716, pr.22 October 1716]; parish registers of St Germans, Cornwall; parish registers of Maker, Cornwall; AP/K/667 [will and inventory of Philip Kendall, surgeon, of Millbrook in Maker, Cornwall, 2 March 1724/5, pr.5 July 1725]; parish registers of Botus Fleming, Cornwall; Plymouth Archives, parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.222, 339.

William KENDALL (1664-1716)

Person ID: 7846/23343

Occ: apothecary/surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

William Kendall, the son of Roger Kendall and his wife Elizabeth, nee Vanson, was baptised at Tywardreath, near Fowey, Cornwall on 20 December 1664. Described variously as an apothecary and surgeon, he was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter at the episcopal visitation at Penryn on 23 January 1699/1700. In his application, supported by two local clergymen, Kendall claimed to have been practising surgery in the town of Fowey for several years. In the early eighteenth century, he would appear to have been acting on behalf of the navy in overseeing the care of sick and wounded seamen at Fowey.

He may have been the man of the same name who married Ann Perraman at Chagford, Devon, on 24 May 1692 (Kendall's wife is described as Ann in the baptismal record of their son William in 1711). Mr William Kendall was buried at Fowey on 9 August 1716. Without any direct heir, he placed all his lands in Lanteglos juxta Fowey and elsewhere in Cornwall in the hands of two trustees ('dear friends' Thomas Laurence, clerk, of St Winnow and **Philip Kendall** of Millbrook) who were to manage the same on behalf of the testator's wife Ann. In the event of her death, the same were to pass to Robert Kendall, the son of John Kendall, gent, of Plymouth, and thereafter to **Philip Kendall**. In the event, the two executors in trust renounced their role and administration was granted to Kendall's widow Ann on 31 July 1717. The settlement nonetheless became the subject of a case in Chancery in 1722. Mrs Anne Kendall was buried at Fowey on 9 March 1725/6. Administration of her estate was granted in the same year.

Children of William Kendall:

John, bapt.19 October 1694; buried 22 February 1694/5 [Lanteglos juxta Fowey].

Sarah, bapt.26 November 1701; buried 29 November 1702 [Fowey].

Ann, buried 30 April 1710 [Fowey].

William [with wife Ann], bapt.31 May 1711; buried 28 June 1711 [Fowey, 1701].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Tywardreath, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 47, p.242 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.118]; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Fowey; 1429A/PR/1/7 [parish registers of Chagford, Devon]; *Calendar of Treasury Books. Volume 20* [1705-6] (London, 1952), p.cxxxxvi; *Calendar of Treasury Books. Volume 27* [1713] (London, 1955), p.clxxxiii; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall; CY 298/300; AP/K/614/1-3 [will, renunciation and administration of will of William Kendall, surgeon, of Fowey, Cornwall, 23 June 1716, pr.22 October 1716 and 31 July 1717; renunciation, 24 September 1716]; **TNA, C/11/274/4**; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Lanteglos juxta Fowey, Cornwall]; AP/K/666 [administration of estate of Anne Kendall, widow, of Fowey, Cornwall, pr.1725/6].

John KESTELL (c.1679-1732)

Person ID: 7892

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

John Kestell, the son of James Kestell of Kestell (d.1719), gent, and his wife Elizabeth, nee Vaughan (d.1721), of Egloshayle, Cornwall, matriculated at Pembroke College, Oxford, on 6 June 1694, aged 15. He graduated BA in 1697/8, MA in 1700 and B Med in 1702. Kestell practised medicine at Truro until his death in 1732. He provided letters testimonial on behalf of two fellow medical practitioners in Cornwall – **Nathaniel Taunton** of Liskeard in 1720 and William Wymond of Bodmin in 1724.

Kestell married Elizabeth Lower (b.1686), the daughter of Edward Lower, gent, of Tremeer in St Tudy, Cornwall. Edward was the brother of the eminent physician and physiologist Dr **Richard Lower** as well as the Quaker doctor **Thomas Lower**. John Kestell, bachelor of physic, was buried at Egloshayle on 7 April 1732. In his will, he named his wife Elizabeth, along with three fellow trustees (John Treise, esquire, of Levethan, John Williams, esquire, of Truthan and Hugh Williams, esquire), as executors in trust charged with managing the testator's estate on behalf of his children. Administration of the will was subsequently granted to John's son James on 16 November 1733. However, it was subsequently challenged in the Court of Chancery in 1735.

Children of John Kestell and Elizabeth:

Elizabeth, bapt.8 December 1703 [Egloshayle]. She married Mr Richard Marker of Ottery St Mary at St Thomas', Exeter, Devon, 15 March 1726/7. She died on 22 June 1772 and was buried at Ottery St Mary on 30 June 1772.

Edward, bapt.24 July 1706; buried 11 June 1732 [Egloshayle]. Described as gentleman in burial entry.

James, bapt.7 October 1707 [Truro].

Dorothy, bapt.27 April 1709 [Truro].

John, bapt.27 March 1711 [Truro]

Philippa, bapt.February 1712/13 [Truro].

Lower [son], bapt.3 December 1714 [Truro].

Richard, bapt.19 April 1716 [Truro].

Thomas, bapt.30 May 1717 [Truro]. He matriculated at Pembroke College, Oxford, on 8 June 1736 and graduated BA on 15 February 1739/40 [sic]. He was buried at Egloshayle on 6 September 1739.

Juliana, bapt.16 July 1718; buried 24 March 1718/19 [Truro].

Henry, bapt.13 September 1720 [Truro].

Foster, ii, p.847; Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/483/1-3; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Bodmin; Kresen Kernow, FP52 1/2 [parish registers of Egloshayle, Cornwall]; TNA, PROB 11/662, ff.91v-92r [will of John Kestell of Kestell in Egloshayle, Cornwall, 28 March 1732, pr.16 November 1733]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, 4781/PR/1/2 [parish registers of St Thomas', Exeter, Devon]; 180A/PR/1/33 [parish registers of Ottery St Mary, Devon]; *Devon and Cornwall Notes and Queries*, 10 (1918-19), p.102 [*m.i.*, Ottery St Mary, Devon]; Foster, ii, p.791; TNA, C78/1745/7 [18 December 1735].

Thomas KIDD (fl.1655)

Person ID: 7906

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

Thomas Kidd, surgeon, married Philippa Greenway at Fowey in Cornwall on 17 December 1655. There is no other evidence that he lived or worked in Cornwall.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall.

William KIRCALDIE (d.1690)

Person ID: 7972

Occ: naval surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

Willial Kircaldie, surgeon aboard the 'Captain Spenser' of London, bound for Lisbon, was buried at Falmouth in Cornwall on 30 January 1689/90. Otherwise unidentified.

S.E.Gay and Mrs H.Fox (eds), *The Register of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials of the Parish of Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, 1663-1812* (Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1915); ii, p.691.

Thomas KNIGHTON (fl.1715-1725)

Person ID: 34961

Occ: barber/perukemaker

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Thomas Knighton practised as a barber and a perukemaker in the Cornish town of Launceston in the early eighteenth century. He baptised a daughter Ann there on 22 July 1719. He also took on three apprentices at Launceston between 1715 and 1725 but there is no further record of him in the town after the latter date.

Apprentices of Thomas Knighton, barber/perukemaker:

Richard Wadland, son of John Wadland of Poughill, Cornwall, deceased, for a premium of £5 in 1715.

Simon Kestle, son of Simon Kestle for a premium of £10 as recorded in 1719.

John Mitchell, son of Robert Mitchell, deceased, for a premium of £10 in 1725.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; TNA, IR 1/11, f.62.

John KNILL (1676-1747)

Person ID: 8006/23458

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Callington, Cornwall

John Knill was the son of George Knill (d.1676), vintner, and his wife Susanna, nee Warren, and was baptised at Launceston in Cornwall on 24 October 1676. His mother Susanna subsequently married **Michael Langdon**, surgeon, of Launceston, who left John all his drugs, surgical instruments and medical books in his will of 1709. Knill was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 23 January 1699/1700. In his application, supported by his stepfather **Michael Langdon** and Dr **Nathaniel Spry**, he claimed to have practised 'for some years last past ... the art of physic'. There is a detailed description of his treatment of one Doll Collin in the overseer for the poor's accounts for the parish of St Dominick in 1699.

Following a highly lucrative practice based at Callington, Knill retired to Tregonnett in South Hill, near Callington, as a landed gentleman with estates at Callington, St Ives and Launceston. He was buried at South Hill on 15 October 1747. He died unmarried and childless and left the bulk of a large estate to his nephew John Knill (1700-1771), surgeon, grand-nephew John Knill, the son of the testator's nephew George Knill (1697-1738), surgeon (who named his uncle as interim executor of his will in 1738), and niece Catherine Tyeth (who was also named as his executrix). More specifically, he left 'all my books ... in Physick, Anatomy, Surgery, Natural Philosophy, Chymistry, or any other Branch of Medicine with my Humane Skeleton and the Box or Case wherein the same is kept now in the Possession of Mr Calmady of Callington [Shilston Calmady, formerly apprentice to George Knill, above]' to his grand-nephew John Knill in the hope that he would take up the study and practice of medicine. In the event, he opted for a career in the law and Knill's extensive medical library was inherited by his nephew and surgeon, John Knill. In his will, he also left £5 to his apprentice Richard Beal 'in order to bind him to some new master'.

R.G.Grylls, 'Knill of Launceston and Callington', genuki.cs.ncl.ac.uk/DEV/Plymouth/Knill.html; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; A.Tinto, *Callington Doctors, the Medical History of a Cornish Town, 1690-1840*; TNA, PROB 11/521, ff.90v-92r [will of Michael Langdon, surgeon, of Launceston, Cornwall, 4 June 1709, pr.9 May 1711]; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 47, p.244 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.118]; PR 518/Cornwall/Callington; Kresen Kernow, AP/K/745 [will of George Knill, surgeon, of Callington, Cornwall, 16 January 1737/8, pr.1738]; AP/K/814 [will of John Knill, gent, of Southhill, Cornwall, 6 May 1747, pr.1 April 1748].

Roger LAMERTON (fl.1613-1671)

Person ID: 30055

Occ: barber

Loc: St Clement near Truro, Cornwall

Roger Lamerton practised as a barber in the parish of St Clement's near Truro in Cornwall between 1613 and 1671. He married twice. Firstly, he wed Azias Nancaro, widow, at St Clement's on 26 October 1613. She was buried there on 19 May 1643. Lamerton subsequently married Mrs Joan Williams at St Clement's on 4 January 1643/4. In the 1664 Hearth Tax returns he is listed with one hearth but with the following note: 'no such person or house to be found'. He may be the man of the same name, described as a gentleman, who with John Davey made an agreement relating to a property in Pyder Street in Kenwyn and Truro. Lamerton died sometime between July 1671 and June 1676. He left numerous legacies, including property in the parish of St Clement's, to various relations including a daughter-in-law Elizabeth Howell, grandchildren (son and daughter of Sampson Bloyes of Penryn) and even great grandchildren. His brother John Lamerton proved the will as the original executor, the testator's grandson Francis Howell, had died in the interim.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Clement's near Truro, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, PL/35 [1664]; TNA, PROB 11/351, ff.102r [will of Roger Lamerton, barber, of St Clement's near Truro, Cornwall, 24 July 1671, pr.21 June 1676].

Michael LANGDON (d.1709)

Person ID: 8111

Occ: apothecary/surgeon/physician

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Michael Langdon was the son of Robert Langdon and his wife Joan, nee Jeffrey. He was brought up in poverty in the parish of St Sidwell's, Exeter, but both he and his brother Thomas later prospered due to the intervention of Robert's brother-in-law Nicholas Jeffrey (d.1676). Following the latter's death, Jeffrey's will became the subject of a law suit in Chancery between Michael Langdon and the executors who accused the former of belittling the financial assistance that he had received from Jeffrey. Langdon served an apprenticeship under the Plymouth surgeon **John Yonge the younger** in whose will of 1670 he is described as 'my late servant' and was given 20d for a mourning ring. Langdon subsequently set up in practice as an apothecary, surgeon and physician at Launceston in Cornwall where he was living in 1677 when he was made an extra licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians in London (on 21 September) with testimonials signed by the Plymouth physicians **John Sprague** and **Thomas Spencer**.

Langdon married Susanna Knill (b.1643), the widow of George Knill (d.1676), tobacconist and vintner of Callington in Cornwall, and daughter of William Warren, vintner, of Plymouth. The couple baptised five children at Launceston between 1678 and 1687. Langdon is frequently described as a gentleman in various large-scale land transactions in Cornwall in the period around the turn of the century which included the joint purchase of a mill in South Petherwin. Langdon died on 3 August 1709 and was buried in the chancel of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, two days later. On the evidence of his will, he was not only very rich but very well connected. The chief beneficiaries of his will were his wife Susanna and son William, a merchant in Bristol. Langdon also bequeathed a further £900 to his married daughter Susanna in addition to her portion and there were numerous bequests to kinfolk including stepchildren. In particular, he left his stepson **John Knill**, surgeon, 'my shop of druggs', utensils and 'books in my library as they refer to Physick and Surgery' (Langdon had also provided Knill with a testimonial when he sought a diocesan licence in 1699). Langdon also placed £20 in trust, the interest to be used for the upkeep of the charity school recently erected in Launceston. Mrs Susanna Langdon, widow, was buried at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston on 12 April 1714. She left a series of small bequests to various family members and named her daughter Susanna as residual legatee and executrix. Nonconformist sympathies are also suggested by the bequest of a gold ring to Michael Martin (d.1745), a Presbyterian minister in Launceston, and his wife.

Children of Michael Langdon and Susanna:

Michael, bapt.21 February 1677/8; buried 21 March 1677/8 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

Michael, bapt.25 March 1679; buried 1 July 1681 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

William, bapt.28 August 1681 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. He married Joanna Mansell, the daughter of Sir Edward Mansell of Trimsaran, Carmarthenshire

Susanna, bapt.27 November 1683 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. She married Robert Tynte of Sydenham, Devon, and Pitminster, Somerset (he was the son of a baronet).

Judith, bapt.24 November 1687 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

R.G.Grylls, 'Knill of Launceston and Callington',
genuki.cs.ncl.ac.uk/DEV/Plymouth/Knill.html; TNA, C6/231/33, 36; C6/596/11; TNA,
PROB 11/336, ff.350r-351r [will of John Young the younger, chirurgian, of Plymouth,
Devon, 3 November 1670, pr.25 July 1671]; Royal College of Physicians Library, London,
Annals, iv, f.124a [Munk, i, p.396]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene,
Launceston, Cornwall]; RD/6, 10-12; S/25; BRA 898/47; TNA, PROB 11/521, ff.90v-92r
[will of Michael Langdon, surgeon, of Launceston, Cornwall, 4 June 1709, pr.9 May 1711];
Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Launceston; PROB 11/540, ff.233r-v [will of
Susanna Langdon, widow, of Launceston, Cornwall, 1 October 1712, pr.22 June 1714].

John LEWARNE (d.1728)

Person ID: 34974

Occ: barber/victualler

Loc: St Columb Major, Cornwall

John Lewarne, son of John Lewarne, barber, of Columb St Major, Cornwall, was apprenticed to Thomas Greby, sergeweaver, of Weare Gifford, Devon (as registered in 1712). He described himself as a victualler in his will and was buried at St Columb Major on 30 January 1727/8.

Children of John Lewarne:

Jonathan, bapt.4 July 1690 [St Columb Major].

Elizabeth, bapt.25 November 1692; buried 3 September 1699 [St Columb Major].

Jonathan, bapt.30 December 1693 [St Columb Major].

Mary, bapt.1 February 1694/5 [St Columb Major].

Walter, bapt.18 March 1695/6 [St Columb Major].

John, bapt.23 October 1697 [St Columb Major]. He was apprenticed to Thomas Grey, sergeweaver, of Weare Gifford, Devon, 1712.

Elizabeth, bapt.22 June 1700 [St Columb Major].

Jane, bapt.10 January 1702/3; buried 29 April 1704 [St Columb Major].

TNA, IR 1/1, f.163; parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; **AP/L/1316 [will and inventory of John Lewarne, victualler, of St Columb Major, pr.1727/8].**

Tobias LEY (1687-1747)

Person ID: 8377

Occ: surgeon/licensed physician

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Tobias Ley, the son of Andrew Ley (d.1738), gent, and his wife Elizabeth, was born on 15 May 1687 and was baptised at St Erme, Cornwall, on 24 May 1687. Nothing is known of his medical training but given his sponsors (below), there is every chance that he was either apprenticed or trained in London. Ley, of Truro, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine throughout the province of Canterbury on 14 June 1711. In securing a licence, he received the support and approbation of four eminent London physicians, **Daniel Coxe, Salisbury Cade, Richard Mead** and **Thomas Rolfe**.

Ley married Jane Gregor, the daughter of Thomas Gregor, at St Erme on 9 June 1713. In a post-nuptial agreement, Ley made a jointure settlement on his wife and her sister for a

property in Pydar Street in the borough of Truro in 1713 which was extended in 1717. He also invested in a copper mine at Parkanbowen in the 1720s. Jane Ley, the wife of Mr Tobias Ley, was buried at Truro on 2 April 1737. Tobias was buried there on 31 March 1747. Administration of the estate of Tobias Ley, gentleman and surgeon, was granted in the same year.

Children of Mr Tobias Ley and Jane:

Elizabeth, bapt.23 April 1714 [Truro].

Jane, bapt.27 September 1715 [Truro].

Andrew, bapt.14 February 1716/17 [Truro]. He was alive in 1739 [lease].

Anne, bapt.15 May 1718; buried 22 December 1720 [Truro].

Margery, bapt.23 May 1720 [Truro].

Ann, bapt.21 April 1726; buried 10 December 1729 [Truro].

Apprentices of Tobias Ley, surgeon:

Hercules Thomas, son of Hercules Thomas, deceased, for 7 years for £20 on 29 July 1718.

Described as a 'chemist', he married Frances Foote of Truro at Ladock on 20 August 1730 and was buried at Truro on 5 February 1737/8.

Thomas Saunders, son of John Saunders of Exeter, Devon, for. 7 years for £20 on 4 July 1724.

Henry Gregor, son of Francis Gregor (d.1716) and his wife Honoria (d.1752), for 7 years for £20 on 19 April 1725. He was baptised at Truro on 8 January 1708/9 and was buried there on 2 December 1734.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erme, Cornwall; Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/464; VG 1/6, f.256v; Tenison 2, f.290 [*Directory*, i, no.511]; Kresen Kernow, EN/863-5; EN/561, 1511 [Chancery case, 1721-35]; BTRU/42/1-2; parish registers of St Mary's, Truro, Cornwall; B/1/14/63; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.244, 361, 524, 590 [TNA, IR 1/10, f.164; 1/48, f.103]; Kresen Kernow, AP/L/1560 [administration of will of Tobias Ley, gentleman and surgeon, of Truro, Cornwall, 1737].

Joseph LILLICRAP (1686-1770)

Person ID: 34032

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

Joseph Lillicrap was the son of Mrs Edmund Lillicrap and his wife Anne and was baptised at Falmouth in Cornwall on 20 November 1686. He was licensed to marry Lydia Board, the daughter of Mr Ralph Board, on 3 December 1717 and was buried at Falmouth on 4 April 1770, aged 84. He left the entirety of his estate to his son Joseph, who had trained under his father, and practised surgery at Falmouth until his death in 1771.

Children of Joseph Lillicrap:

Joseph, bapt.3 January 1719/20 [Falmouth]. He trained under his father and was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 23 March 1744. Joseph was buried at Falmouth on 21 December 1771.

Thomas, bapt.26 January 1723/4; buried 21 February 1723/4 [Falmouth].
Edmund, bapt.10 August 1725; buried 11 February 1725/6 [Falmouth].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, diocese of Exeter marriage licences and allegations; TNA, PROB 11/957, ff.356v-357r [will of Joseph Lillicrap, surgeon, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 31 August 1766 and 12 March 1770, pr.22 May 1770]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.366.

Andrew LIVINGSTONE (d.1737)

Person ID: 34033

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Padstow and St Austell, Cornwall

Andrew Livingstone practised as a surgeon in Cornwall in the first half of the eighteenth century. Initially, he settled with his wife Elizabeth at Padstow where he baptised four children between 1707 and 1714. Livingstone later removed to St Austell where his wife Elizabeth was buried on 24 November 1734. Andrew was buried there on 1 April 1737. He left a small estate worth £55 (which included an old plaster box and salvatory, lancet case with six lancets, other instruments, old books, syrups and medicines) and named his two children William and Anne as sole legatees and joint executors.

Children of Andrew Livingstone and Elizabeth:

Catherine, bapt.1 September 1707; buried 22 March 1709 [Padstow].

John, bapt.6 September 1709; buried 27 April 1710 [Padstow].

William, bapt.28 August 1711 [Padstow]. Alive in 1737 [will].

Anne, bapt.21 December 1714 [will]. She married William Elliot at Lostwithiel, 5 June 1748.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Padstow, Cornwall; parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; AP/L/1424 [will and inventory of Andrew Livingstone, surgeon, of St Austell, Cornwall, 7 March 1736/7, pr.17 October 1737]; parish registers of Lostwithiel, Cornwall.

Anthony LONG (fl.1697-1714)

Person ID: 8521

Occ: physician

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Anthony Long, doctor of medicine, married Thomasine Courtney at Padstow, Cornwall, on 14 March 1712/13. He was described as MD of Truro in 1712 and 1714 when he subscribed towards the publication of Pierre Pomet's *Compleat History of Drugs* (1712) and John Walker's *An Attempt towards Recovering an Account of the Numbers and Sufferings of the Clergy* (1714).

In all likelihood, he was Anthony Long, the son of the Devon clergyman Thomas Long (d.1707) and his wife Bridget, the daughter of bishop Anthony Sparrow, who was baptised at St Lawrence's, Exeter, Devon on 19 July 1679. He was admitted as a pensioner at St John's College, Cambridge, on 22 May 1697, aged 17, matriculated the same year, but never graduated. He was the grandson of the clergyman Thomas Long (1621-1707) who befriended the Anglican apologist John Walker (1674-1747) and was one of the chief inspirations behind

his project to chronicle the lives of those Anglican clergymen who had lost their livings during the civil wars (above).

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Padstow, Cornwall; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.373; Devon Heritage Centre, parish registers of St Lawrence, Exeter, Devon; Venn, iii, p.102.

Thomas LUKEY (d.1764)

Person ID: 8621

Occ: apothecary/surgeon

Loc: Helston, Cornwall

Described variously as an apothecary and surgeon, Thomas Lukey, the son of Henry Lukey (d.1715) of Helston practised in the town for over fifty years in the eighteenth century. He married Ann Hawkins at Helston on 16 May 1705 and the couple baptised six children in the town between 1705 and 1713. He is named in numerous property deeds between 1716 and 1732 in all of which he is referred to as an apothecary. He later settled lands at Hendra and elsewhere in Cornwall on his two married daughters Loveday and Blanch. In the latter years of his life, he was engaged in numerous sales of property at St Winnow and Helston presumably to raise much-needed revenue. Lukey's wife Ann was buried at Helston on 6 January 1751/2. Further property transactions followed prior to his death and burial on 29 March 1764. Administration of the estate of Thomas Lukey, gentleman, was granted later the same year.

Thomas Lukey, surgeon, of Helston provided letters testimonial on behalf of **Robert Turnbull** of Redruth, Cornwall, a candidate for an archiepiscopal licence to practise medicine, in May 1705.

Children of Thomas Lukey and Ann:

Thomas, bapt.30 April 1705 [Helston]. He was apprenticed to **Alexander Wolcott**, surgeon, of Fowey, 6 February 1722/3. Thomas Lukey Jnr, surgeon, married Margaret Penrose at Helston on 8 October 1733 and was buried there on 31 March 1737. She subsequently married James Cockram, surgeon, of Helston.

Loveday, bapt.23 May 1707 [Helston]. She married Reginald Bawden, esquire, of Penryn, at Helston on 24 November 1740.

Blanch, 8 June 1709 [Helston]. She married Richard Sandys, gent, of Helston at Cury, Cornwall, 31 August 1732.

Henry, bapt.22 November 1710 [Helston].

John, bapt.7 October 1712; buried 25 October 1712 [Helston].

Anne, 3 March 1713/14; buried 20 October 1745 [Helston].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; AD 2696/2 and 4; AR/4/1293, 1294, 1423-4; CF/1/1355-9; CL/1/399/9; T/63, 515; ML 196-7; AR/4/883; BPENR/124; AP/L/1428 [will of Thomas Lukey Jnr, surgeon, of Helston, Cornwall, 14 March 1736/7, pr.27 April 1737]; AP/L/1715 [administration of will of Thomas Lukey, gentleman, of Helston, Cornwall, pr.1764]; Lambeth Palace Library, FII/46/45a-b; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.379, 662; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Cury, Cornwall.

John LYDSTON (1613-1671)

Person ID: 8653

Occ: clergyman/physician/surgeon

Loc: St Mellion & Saltash, Cornwall

John Lydston was the son of John Lydston of Ilsington, Devon, and was born at Combe, near Stoke Fleming, Devon, on 18 July 1613. He matriculated at Trinity College, Oxford, in 1634 and graduated BA in 1636 and MA (from St Alban Hall) in 1639. Lydston served as a chaplain in the parliamentary army during the civil war and was captured by the royalists and imprisoned at Exeter after the battle at Lostwithiel in 1644. He was installed as rector of St Mellion Cornwall on 31 January 1647/8 and held the cure until his deprivation at the Restoration. Initially on good terms with his successor, Thomas Granger, at St Mellion, he moved to Saltash where he was living in in 1665. There, he was prosecuted for holding a conventicle. Lydston was also practising medicine. His collection of medical and surgical receipts can be found among the papers of Sir Hans Sloane.

John Lydston married Margaret Whiddon, the daughter of Mr Francis Whiddon, rector of Moretonhampstead, Devon, at St Mellion on 14 February 1653/4. He died on 3 September 1671. His nuncupative will, proved by his widow Margaret in 1672, left an estate valued at almost £350 to his wife and daughter Anne. He owned a decent sized library valued at £30.

Children of John Lydston and Margaret:

Anne or Anna, bapt.22 November 1654 [St Mellion].

Francis, bapt.26 April 1656 [St Mellion].

Margaret, bapt.4 May 1658 [St Mellion].

Jane, bapt.7 January 1659/60 [St Mellion].

Mary, bapt.12 January 1661/2 [St Mellion].

A.G.Matthews, *Calamy Revised* (Oxford, 1934; reissued 1988), p.331; Edmund Calamy, *A Continuation of the Account of the Ministers, Lecturers, Masters and Fellows ... who were Ejected and Silenced ... by or before the Act of Uniformity*, 2 vols (London, 1727), pp.223-5; Foster, iii, p.913; **British Library, Sloane MS 500, ff.1-20; Kresen Kernow, AD409/13**; parish register of St Mellion, Cornwall.

John LYNE (d.1682)

Person ID: 8661

Occ: physician

Loc: St Cleer, Cornwall

John Lyne of St Cleer, Cornwall, applied for a licence to practise as a specialist in the cure of the mentally ill in the diocese of Exeter on 3 December 1662. He claimed to been 'for several years past a practitioner in the care of lunatique & distracted persons'. Among those who supported the application were Dr **Anthony Salter** of Exeter and three local ministers as well as Dr **William Durston** of Plymouth who attested to the fact that Lyne wished only to pursue the cure of the mentally ill and that he had given 'a pretty good account of his methodicall proceeding in that cure'.

It is not possible to identify Lyne as the name was very common at St Cleer at this time. He may have been the son of William Lyne, yeoman, of St Cleer who was the principal

beneficiary of his father's will in 1657. Alternatively, he may be the same as the John Lyne, gent, of Newton in the parish of St Cleer who was buried there on 4 April 1682. In his will, Lyne mentions various grandchildren, a wife Elizabeth and children Samuel, Mary and Elizabeth (there described as Elizabeth Chenoweth). An inventory valued his estate at just over £300. One John Lyne the younger was named as one of the trustees and overseers of the will of **James Moore** of Liskeard in 1694. He is probably the John Lyne of Liskeard who was licensed to practise medicine and surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 28 March 1723.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/St Cleer [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.120]; TNA, PROB 11/279, f.338r [will of William Lyne, yeoman, of St Cleer, Cornwall, 25 February 1656/7, pr.27 July 1658]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Cleer, Cornwall; AP/L/812/1-2 [will and inventory of John Lyne, gentleman, of St Cleer, Cornwall, 23 March 1681/2, pr.21 April 1682]; AP/M/1478 [will of James Moore, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 6 April 1694, pr.21 October 1696]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.380.

Noah MAHUN or MOON (fl.1709-1710)

Person ID: 8700

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: St Endellion, Cornwall

Noah Mahun or Moon of St Endellion, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery at St Endellion on 1 July 1709. Mahun's application included certificates supplied by **John Downton** and **John Pearce**, both Exeter-based surgeons, who attested to his fitness for practice. He was also able to rely on the support of the curate, churchwardens and constables of the parish.

Noah Moon married Mary Chubb at Tyewardreath, Cornwall, on 10 September 1710.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/St Endellion [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.120]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Tyewardreath, Cornwall.

William MANN (1673-1703)

Person ID: 34034

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

William Mann, the eldest son of Julius Mann (d.1707), innkeeper, and his wife Elizabeth, nee Kingdon, was baptised at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, on 16 March 1672/3. He married Elizabeth May of Launceston at Lawhitton on 9 August 1695 and practised as a barber (and probably wigmaker) in Launceston where he was buried on 19 February 1702/3. An inventory assessed the value of his estate at £95 8s, including shop books (£40) and hair and wigs (£6) with administration proved on 21 June 1703.

Children of William Mann and Elizabeth:

Nicholas, bapt.30 June 1697 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. He practised as a barber at Launceston and was buried there on 20 December 1736.

Elizabeth, bapt.24 July 1699 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

Joseph, bapt.4 June 1702 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

William, bapt.28 October 1703 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; parish registers of Lawhitton, Cornwall; AP/M/1586 [inventory and administration of will of William Mann of Launceston, Cornwall, 14 March 1702/3, pr.21 June 1703].

Hierardus MAURITIUS (fl.1614-1637)

Person ID: 8978

Occ: licensed surgeon/physician? Loc: Saltash, Cornwall & Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire?

Hierardus Mauritius of Saltash, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery within a twenty-five-mile radius of Plymouth and Saltash on 29 August 1614. Otherwise unidentified in Cornish records. He may, however, be the same as the Gerard Mawris, physician, whose daughter Mary was buried at Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire, on 11 January 1636/7.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 42, p.144 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.120]; Gloucestershire Archives, P 329/1 IN 1/6 [parish registers of Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire, 1634-1688].

Andrew MAY or MAYE (c.1649-1706)

Person ID: 34035

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Andrew May or Maye was the son of Samuel May, vicar of St Veep, Cornwall. He matriculated at Magdalene College, Cambridge, on 12 May 1665, aged 16, and proceeded to graduate BA in 1668/9 and MA in 1672. He was described as 'clerk' in 1673 so may have been in holy orders. From the late 1680s, however, he is repeatedly referred to as Doctor May or Andrew May, doctor of physic. He married twice. Firstly, he wed Mrs Grace Gregor (1651-1692), the widow of William Gregor of Truro and daughter of Samuel Enys, at Gluvias on 2 July 1689. She was buried at Truro on 22 January 1691/2. May subsequently married Jane Gregor (b.1669), the daughter of Francis Gregor, esquire, in 1693. May practised medicine at Truro until his death in 1706. He was buried in the chancel of St Mary's, Truro, on 25 June 1706.

Children of Andrew May and Grace:

Mary, bapt.10 April 1691 [St Columb Major]. She married John Collins of Treworgan in St Erme.

Children of Dr Andrew May and Jane:

Samuel, bapt.19 July 1694; buried 30 March 1696 [Truro].

Ursula, bapt.5 September 1695; buried 26 May 1696 [Truro].

Jane, bapt.18 March 1696/7 [Truro].
Ursula, bapt.4 April 1699; buried 12 May 1699 [Truro].
Elizabeth, bapt.20 May 1700 [Truro].
Andrew, bapt.11 February 1703; buried 28 November 1707 [Truro].

Venn, iii, p.166; Kresen Kernow, EL/38/6 [marriage settlement of Mary May, daughter of Samuel May, 17 November 1673]; R/1576; parish registers of Gluvias, Cornwall; EN/1898, f.18; EN/811 [1693]; parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Deanery of Trigg Minor, in the County of Cornwall*, 2 vols (London, 1873-6), i, p.332.

Francis MAY or MAYE (1679-1714)

Person ID: 17943

Occ: apothecary

Loc: St Columb Major, Cornwall

Francis May was the son of Mr Samuel May (d.1687), gent, and his wife Elizabeth and was baptised at St Columb Major, Cornwall, on 7 October 1679. He practised as an apothecary in his native St Columb Major where he was buried on 7 June 1714. His estate, which included a parcel of apothecary goods (£14), was valued at just £56 10s. Mrs Mary May, widow, was buried at St Columb Major on 12 November 1727.

Samuel, the son of Mr Francis May and his wife Mary, was baptised at St Columb Major on 26 September 1713. Educated at Cambridge, he served as a fellow of Pembroke College there from 1740 until his death in 1787.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; AP/M/1815 [inventory and obligation of will of Francis Maye, apothecary, of St Columb Major, Cornwall, 1 and 7 May 1715]; Venn, iii, p.167

John MAY or MAYE (1672-1708 or 1709)

Person ID: 15785

Occ: barber

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

John May or Maye, the son of Nicholas May (d.1695), was baptised at Launceston, Cornwall, on 10 June 1672. A barber, and probably a periwigmaker, he married Grace Yeo at Launceston on 29 September 1697 and died sometime before January 1708/9. An inventory of his goods, including wigs and hair (£6), and razors and combs (£2), estimated their value at just over £100.

Children of John May:

Elizabeth, bapt.15 May 1703 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. She was alive in 1709 [will].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; AP/M/1691 [inventory and obligation of will of John May, barber, of Launceston, Cornwall, 18 January 1708/9 and 7 February 1708/9].

Nathaniel MAY or MAYE (1630-1676)

Person ID: 8994

Occ: apothecary/licensed physician

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Nathaniel May was the son of Mr Joseph May, vicar of St Neot, Cornwall, and his wife Elizabeth, and was baptised at St Neot on 24 January 1629/30. May's father Joseph was sequestrated from his living at St Austell and St Neot in about 1646 and later appeared on the major generals' list of suspected persons in 1655. Nathaniel May practised as an apothecary at Truro where, on 1 July 1675, he was licensed to practise medicine in the diocese of Exeter. May married twice. Firstly, he wed Joan Hickes at St Ewe, Cornwall, in November 1656. She was buried at Truro on 4 September 1661. May then married Dorothy Chatty at Truro on 1 April 1663. Nathaniel May or Maye, described as 'a magistrate of this town', was buried at Truro on 27 December 1676. He left an estate valued at over £300 (including a study of books and 'some instruments of his craft' valued at £5) as well as a house and garden in Truro to his wife Dorothy and three daughters (unnamed, who were to receive £600, presumably on the sale of that property after the death of the testator's wife).

May was the younger brother of the Dr **Theophilus May**, MD of Padua, who died in the service of the Levant Company in Persia in 1649 or 1650.

Children of Nathaniel May and Joan:

Nathaniel, bapt.10 September 1658; buried 25 May 1659 [Truro].

Elizabeth, bapt.30 January 1659/60 [Truro].

Joan, bapt.29 August 1661 [Truro].

Children of Nathaniel May and Dorothy:

Theodore, bapt.25 February 1663/4 [Truro].

Mary, bapt.14 February 1664/5 [Truro].

Nathaniel, bapt.3 September 1667 [Truro].

Humphrey, bapt.17 November 1668 [Truro].

Elizabeth, bapt.12 November 1669 [Truro].

Catherine, bapt.28 July 1671 [Truro].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Neot, Cornwall; *Walker Revised*, ed.A.G.Matthews (Oxford, 1948), p.95; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 45, p.370 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.120]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Ewe, Cornwall; parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; AP/M/1087 [will and inventory of Nathaniel May, gent, of Truro, Cornwall, 24 December 1676, pr.8 February 1676/7; inventory dated 16 January 1676/7]; TNA, PROB 11/213, ff.297r-v [will of Theophilus May, doctor of physic, 22 April 1649, pr.2 September 1650].

Rene MELUN (d.1707)

Person ID: 9055

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

Rene Melun was almost certainly a Huguenot immigrant who first appears in English records at Falmouth in Cornwall where he baptised six children between 1692 and 1703. He is identified as a surgeon in the baptismal record of his daughter Judith in 1693. Mr Rene Melun was buried at Falmouth on 12 March 1706/7.

Children of Rene Melun:

Philip? Philip, the son of Reynold Mellen was baptised at Fowey on 6 May 1689, while

Philip Melun, the son of Philip Melun [sic], was buried at Falmouth on 8 September 1695.

Rene, buried 7 April 1692 [Falmouth].

Jane, bapt.18 September 1692; buried 24 June 1700 [Falmouth].

Judith, bapt.31 December 1693; buried 1 July 1697 [Falmouth].

Elizabeth, bapt.21 June 1696 [Falmouth].

Micon, bapt.10 December 1697 [Falmouth]. He was apprenticed to Henry Muster, goldsmith, of Plymouth, Devon, for £40 as registered in 1712. A goldsmith, he was buried at Falmouth on 12 January 1757.

Stephen, bapt.28 April 1701; buried 14 June 1702 [Falmouth].

Petrus Renatus, bapt.31 October 1703 [Falmouth].

S.E.Gay and Mrs H.Fox (eds), *The Register of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials of the Parish of Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, 1663-1812* (Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1915), i, pp.157, 159, 163, 165, 170, 173; ii, pp.699, 700, 702, 704, 711, ???; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall; TNA, IR 1/42, f.129.

Ralph MERRY (d.1713)

Person ID: 9086

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Marazion, Cornwall

On 12 July 1706, Ralph Merry of Marazion, Cornwall, applied for a licence to practise physic and surgery in the diocese of Exeter. He claimed to have resided and practised in the town of Marazion 'for some years' and secured the support of numerous prominent townspeople including the mayor, minister and churchwardens. Medical testimonials were supplied by **Edmund Oliver**, physician, one Mr Coe, surgeon, and **James Edgcumbe**, surgeon. Merry, of St Hilary in Marazion was licensed to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 21 August 1706. He later signed similar testimonials, as a surgeon, on behalf of **Benjamin Sperton** of Gwinear, Cornwall, in September 1712.

Ralph Merry 'of the town' [of Marazion] was buried at St Hilary on 4 May 1713. He is probably the 'Mr.R.Mary of Marazion' who baptised a daughter Clarinda Mary at nearby Ludgvan on 21 October 1712.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Marazion; Chanter MS 48, *sub* 21 August 1706 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.121]; PR 518/Cornwall/Gwinear; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Hilary, Cornwall; parish registers of Ludgvan, Cornwall.

Moses MOLLER (fl.1635)

Person ID: 24221

Occ: barber

Loc: Padstow, Cornwall

On 18 February 1634/5, Moses Moller of Padstow, barber, was examined by the magistrates of Dorchester as he travelled through the town. There, he claimed that three years previously, he had volunteered to go to the Low Countries to serve the states. He travelled from London under the command of Sir Thomas Lucas, whom he served at Brill garrison in Holland for three years. He claimed to have a discharge from the Prince of Orange, granted about 12 months ago, and since then has continued in his trade of barber, now travelling home to Cornwall. He added that he 'confesseth that he was burnt in the shoulder in Holland some 2 yeares since for departing from his Captaine', but swore that the pass from the Prince of Orange and one from the Lord Mayor of London are genuine. He was allowed to pass. There is no sign of him in Cornish registers or archives.

Dorset Heritage Centre, DC/DOB 8/1, f.262r.

James MOORE (d.1696)

Person ID: 9275

Occ: apothecary/surgeon

Loc: Cullompton, Devon

In 1677, a settlement certificate was granted to James Moore, bachelor of Cullompton, Devon, to settle at Liskeard in Cornwall as he wished to 'travel for his better knowledge in the practice of Phisicke and Surgery'. In the same year, on 13 November 1677, he married Tryphenia Ham at St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon. Moore may have wished to settle in Liskeard as it was also the home of his 'loving sister' Obedience who had married John Anstis there eight years earlier (he left small bequests to his sister and her children in his will of 1694). After Moore's first wife Tryphenia died (she was buried at Liskeard on 10 April 1687), he married Mary Trowt at Quethiock, near Liskeard, on 8 August 1687.

Mr James Moore was buried at Liskeard on 30 September 1696. He named his son James as principal beneficiary leaving him a house and land as well as books and silver instruments 'and all things that were his mother's and all utensils that belongeth to my shop and the stills'. He named his other son John as residual legatee and nominated Mr Joseph Tanton or Taunton, vicar of Quethiock, John Lyne the younger and Dr **Matthew Wickham** to act as trustees and overseers. An inventory of his estate valued his goods at £207 which included apothecary medicines in the shop worth £14 10s.

Joseph Tanton's son **Nathaniel Tanton**, who was gifted 'one of the best rings I wear in case he lives with me at the time of my decease', may have served as Moore's apprentice.

Children of James Moore and Tryphenia:

Elizabeth, bapt.13 August 1678 [Liskeard].

Sarah, bapt.31 March 1680 [Liskeard].

Children of James Moore and Mary:

James, bapt.20 March 1690/1 [Liskeard].

John. Alive in 1694 [will].

Devon Heritage Centre, 2404A/PO 193/15; Plymouth Archives, parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; parish registers of Quethiock, Cornwall; CM/840-2; AP/M/1478/1-3 [will, inventory and obligation of James Moore, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 6 April 1694, pr.21 October 1696; inventory dated 8 October 1696].

Daniel MOYLE (1691-1724)

Person ID: 9449

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Lanteglos juxta Fowey, Cornwall

Daniel Moyle, the son of Daniel Moyle (d.1706), mariner and merchant, and his wife Anne (d.1734), the daughter of Thomas Pyke of Lanteglos, was baptised at Lanteglos juxta Fowey on 31 March 1691. A surgeon, he married Ann Hawkins at St Austell on 15 April 1718. Moyle was involved in numerous land transactions in which he frequently referred to himself as a gentleman and at the time of his death was living at Polruan, a fishing village on the inlet opposite to Fowey. He was buried at Lanteglos by Fowey on 30 April 1724. Moyle died a wealthy man. He left the property at Polruan to his mother Anne ('where she formerly lived') as well as an annuity of £20 pa and bequeathed other properties in Polruan and Lanteglos to his eldest daughter Anne, who also served as executrix. In addition, he left a portion of £800 to his youngest daughter Barbara.

Children of Daniel Moyle and Anne:

Anne, bapt.18 January 1718/19 [Lanteglos juxta Fowey].

Elizabeth, bapt.24 November 1719; buried 10 January 1719/20 [Lanteglos juxta Fowey].

Barbara, bapt.5 July 1723 [Lanteglos juxta Fowey].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Lanteglos juxta Fowey, Cornwall; parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; CF/1/4239; CF/1/1552-8; CN/3026; AP/M/1942 [will of Daniel Moyle, surgeon, of Lanteglos juxta Fowey, Cornwall, 4 March 1723/4, pr.4 May 1724]; CN/3026 [case and opinion on will of Daniel Moyle of Lanteglos by Fowey, June 1740].

Joseph MOYLE (1636-1701)

Person ID: 34036

Occ: medical student

Loc: St Germans, Cornwall

Joseph Moyle was the son of John Moyle (d.1661), esquire, and his wife Admonition, the daughter of Edmund Prideaux of Netherton, Devon, and was baptised at St Germans, Cornwall, on 27 November 1636. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 22 March 1658/9 but did not graduate (possibly as a result of his father's support for the parliamentarian cause in the civil wars). Moyle himself explained in an undated petition addressed to the duke of Ormond, Chancellor of Oxford University, that he after entering Oxford aged about 20, he 'applied himself to the study of physic but, after six years standing, he was called from the University by his father's death and forced by some extraordinary occasion to remain in the country ever since, although he has followed his studies with great industry & considerable proficiency'. He asked leave to proceed MD, notwithstanding his absence and failure to take other degrees, but was seemingly unsuccessful. There is no

evidence that Moyle ever practised medicine. He seems instead to have lived the life of a country gentleman on his estates at Bake in St Germans where he was buried on 17 May 1701.

Moyle was the younger brother of Sir Walter Moyle (1627-1701) who sat as MP for Cornwall and Lostwithiel between 1654 and 1660 and was knighted in 1664.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Germans, Cornwall; Foster, iii, p.1043; *Historical Manuscripts Collection. Calendar of the Manuscripts of the Marquess of Ormonde, K.P., Preserved at Kilkenny Castle, vo.IV* (London, 1906), p.608; Kresen Kernow, X27/2.

William MUDEN (d.1745)

Person ID: 16859

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Mevagissey, Cornwall

William Muden practised as an apothecary at Mevagissey in Cornwall in the first half of the eighteenth century. He may have been the man of the same name who married Mary Ward, the daughter of John Ward, at St Austell on 15 February 1712/13. However, this may be the William Muden who was buried at St Austell on 6 August 1727. The first definitive reference to Muden can be found in the accounts of Lewis Tremayne of Heligan in the parish of St Ewe who made payments to the apothecary in 1720-1. He was named in a number of leases and investments in tin bounds between 1731 and 1741. Mr William Muden, apothecary, was buried at Mevagissey on 9 February 1744/5. Having died childless, he named his wife Mary as the principal beneficiary of his will. She inherited various properties in Mevagissey and Portmellion as well as a moiety of a tin bound in St Mewan. He left several other tin bounds to his niece Anne Pound.

Children of John Muden:

John, bapt.29 December 1719; buried 3 July 1720 [Mevagissey].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; T/1314 [accounts of Lewis Tremayne, 1720-1]; AR/14/440 [7 February 1734]; CN/892 [1741]; parish registers of Mevagissey, Cornwall; AP/M/2382 [will of William Muden, apothecary, of Mevagissey, Cornwall, 15 January 1744/5, pr.30 April 1745].

John NEAL or NEALE (1687-1746)

Person ID: 34962

Occ: barber/perukemaker

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

John Neale or Neale, the son of William Neale, postmaster, was baptised at Launceston, Cornwall, on 7 September 1687. He practised as a barber and perukemaker in Launceston until his death in 1746. He may have been the Neils or Neols who married Elizabeth Reynolds at Launceston on 5 October 1715. The registers record no baptisms to the couple. John Neal, barber, was buried at Launceston on 10 April 1746. His will was proved the same year.

Apprentices of John Neal or Neale, barber/perukemaker:

Henry Ellery, son of Francis Ellery of St Stephen by Launceston, miller, for a premium of £10 10s as recorded in 1712.

Matthew Carenew, son of Loveday Carenew, widow, for a premium of £10 as recorded in 1717.

John Nancollins of Launceston for a premium of £13 in 1724.

John Couch, son of Richard Couch, for £10 10s as recorded in 1743.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall; TNA, IR 1/1, f.120; 1/45, f.130; 1/50, f.309.

Robert NETTING (fl.1699-1700)

Person ID: 34037

Occ: barber

Loc: Tregony, Cornwall

Robert Netting, barber, of Tregony was described as 38 years old when acting as a witness in a late seventeenth-century adultery case in the village of Tregony. He married Lendeborah Wolfe at Cuby with Tregony on 10 July 1699.

Children of Robert Netting and Lendeborah:

Thamson [Thomasine?], bapt.28 March 1699/1700 [Cuby with Tregony].

Elizabeth, bapt.8 September 1700 [Cuby with Tregony].

Kresen Kernow, ARD/151/3; parish registers of Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall.

Valentine NEVILL or NEVILLE (d.1696)

Person ID: 9611

Occ: physician

Loc: Penryn, Cornwall

Valentine Nevill or Neville practised as a physician in the Cornish town of Penryn from about 1664 until his death in 1696. He is first mentioned in 1664 when he baptised a daughter Grace at the local church of St Gluvias and was recorded as living in a house with ten hearths. A year later, Valentine Nevill of Penryn was described in a diocesan survey as practising medicine at Penryn but 'whether Licensed I know not'. He later signed applications for episcopal licences for **James Trenhaye** of Ludgvan (undated) and **Benjamin Berry**, surgeon, of Falmouth (1686).

Mr Valentine Nevill was buried at St Gluvias on 6 April 1696. His wife Grace (otherwise unidentified) was buried there on 7 August 1700. Both their wills were subsequently destroyed but details of various property transactions involving Nevill in a local area survive.

Children of Valentine Nevill and Grace:

Grace, bapt.5 April 1664; buried 12 January 1664/5 [St Gluvias].

Francis, bapt.5 December 1661; buried 22 December 1694 [St Gluvias].

Valentine, bapt.27 December 1669; buried 29 August 1672 [St Gluvias].

John, bapt.28 April 1674 [St Gluvias]. He married Mrs Mary Melheuse at St Gluvias on

29 March 1713.

T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???.; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 414r; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/25; PR 518/Cornwall/Ludgvan; PR 518/Cornwall/unplaced; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, WH/1/2745 and 3278; CL/2/9/26-7.

William NICHOLL or NICOLL (fl.1514)

Person ID: 34963

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

William Nicholl or Nicoll, surgeon, of Bodmin, Cornwall, was a defendant in a Cornssh debt case heard in the Court of Common Pleas in 1514.

TNA, CP40/1005B [1514].

Lawrence OLD or OLDE (d.1615?)

Person ID: 9856

Occ: barber surgeon

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

Lawrence Old or Olde practised as a barber surgeon in the Cornish town of Stratton where he died sometime before March 1614/15. An inventory of his goods, which included a lute, cithern, recorder and 'instruments belonging to trade' (16s), was valued at £38 18s 6d. Probate was concluded in April 1615. The parish registers do not survive for Stratton prior to 1611 but it is likely that the Lawrence Old, chandler, that died there in 1627 was either a son or relation (his will also mentions a brother Tristram and son Nicholas).

Kresen Kernow, AP/O/40 [inventory and probate of Lawrence Olde, barber surgeon, of Stratton, Cornwall, 23 March 1614/15, pr.April 1615]; AP/O/85 [will of Laurence Old, chaunler, of Stratton, Cornwall, 18 January 1626/7, pr.28 March 1627].

Stephen PAWLEY (d.1725)

Person ID: 34038

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Stephen Pawley practised as an apothecary in the town of Truro in Cornwall from about 1688 until his death in 1725. He married Mrs Mary Griger at Kea, near Truro, on 14 January 1687/8 and is recorded as a debtor to **William Trenhayle**, apothecary, of Penzance and his wife Anne in 1696. Pawley took an apprentice in 1724 and was buried at St Mary's, Truro, on 19 November 1725. He left the entirety of his estate, valued at just £48 15s (shop and contents £20) to his wife Mary. She was buried at Truro on 20 August 1742.

Children of Stephen Pawley and Mary:

Katherine, bapt.18 December 1688 [Truro].

Apprentice of Stephen Pawley, apothecary:

Samuel Andrews, son of Matthias Andrews (d.1722), gent, of Ladock, for 7 years for a premium of £30 as recorded on 15 June 1724. Andrews, described variously as chemist and gent, was buried at Ladock on 13 January 1739/40.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Kea, Cornwall; AP/T/1616 [will of Ann Trenhaile, wife of William Trenhaile, apothecary, of Penzance, Cornwall, 18 November 1696, pr.20 October 1697]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.12, 457 [TNA, IR 1/10, f.12]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; AP/P/2627 [will and inventory of Stephen Pawley, apothecary, of Truro, Cornwall, 17 November 1725, pr.16 February 1725/6; inventory dated 15 February 1725/6]; parish registers of Ladock, Cornwall.

Richard PAYNE (d.1690)

Person ID: 15901

Occ: barber

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

Richard Payne was the son of Richard Payne (d.1696), vintner and innholder, of Stratton, Cornwall. No record of his baptism has been found. Richard Payne junior, barber, was buried at Stratton on 13 December 1690. He left an estate valued at £113 which included periwigs and hair (£2) as well as basins, utensils and other instruments 'relating to a barber' (£2 5s).

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Stratton, Cornwall; AP/P/1769 [inventory of Richard Payne Junior, barber, of Stratton, Cornwall, 24 December 1690]; AP/P/1983 [will and inventory of Richard Payne, innholder, of Stratton, Cornwall, pr.1696].

Thomas PEARON (d.1663)

Person ID: 15914

Occ: barber

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

Thomas Pearon practised as a barber in the town of Stratton in Cornwall in the first half of the seventeenth century. He died sometime between June 1662 and November 1663. He was probably the Thomas Parne of Stratton who was buried at nearby Launcells on 3 October 1663. He left a small estate, valued at £22, which was distributed to his three married daughters and numerous grandchildren while he named his wife Judith as residual legatee and sole executrix. Judith married on a further two occasions: firstly to Andrew Lamerton at Launcells on 31 May 1664 and secondly to John Langman at Launcells on 19 February 1679/80. She was buried at Stratton on 28 November 1697.

Children of Thomas Pearon:

Mary. She was married to Timothy Poat in 1662 [will].

Margaret. She is described as Margaret Penwarne in 1662 [will].

Anne. She is described as the wife of James Moyse in 1662 [will].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Launcells, Cornwall; AP/P/1075 [will and inventory of Thomas Pearon, barber, of Stratton, Cornwall, 13 June 1662, pr.17 November 1663; inventory dated 5 November 1663]; parish registers of Stratton, Cornwall.

Christopher PENDAR or PENDER (1676 or 1677-1709)

Person ID: 17754

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Penzance, Cornwall

Christopher Pendar or Pender was the son of Christopher Pendar (d.1716), gent, of Penzance, Cornwall, and his wife Jacquilina, and was baptised at Madron on 13 January 1676/7. He practised as an apothecary at Penzance and was buried at Madron on 13 December 1709. Pendar died unmarried and intestate. Administration of his estate, valued at £74 (and including shop goods and drugs, £40), was granted to his father Christopher.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Madron, Cornwall; AP/P/2274 [obligation, inventory and administration of estate of Christopher Pendar, apothecary, of Penzance, Cornwall, 2 and 15 February 1709/10].

John PENHELLICK (d.1644)

Person ID: 15923/24816

Occ: barber

Loc: Redruth, Cornwall

John Penhellick 'the barber' was buried at Redruth, Cornwall, on 23 April 1644. There were two men of the same name living at Redruth prior to John the barber's death as well as two baptisms of children of the same name in 1595 (John, son of Alexander Penhellick, 2 May 1595 and John, son of Richard Penhellick Jnr, 28 August 1595).

T.C.Peter (ed.), *The Parish Registers of Redruth in Cornwall, 1580-1716* (Redruth, 1894), p.48.

PENWARDEN (fl.1646)

Person ID: 10320

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Pendennis, Cornwall

One Penwarden, a surgeon, surrendered with the royalist forces at Pendennis Castle in Cornwall in 1646. Otherwise unidentified.

[John Haselock], *A True and Perfect Relation of the Surrender of the Strong and Impregnable Garrison the Island of Scillie* (London, 1646).

William PERNE (d.1716)

Person ID: 34039

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

William Perne practised as an apothecary in the Cornish port of Falmouth from about 1708 until his death in 1716. He was buried at Falmouth on 20 April 1716. His will was proved in

the same year but subsequently destroyed. He may have been the son of Richard Perne, gentleman, of Penryn and his wife Clemence who was baptised at St Gluvias on 15 March 1680/1. Father and son are named in a St Gluvias lease of 1702.

Children of William Perne:

William, bapt.7 May 1708; buried 28 November 1711 [Falmouth].
Thomas, bapt.29 January 1710/11 [Falmouth].
William, bapt.28 October 1712; buried 22 December 1714 [Falmouth].
Rebecca, bapt.20 October 1714 [Falmouth].
John, bapt.6 January 1715/16 [Falmouth].

Apprentices of William Perne, apothecary:

Ebenezer Angood, son of Joshua and Joan Angood, nee Roberts, of Cornwall, for 7 years for £50 as recorded on 17 November 1712. He was baptised at Budock, Cornwall, on 12 December 1696.

Joseph Cocke or Cooke, son of Mary Cocke or Cooke of Truro, for 7 years for a premium of £50 as recorded on 27 July 1715.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???.
Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; WH/1/2742 [23-24 December 1702]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.122, 465 [TNA, IR 1/2, f.1; IR 1/44, f.23]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Budock, Cornwall.

Richard PILE or PYLE (d.1731)

Person ID: 34040

Occ: apothecary/surgeon Loc: London, Camelford, Cornwall and Maryland, America

Richard Pile was the son of Francis Pile (d.1705), goldsmith, of Truro, Cornwall, and was apprenticed to **Richard Skinner**, apothecary, of London on 6 September 1687. On marrying Mary Fowler at Gray's Inn Chapel, Holborn, on 5 June 1696, he described himself as an apothecary from Candleford, i.e.Camelford, in Cornwall. Shortly after, Pile emigrated to Maryland in America and settled in Prince's George's County where he practised as a surgeon and was known as Dr Pile. He died sometime between May and July 1731. In his will, he left large tracts of land in Maryland, including that purchased from Solomon Rothory in 1710 and land adjacent to the Potomac River, to his wife Mary and grandsons Richard and William Pile (sons of son William) and Richard Sprigg (son of Edward Sprigg and daughter Elizabeth). Pile left all his medicines and 'instruments belonging to the practice thereof' to his son William who followed in his father's footsteps as a physician and surgeon.

Richard Pile was the nephew of the royal surgeon **Richard Pile** and Hampshire surgeon **Andrew Pile**.

Children of Richard Pile and Mary:

Elizabeth, born 30 November 1700 [Queen Anne parish, Maryland]. She married Edward Sprigg (1697-1751), in Queen Anne parish in Prince George's, Maryland, 26 April 1720. William, born 14 December 1701. He died sometime before 27 February 1732/3. Jane.

London apothecary database; J.Foster (ed.), *The Register of Admissions to Gray's Inn, 1521-1889, Together with the Register of Marriages in Gray's Inn Chapel, 1695-1754* (London, 1889), pp. xli, lxxx; colonial-settlers-md-va.us/getperson.php?personID=114034&tree=Tree1 [accessed 10 April 2024].

William POLLARD (d.1628)

Person ID: 10552

Occ: naval surgeon

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

William Polard, surgeon, of Truro, Cornwall, died at sea in 1628. An inventory of his goods valued his estate at just £6 10s (which included Virginia tobacco). Otherwise unidentified.

Kresen Kernow, AP/P/561 [inventory of William Pollard, surgeon, of Truro, Cornwall, 20 February 1627/8].

Degory POLWHELE (c.1617-1672)

Person ID: 10550

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Probus, Cornwall

Degory Polwhele, the son of Thomas Polwhele of St Erme, Cornwall, matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 9 September 1634, aged 17. He graduated BA in 1638, MA in 1641 and served as a fellow of his college from 1635 until his ejection by the Visitors in 1648 (restored 1660-3). Polwhele was admitted to practise medicine by the University on 1 February 1647/8 having been granted his B Med the week before (24 January 1647/8). He was finally granted his MD on 7 August 1660 (almost certainly in recognition of his service to the royalist cause).

Polwhele served as a major of horse for Charles I until the surrender of Pendennis castle in 1646. Like many other royalists, he went into exile in Holland and Flanders. According to a family tradition, the royalist Polwheles of Cornwall were saved from the revenge of the Roundheads by the medical intervention of Dr Degory Polwhele who is said to have successfully treated the Parliamentarian commander Sir Thomas Fairfax. By the early 1660s, Polewhele had returned to Cornwall and was living in the village of Probus in a property assessed with eight hearths (in 1664). The following year, a diocesan survey recorded that Degory Polwhele esquire, 'sometimes fellow of Exeter College', was practising physic in Probus.

Polwhele married Mrs Margaret Grosse, widow, at Creed, Cornwall, on 11 December 1662. He was buried at Probus on 7 October 1672 (a letter written by **John Blight**, a candidate for an episcopal licence, rued the death of Dr Polwhele 'long since'). There were no children from the marriage. In his will, Polwhele commended his soul to God who 'hath carried me on through many Providences from my youth up unto this day in great mercy'. He then distributed various lands in the parish of St Clements near Truro and St Erme to a brother

Henry and cousin John Polwhele while leaving an estate at Probus to his wife and executrix Margaret.

Degory Polwhele, esquire and JP, was a noted persecutor of the Quakers in Cornwall. They alleged that he was punished by God with 'a long and tedious sickness' for his actions against them and despite a brief period of penitence he resumed his persecution of the sect following his recovery.

Foster, iii, p.1177; Rev.R.Polwhele, *The Civil and Military History of Cornwall* (London, 1806), pp.127-8; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???. Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 412v; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/28; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Creed, Cornwall; parish registers of Probus, Cornwall; PW/124; Devon Heritage Centre, PR/518/Cornwall/Bodmin [John Blight to Nicholas Webber, 7 October 167[2?] [sic]; TNA, PROB 11/356, ff.193v-194v [will of Degory Polwhele, doctor of physic, of Golden, Cornwall, 25 September 1672, pr.17 February 1672/3]; Joseph Besse, *A Collection of the Sufferings of the People Called Quakers*, 2 vols (London, 1753), i, p.119.

Catherine or Katherine POWELL or POWLE (d.1674)

Person ID: 18570

Occ: midwife

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Latherine Powle, midwife, was buried at Truro, Cornwall, on 6 March 1673/4. She may have been the wife of Edward Pawle, a cooper, who was buried at Truro on 25 April 1682. The couple baptised four children (Nathaniel, Joan, Edward and Edward) at Truro between 1662 and 1670.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; AP/P/1518 [will of Edward Pawle, cooper, of Truro, pr.1682].

Theodore PREVOST or PROVOST (b.1633)

Person ID: 17063

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Theodore Prevost or Provost is identified as an apothecary living at Bodmin in Cornwall in February 1662 when one William Flamanck, gent, entered into a bond with him for £106 (on consideration of £424). He was the son of Dominic Prevost or Provost and his wife Prudence (d.1663) and was baptised at St Andrew's, Plymouth, on 22 May 1633. The couple baptised a further four children at Bodmin in Cornwall between 1635 and 1641. It is possible that Theodore's father Dominic may have practised medicine as he is referred to as 'Doctor' in the baptismal entry for his daughter Mary in 1637. He was buried at Bodmin on 2 March 1641/2.

In 1870, the local historian Sir John Maclean cited from a paper entitled 'Articles ... about Bodmyn Men's Madnesse' which relates an episode that took place in the town in 1668. It recounts how on 24 September of that year:

'one Richard Manaton, just elected mayor, rescued from the constables one Theodore

Provost, a churchwarden, and Robert Warne, a constable, who had been that day committed by the town clerk and the preceding mayor, John Dagg, then justice, for refusing to execute a warrant to levy twenty shillings each on several persons that sold ale without licence ... The town clerk and ex-mayor thereupon petitioned the lord chief justice to redress their Grievances, alleging that not only had the defendants broken the law but had also so Slandered their neighbours that they could not live quietly, and had admitted strangers into the guild-hall who made such vociferous noise that the town clerk and aldermen were obliged to leave in order to avoid a breach of the peace'.

Maclean cites further contemporary evidence to suggest that the various parties managed to resolve their differences but no further reference to Prevost is found in the Bodmin records.

Kresen Kernow, AD 103/124/14; Plymouth Archives, 358/2 [parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon]; Kresen Kernow, AP/P/1112 [will and inventory of Prudence Prevost, widow, of Bodmin, Cornwall, pr.1664]; parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Parish and Borough of Bodmin, in the County of Cornwall* (London, 1870), p.115.

PRICE (fl.1710)

Person ID: 15980

Occ: barber

Loc: Cornwall

In the accounts of the Tremayne family of Heligan in St Ewe, Cornwall, for 1710-11 there is a record of a payment to one Price the barber for a wig.

Kresen Kernow, T/1304.

William PRICE or PRYCE (d.1746)

Person ID: 34041

Occ: apothecary/surgeon

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

William Price or Pryce practised as an apothecary and surgeon in the Cornish town of Falmouth from about 1704 until his death in 1746. In March 1744, he signed a testimonial on behalf of Joseph Lillcrap Jnr who was seeking a licence to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter (he signed as a surgeon). Price married twice. Firstly, he wed Lydia Carne at Falmouth on 21 September 1704. She was buried in the town's church on 20 December 1715. Price subsequently married Mary Beauchamp at Falmouth on 28 April 1717 and was buried there on 7 May 1746. His will was proved the same year but subsequently destroyed.

Children of Mr William Price and Lydia:

Elizabeth, bapt.29 April 1711 [Falmouth].

William, buried 4 December 1714 [Falmouth].

Apprentices of Mr William Price, apothecary:

John Vincent of Liskeard for 7 years for a premium of £32 as recorded on 16 June 1712. He was the son of John Vincent (d.1698), gent, and his wife Elizabeth, of Liskeard, and was

baptised at Morval, near Liskeard, on 25 October 1694.

Thomas Pender for 5 years for £63 as recorded on 13 March 1730. He practised as a surgeon in Falmouth and was appointed agent for the sick and wounded there in 1744. Pender was buried at Falmouth on 2 April 1745.

P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.471, 482, 616 [TNA, IR 1/1, f.120; IR 1/49, f.130]; Kresen Kernow, FP 63/1/1 [parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall]; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proved in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Exeter, 1532-1800* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.46, 1914), p.???; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Morval, Cornwall; S.E.Gay, *Old Falmouth* (London, 1903), pp.86-7.

Samuel QUARME (b.1679)

Person ID: 10827

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Cambridge, Cambridgeshire & Cornwall?

Samuel Quarme was the son of Walter Quarme (d.1728 or 1729), the Tory vicar of Falmouth, Cornwall, and his wife Grace, the daughter of Samuel Gayer (d.1676) of Stratton, Cornwall. He was baptised at Stratton on 28 March 1679 and was admitted pensioner at Pembroke College, Cambridge, on 6 April 1696. Quarme matriculated the following year and graduated B Med in 1701. Nothing more is heard of Samuel after this date. He may have been the Samuel Quarme buried at Creed in Cornwall on 11 February 1744/5 as his father Walter had been buried here in January 1728/9.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Stratton; Venn, iii, p.412; Cornwall; S.E.Gay, *Old Falmouth* (London, 1903), pp.39-41, 245; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Creed, Cornwall.

Humphrey ROBINS (1685-1723)

Person ID: 34042

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Veryan, Cornwall

Humphrey Robins, the son of John Robins (d.1720), gent, and his wife Abigail, of Veryan in Cornwall was baptised at Veryan on 6 September 1685. He matriculated at Hart Hall, Oxford, on 9 May 1706 and graduated BA in 1709/10, MA (from New Inn Hall) in 1712 and B Med in 1715. On returning to his native Cornwall, Robins married Mrs Mary Gregor at Cornelly on 30 April 1717 and settled at Trevilva in Veryan following the death of his father in 1720. In November 1723, he signed an application on behalf of Balthazar Williams of St Columb Major, an applicant for a diocesan licence, but died the following month. He was buried at Veryan on 17 December 1723. Robins placed the education and maintenance of his son and heir John into the hands of various trustees who were to attempt to secure money owed to his late father on behalf of John (this is presumably the cause of the Chancery case in 1721 in which Dr Humphrey Robins appeared as plaintiff). He also left an annuity of £60 pa to his wife Mary, a portion of £600 to his daughter Mary and various smaller sums for various brothers and sisters including an annuity of £12 pa to sister Angela Robins, £300 to his brother Jacob and £200 to sister Mary, both bequests subsequently halved in a codicil. Robins' widow Mary was buried at Veryan on 12 February 1727/8.

Children of Humphrey Robins and Mary:

John, bapt.13 January 1718/19 [Cuby with Tregony].

Mary. Alive in 1721 [will].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Veryan, Cornwall; Foster, iii, p.1265; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Cornelly, Cornwall; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.652; Kresen Kernow, AP/R/1847 [will of John Robins, esquire, of Veryan, Cornwall, pr.1720]; AP/R/1886 [will of Humphrey Robins, bachelor [of medicine], of Veryan, Cornwall, 2 July 1721 and 4 September 1723, pr.14 January 1723/4]; TNA, C/11/295/34; Kresen Kernow, AP/R/1979 [will of Mary Robins, widow, of Veryan, Cornwall, pr.1728]; parish registers of Cuby with Tregony, Cornwall.

John ROGER (fl.1583)

Person ID: 16047

Occ: barber

Loc: Cornwall?

On 20 September 1583, John Roger, barber, signed the quitclaim on properties in St Cleer and Liskeard, Cornwall. Otherwise unidentified.

Kresen Kernow, CM/49.

Thomas ROLSTON (fl.1569-1585)

Person ID: 34964

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Thomas Rolston, barber, of Bodmin, Cornwall, was a defendant in a Cornish debt case heard in the Court of Common Pleas in 1585. He was living there in 1569 when he was listed in the borough muster with a bow in six arrows.

Children of Thomas Rolston:

Lowdye [daughter], bapt.12 April 1576; buried 8 March 1594 [Bodmin].

Richard, bapt.27 September 1578 [Bodmin].

Thomas, bapt.9 February 1580/1; buried 1 September 1581 [Bodmin].

Thomasine, bapt.9 February 1580/1; buried 20 August 1622 [Bodmin].

Thomas, bapt.10 December 1584 [Bodmin].

TNA, CP40/1436 [1585]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall.

Philip ROOTES or ROOTS (fl.1682-1700)

Person ID: 11301

Occ: licensed physician

Loc: St Mabyn, Cornwall, and Plymouth, Devon

Philip Rootes of St Mabyn, Cornwall, was licensed to practise the art of medicine throughout Cornwall on 7 August 1682. He is probably the man of the same name who married Elizabeth

Pearse at St Andrew's, Plymouth, on 26 February 1691/2. He and his wife baptised three children in Plymouth between 1693 and 1699. Philip, the eldest, was living in Fredericksburg, Virginia, in 1729 when he purchased an estate there; a planter, merchant and large slaveholder, he also served as a magistrate and died there on 17 August 1756 (where his tombstone, discovered in 1933, described him as aged 63). It is thus probable that Philip senior emigrated to America with his family sometime after 1700.

Children of Philip Rootes and Elizabeth:

Philip, bapt.7 March 1692/3 [St Andrew's, Plymouth].

Elizabeth, bapt.14 January 1695/6 [Charles the Martyr, Plymouth].

Mary, bapt.30 June 1699; buried 3 September 1700 [Charles the Martyr, Plymouth].

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 46, p.200; Plymouth Archives, 358/4 [parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon]; 167/3 [parish registers of Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon]; [wikitree.com/wiki/Rootes-109](https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Rootes-109) [accessed 10 April 2024].

Anthony ROSKRUGE (1681-1734)

Person ID: 34043

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Redruth, Cornwall

Anthony Roskruge (sometimes Roskreage) was the son of Mr John Roskruge, gent, of St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall, where he was baptised on 25 August 1681. He married Mary Cock or Cocks at Redruth on 26 November 1707 and practised as a surgeon in the town until his death in 1734. Roskruge was buried at Redruth on 9 November 1734. He left £300 in portions to his three unmarried daughters, a token sum to his married daughter Margaret and named his wife Mary as residual legatee and executrix. In the event of his wife's death, Roskruge requested that his brother-in-law William Cocks, gent, and sister-in-law Constance Giles of Redruth act as trustees for his three unmarried daughters. Mrs Mary Roskruge, widow, was buried at Redruth on 17 January 1735/6. Her will was proved in the same year.

Children of Anthony Roskruge and Mary:

Margaret, bapt.16 November 1708 [Redruth]. She married her father's former apprentice William Pearce or Pears at Redruth on 8 September 1736.

Dorothy, bapt.6 February 1710/11[Redruth]. Alive in 1733 [will].

Mary, bapt.31 July 1714; buried 3 March 1714/15 [Redruth].

John, bapt.15 April 1718; buried 27 March 1722/3 [Redruth].

Elizabeth, bapt.23 April 1722 [Redruth]. Alive in 1733 [will].

Mary, bapt.25 September 1725 [Redruth]. Alive in 1733 [will].

John, bapt.1 June 1728; buried 7 August 1728 [Redruth].

Apprentices of Anthony Roskruge, surgeon:

John Gill, son of Robert Gill of Helston, for 7 years for £40 on 19 December 1719. He practised as a surgeon at Helston and was buried there on 30 June 1733.

Josiah or Josias Cocks, son of John Cocks, of Redruth for 7 years for £49 on 17 September 1724. He practised as a surgeon at Redruth where he was buried on 22 February 1784.

William Pearce or Pears, son of Richard Pearce, yeoman, of St Keverne, Cornwall, for 7

years for £50 on 29 July 1729. He was baptised at St Keverne on 11 April 1711 and married his master's daughter Margaret Roskruge at Redruth on 8 September 1736. A surgeon, he was buried at St Keverne on 30 August 1777.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Martin in Meneage, Cornwall; parish registers of Redruth, Cornwall; RH/9/2/24/6 [lease at Redruth, 12 October 1716]; TNA, PROB 11/676, ff.158v-159r [will of Anthony Roskruge, gentleman, of Redruth, Cornwall, 19 February 1732/3, pr.27 March 1736]; Kresen Kernow, AP/R/2137 [will of Mary Rosekruge, widow, of Redruth, Cornwall, pr.1735/6]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.135, 228, 459-60, 498, 513 [TNA, IR 1/46, f.58; 1/48, f.118; 1/49, f.64]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; parish registers of St Keverne, Cornwall.

John ROWE (d.1744)

Person ID: 34044

Occ: surgeon/apothecary

Loc: Helston, Cornwall

John Rowe practised surgery in the Cornish town of Helston from about 1709 until his death in 1744. He married Margery Robinson at Helston on 31 July 1709. Rowe was licensed to practise surgery throughout Cornwall on 4 October 1716. In the same year, he was admitted to the freedom of St Ives. In 1717, Rowe was involved in a Chancery case and in 1731, John Rowe, surgeon and apothecary of Helston, was party to a mortgage agreement. He was buried at Helston on 7 March 1743/4. He died a widower and childless, leaving the bulk of his estate, including property in Helston and various tin bounds, to John Hoblyn (1728-1785), surgeon, of Helston, the son of Richard Hoblyn, gent, of Helston, and the latter's wife Butey.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Helston, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 48, *sub* 4 October 1716 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.126]; J.H.Matthews, *A History of the Parishes of St Ives, Lelant, Towednack and Zennor in the County of Cornwall* (London, 1892), p.304; TNA, C/11/20/31; Kresen Kernow, ML/148 [24 June 1731]; AP/R/2398 [will of John Rowe, surgeon, of Helston, Cornwall, 27 January 1743/4, pr.26 April 1744].

Denis or Dennis RUSSELL (1673-1731 or 1732)

Person ID: 34045

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Falmouth & Penryn, Cornwall

Denis or Dennis Russell was the son of Mr Denis Russell and his wife Blanche and was baptised at Falmouth in Cornwall on 6 September 1673. He may have served as an apprentice under **William Tonkin**, surgeon, of St Blazey as William left him a medical book 'in paper unbound' in his will of 1694. Russell was married and living in Falmouth in 1696 but had moved to Penryn by 1702 where he practised as a surgeon until his death in late 1731 or early 1732. His first (or possibly second) wife Jane was buried at St Gluvias on 24 October 1707. Russell then married Anne Archer at St Ewe on 31 January 1708/9. He was buried at St Gluvias on 6 January 1731/2.

Children of Denis Russell:

Anna or Anne, bapt.29 May 1696 [Falmouth]; buried 12 October 1714 [St Gluvias].
 Dennis, bapt.1March 1697/8; buried 11 December 1698 [Falmouth].
 Dennis, bapt.9 January 1698/9 [Falmouth]; buried 8 April 1700 [St Stithians].
 Michael [with wife Jane], bapt.7 September 1701 [Bideford, Devon]. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 10 October 1718 but did not graduate. He married Mary Mander or Maunder, the daughter of Walter Mander, gent, of Truro, at St Michael Penkevil On 27 September 1728 and practised as a physician at Truro where he was buried on 28 June 1765.
 Jane [with wife Jane], bapt.27 December 1702 [St Gluvias]. She married Bartholomew Harvey, gent, of Penryn at Budock, 7 October 1722 and was alive in 1760 [will of brother Michael].
 Tregosse [son, with wife Jane], bapt.20 January 1703/4; buried 9 August 1706 [St Gluvias].
 Tregosse [son with Jane], bapt.28 August 1706 [St Gluvias]. He described himself as a gentleman living in Falmouth when making a codicil to his will in August 1779.
 Edward [with wife Anne], bapt.6 July 1710 [St Gluvias].
 Dennis or Denys [with wife Anne], bapt.11 September 1711 [St Gluvias]. He matriculated at Wadham College, Oxford, on 26 March 1729 and graduated BA in 1733.
 John [with wife Anne], bapt.27 September 1712 [St Gluvias]. He was licensed to practise Surgery at Tregony on 13 April 1745. John was buried at St Ewe on 11 June 1762.
 Eliza Philippa [with wife Anne], bapt.6 October 1714 [St Gluvias].
 Joseph [with wife Anne], bapt.30 July 1716 [St Gluvias].

Apprentice of Denis or Dennis Russell, surgeon, of Penryn:

John Congdon, son of Jane Congdon, widow, for 7 years for £50 on 12 June 1713. The son of John and Jane Congdon, he was born on 8 November 1696, baptised at South Petherwin on 22 November 1696 and practised as a surgeon at Launceston where he was buried on 21 June 1734.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; AP/T/1550 [will of William Tonkin, surgeon, of St Blazey, Cornwall, 16 April 1694, pr.17 August 1694]; TNA, C 11/2206/55; C/11/375/57; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; parish registers of St Ewe, Cornwall; parish registers of St Stithians, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, 799A/PR/1/4 [parish registers of Bideford, Devon]; J.Foster (ed.), *Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford, 1715-1886*, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), iii, pp.1236, 1237; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Michael Penkevil, Cornwall; FP 236 1/3 [parish registers of St Mary's, Truro, Cornwall]; TNA, PROB 11/910, ff.217v-218r [will of Michael Russell of Truro, Cornwall, 27 April 1760, pr.13 July 1765]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Budock, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/1266, ff.9r-11v [will of Tregosse Russell, gentleman, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 12 November 1773 and 13 August 1779, pr.4 September 1795]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Ewe, Cornwall; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.129, 289, 517, 518 [TNA, IR 1/2, f.87]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of South Petherwin, Cornwall; parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall.

Sampson RIDER or RYDER (1691-1738)

Person ID: 34046

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Penzance and East Looe, Cornwall

Sampson Rider or Ryder was the son of Richard Rider and was baptised at Perranuthnoe, Cornwall, on 15 February 1690/1. He practised as an apothecary at Penzance and East Looe and sought a licence to practise physic and surgery in the diocese of Exeter, with the support of Dr **Thomas Pyne**, on 8 June 1717. Rider married twice. Firstly, he wed Mrs Philippa Hughnace at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, on 14 January 1711/12. She was buried at St Martin by Looe on 2 August 1717. Rider then married Mary Oben of Pelynt at Morval on 20 February 1717/18. As mayor of East Looe in 1723, Rider obstructed the annual election of his successor which led to quo warranto proceedings in the court of King's Bench.

Mr Sampson Ryder was buried at St Martin by Looe on 18 April 1738. He placed all his lands in Cornwall in the hands of Warwick Oben, gent, of Penryn, who was instructed to manage the same and pay all debts with any proceeds to be shared by his wife, son and daughter. Mrs Marey Rider of East Looe was buried at Pelynt on 2 September 1767.

Children of Mr Sampson Rider or Ryder and Philippa:

Sampson, bapt.16 July 1714 [Madron].

Children of Mr Sampson Rider or Ryder and Mary:

Mary, bapt.13 July 1719 [Madron].

Mary, bapt.14 March 1720/1 [St Martin by Looe].

Rebecca [twin], bapt.24 April 1722; buried 5 November 1722 [St Martin by Looe].

Phillipa [twin], bapt.24 April 1722; buried 5 November 1722 [St Martin by Looe].

Apprentice of Sampson Rider or Ryder:

George Ellis, son of Honor Ellis, widow, for 7 years for £50 on 8 June 1725. Mr George Ellis (b.1709), surgeon, of Penzance was buried at St Hilary, near Marazion, on 15 May 1737.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Perranuthnoe, Cornwall; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.186, 502; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; FP 138 1/1 [parish registers of St Martin by Looe, Cornwall]; parish registers of Morval, Cornwall; CA/B26/13; X 155/110; AP/R/2533 [will of Sampson Ryder, apothecary, of East Looe, Cornwall, 12 April 1738, pr.9 December 1750]; parish registers of Madron, Cornwall.

Christopher SALTER (d.1680)

Person ID: 34047

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Helston, Cornwall

Christopher Salter, a surgeon from Heston [sic] in Cornwall, was buried at St James', Paddington, Middlesex, on 13 October 1680. He may be the man of the same name who with his wife Grace baptised two children, Samuel and Grace, at Mawnan and Constantine (both near Helston) in 1644 and 1645 respectively. In 1664, a one-hearth property at Helston was listed as once occupied by Christopher Salter, now Alexander Trudgeon.

One Grace Salter married Mr James Northworthy at Wendron on 11 February 1677. In 1664, a two-hearth property at Wendron of John Thomas was 'now Mr Salter'.

London Metropolitan Archives, P87/JS/001 [parish registers of St James, Paddington, Middlesex, 1655-1812]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Mawnan, Cornwall; parish registers of Constantine, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???

Henry SALTER (fl.1713)

Person ID: 34965

Occ: barber

Loc: Bodmin & Liskeard, Cornwall

Henry Salter, the son of Henry Salter, barber, of Cornwall was apprenticed to **Edward Jane**, perukemaker, of Liskeard, Cornwall, in 1713. Henry senior may have been the Bodmin man of the same name who baptised two children there in 1689 (Jane, 12 November) and 1694 (Henry, 9 January 1694/5). In all probability, Henry Salter Jnr married Frances Hoskyn at Liskeard on 19 August 1716 and then took as apprentice Matthew Josling of St Germans in the following year (where Henry is described as a perukemaker). The burial of several men of the same name at Bodmin and Liskeard makes it impossible to determine which may have been the barber or his son.

TNA, IR 1/2, f.130; parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall.

John SALTER (fl.1699-1717)

Person ID: 34048

Occ: barber/periwigmaker

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

John Salter was active as a barber and periwigmaker in the Cornish town of Bodmin in the early eighteenth century. He is first mentioned as a barber in the will of his mother-in-law, Mary Stephens, widow, of Bodmin in 1712, who placed the entirety of her estate in the hands of a trustee, Jasper Wood, vicar of Bodmin, who was to manage the same on behalf of her daughter Grace Salter. John received just one shilling. He also owed Mary for rent and a debt of £4 which was to be shared by the couple's two children, Edward and Mary Salter.

John Salter the younger of Bodmin married Grace Stephens at Lanhydrock, Cornwall, on 13 April 1699. He was probably the son of John and Blanch Salter who was baptised at Bodmin on 24 January 1676/7. He was described as a periwigmaker in the Bodmin borough records of 1717 and may have been the man of the same name who was buried there on 7 November 1737.

Children of John Salter and Grace:

Edward, bapt.29 July 1700 [Bodmin].

Mary, bapt.2 December 1707 [Bodmin].

Kresen Kernow, AP/S/2439 [will of Mary Stephens, widow, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 7 April 1712, pr.13 October 1716]; parish registers of Lanhydrock, Cornwall; parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; BBOD/245.

John SANDERS, SANDRY or SAUNDERS (fl.1701-1720)

Person ID: 16077

Occ: barber

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

John Sanders/Saunders or Sandry practised as a barber at Fowey in Cornwall in the early eighteenth century. He married Elizabeth Mould at Fowey on 29 December 1701. She died in childbirth and was buried at Fowey on 5 January 1703/4. Nothing is known of his second wife, also named Elizabeth. Sanders leased a property in Fowey in 1711 and was still alive in 1720. No account of his death or burial has been found.

Children of John Sanders, Sandry or Saunders:

Richard, bapt.2 January 1703/4; buried 5 January 1703/4 [Fowey].

Precill/Priscilla, bapt.9 July 1710 [Fowey].

Mary, bapt.2 November 1714 [Fowey].

John, bapt.19 April 1720 [Fowey].

Apprentice of John Sanders, barber:

Thomas Chapman, son of Tristram Chapman, miller, of Fowey, Cornwall, for £12 as recorded in 1716.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall; R/2464; TNA, IR 1/4, f.182.

George SANDFORD or SANFORD (d.1724)

Person ID: 17540

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

George Sandford or Sanford practised as an apothecary in the town of Launceston in Cornwall from about 1672 until his death in 1724. He was the son of George Sandford of Dorset and his wife Grace, nee Hewett, and was born sometime between 1643 and 1655. Grace was the sister of **William Hewett**, apothecary, of Tiverton in Devon who left George £15 in his will of 1690.

George Sandford married Mary White at Launceston on 3 December 1672 and purchased a mansion house in Broad Street, with other properties, in the town in 1681. He and his wife Mary baptised nine children there between 1674 and 1692. Mary was buried at Launceston on 10 October 1710. Mr George Sanford, apothecary, was buried there on 18 March 1723/4. In his will, he left various properties in Launceston to his two unmarried daughters, Sarah and Anna. Sandford had already provided dowries of £150 to each of his two eldest daughters, Mary and Elizabeth. All four were named as joint executors and residual legatees.

Children of George Sandford or Sanford and Mary:

Mary, bapt.3 May 1674; buried 24 March 1674/5 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].
 Elizabeth, bapt.22 February 1675/6; buried 3 February 1676/7 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].
 Mary, bapt.18 December 1677 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. She married Nathaniel Boughton, vicar, of Charles the Martyr, Plymouth, Devon at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, 27 October 1696.
 Elizabeth, bapt.9 March 1679/80 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. She married John Eastcott, shopkeeper, at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, 8 October 1702.
 Sarah, bapt.2 July 1683 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. She married Francis Jenkin, gent, at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, 22 July 1723.
 Jane, bapt.27 October 1685; buried 23 April 1686 [Launceston].
 George, bapt.21 February 1687/8; buried 28 December 1688 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].
 Jane, bapt.12 December 1689; buried 24 November 1695 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].
 Anna, bapt.12 April 1692 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].

TNA, PROB 11/400, ff.4v-5v [will of William Hewett, gentleman, of Tiverton, Devon, 22 March 1689/90, pr.7 June 1690]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; X 1338/2/1; BLAUS 393; AP/S/2573 [will of George Sanford, apothecary, of Launceston, Cornwall, 9 October 1716, pr.1724].

Isaac SCOBLE (fl.1714-1726)

Person ID: 34966

Occ: barber

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Isaac Scoble practised as a barber at Liskeard in Cornwall in the early eighteenth century. He married Margaret Rogers at Liskeard on 19 August 1714. He was still living in the town in April 1726 when he witnessed the marriage licence of William Quiller of Liskeard, but nothing is heard of him after that date.

Children of Isaac Scoble:

Thomas, bapt.2 October 1716; buried 26 April 1717 [Liskeard].
 Sarah, bapt.18 February 1718/19; buried 29 September 1720 [Liskeard].
 Isaac, bapt.24 April 1721 [Liskeard].
 Peter, bapt.20 November 1723 [Liskeard].

Apprentice of Isaac Scoble:

Oliver Rogers of Liskeard for a premium of £10 as recorded in 1725.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; archdeaconry of Cornwall, marriage allegations; TNA, IR 1/48, f.191.

Nathaniel SECCOMBE (fl.1702-1706)

Person ID: 34049

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Launceston, Cornwall

Nathaniel Seccombe was active as a surgeon in the town of Launceston in Cornwall in the first decade of the eighteenth century. He is first mentioned as such in the will of a kinsman **Gifford Seccombe**, who practised medicine at nearby North Petherwin, in 1703. The latter left much of his estate to Nathaniel's one-year-old son John. No record of Nathaniel's birth, marriage or death has been found. He may have been the Nathaniel Seckham, son of Thomas and Grace Seckham, who was baptised at Thornbury in Devon (20 miles north of Launceston). More probably, he was a younger son of the lawyer Nathaniel Seccombe of Launceston who died in 1689. Nathaniel Seccombe, surgeon, probably died before April 1721 when his wife Joan apprenticed their son John to a Plymouth apothecary.

Children of Nathaniel Seccombe:

John, bapt.17 March 1701/2 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. He was apprenticed to **Joseph Allen**, Snr and Jnr, apothecaries, of Plymouth, Devon, for 7 years for £40 on 13 April 1721.

Nathaniel, bapt.9 January 1703/4; buried 18 May 1705 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston].
Nathaniel, bapt.7 July 1706 [St Mary Magdalene, Launceston]. He married Margaret Frost at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, 30 May 1733.

Kresen Kernow, AP/S/2152 [will and inventory of Gifford Seccombe, gentleman, of North Petherwin, Cornwall/Devon, 11 May 1703, pr.15 December 1703]; Devon Heritage Centre, 575A/PR/1/1 [parish registers of Thornbury, Devon]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, FP118 1/2 [parish registers of Launceston, Cornwall].

John SHEERE (fl.1689)

Person ID: 11777

Occ: licensed physician

Loc: St Mellion, Cornwall

John Sheere, gentleman, of St Mellion, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine throughout the province of Canterbury on 22 October 1689. In his petition to the archbishop, he claimed to already possess a licence to practise in Cornwall, to have done so successfully, but added that 'some persons through prejudice are likely to give your petitioner some trouble & disturbe him in his honest practice without having any just cause soe to doe'. He thus asked for the issue of a 'new licence for the practizeing & administering phisick within the diocese of Exon or county of Cornwall only to all such persons as shall employ or request him soe to doe'. Among those who supported his application were three local clergymen.

The large number of men with the same name living in St Mellion in the seventeenth century makes it impossible to identify the physician with any certainty. In all probability, he was the son of John Sheere or Sheire and his wife Mary, nee Hurdie, of Dunston who was baptised at St Mellion on 4 June 1661.

Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/261/1-3; Dean and Chapter Register, f.30v [*Directory*, i, no.748]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mellion, Cornwall.

Benjamin SPERNON (d.1721)

Person ID: 12317

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Gwinear, Cornwall

Benjamin Sperton of Gwinear, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 1 September 1712. Supporters and sponsors included Thomas Paynter, vicar of Gwinear, and the surgeon **Ralph Merry**. He was probably the son of Benjamin Sperton, gent, who was buried at Gwinear in 1689 but no record of his baptism has been found. He described himself as a gentleman in 1704 when purchasing land next to his house in Gwinear and was similarly described by a kinsman, Francis Sperton, gentleman, of Liskeard, in 1714, who made him joint executor of his will. Benjamin Sperton, gent, was buried at Gwinear on 30 October 1721. His will was proved the same year.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Gwinear [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.128]; Chanter MS 48, *sub* 1 September 1712; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Gwinear, Cornwall; AR/10/201; AR 4/1816-17, 1840; TNA, PROB 11/543, ff.152r-154v [will of Francis Sperton, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 15 April 1714, pr.7 November 1714]; Kresen Kernow, AP/S/2533 [administration of estate of Benjamin Sperton, gentleman, of Gwinear, Cornwall, pr.1721].

Nathaniel SPRY (fl.1683-1703)

Person ID: 12355

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Cornwall

Nathaniel Spry was the son of William Spry and was probably baptised at St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall on 29 January 1660/1. He may have been related to the Sprys of Blisland and entered Leiden as a medical student on 30 September 1683 (when he gave his age as 23) and was inscribed at Padua on 5 December 1684. Spry graduated MD on 13 December 1684, publishing his thesis on menstruation, dedicated to the celebrated physician Dr Marcellus Malpighi (1628-1694), professor of medicine at Bologna, the following year.

Spry would appear to have returned to his native Cornwall to practise medicine but no record of his place of residence has been found. In 1689, he signed a testimonial on behalf of **Benjamin Bond** of Calstock, Cornwall, and he did the same for **John Knill** of Callington in 1699. He was still alive in 1703 when his portrait was painted by the Dutch artist Bartholomeus van Burgindis (owned by the Royal Institution of Cornwall, it is found today in the Royal Cornwall Museum), but no further record of him has been found after this date.

Publication:

Tractatus de Fluxu menstruo, ubi etiam de ejus retardatione et nimia Profusione obiter tractatur (Padua, 1685). Dedicated to Professor Marcello Malpighi.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Mary Magdalene, Launceston, Cornwall; Innes Smith, p.220; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Calstock and Callington; <https://artuk.org/discover/artworks/dr-nathaniel-spry-aged-45-14280> [accessed 21 April 2024].

Thomas STEPHENS (d.1675)

Person ID: 12513

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Thomas Stephens, the son of Richard Stephens (d.c.1647), of Quantock (i.e.Crantock), Cornwall, matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 23 October 1640, aged 16. He graduated BA on 5 July 1644 and was created B Med on 24 July 1652. In a survey of the diocese of Exeter in 1665, Thomas Stephens, bachelor of physic, late of Exeter College, was said to be practising medicine at Truro in his native Cornwall. He was buried in the chancel of the parish church of St Mary's at Truro on 15 April 1675.

A leasehold document, dated 22 October 1673, refers to one Thomas Stephens, gentleman, of Truro, and his two sons Richard and John, but no record of their baptisms has been found.

Foster, iv, p.1420; **Kresen Kernow, AP/S/1012 [will of Richard Stephens of Crantock, Cornwall, pr.1647]**; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 412v; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 362-364/33/28; S.E.Gay, Mrs H.Fox, Miss S.Fox and H.Tapley-Soper (eds), *The Register of Marriages, Baptisms and Burials of the Parish of St Mary, Truro Co.Cornwall*, 2 vols (Exeter, Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1940), i, p.313; Kresen Kernow, AR/4/1029.

William STEPHENS (d.1684)

Person ID: 12517

Occ: physician

Loc: East Looe, Cornwall

In a diocesan survey conducted in 1665, William Stephens of East Looe, Cornwall, was described as 'a practiser of Phisick and Licensed by the Colledge [of Physicians in London]. However, there is no record in the annals of the College of the grant of any such licence. He was probably the Mr Stephens who acted as joint executor of the will of fellow physician **James Colling** or Collings of East Looe in 1661. No record of his birth, baptism or marriage has been found, but he is probably the man of the same name who signed the Protestation Return for East Looe in March 1641/2 and paid for five hearths in the town in 1664. Stephens described himself as a 'practezzer of phisicke' when taking a lease on a stables in East Looe in February 1673. Later the same year he was elected as mayor of the corporation.

William Stephens, physician, was buried at St Martin by Looe on 13 May 1684. He left a relatively small estate, valued at £97, to his wife Edith (otherwise unidentified), only son Philip and grandson William Stevens (who was also named as sole executor). Among his possessions was a library worth £15 and various pestles and mortars. Well connected, Stephens named his 'good friends' Sir Walter Moyle of Bake and Thomas Blight of East Looe as overseers.

Children of William Stephens:

Philip. He served as mayor of East Looe, 1688-9 and was buried at St Martin by Looe, 6 December 1689.

Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 411v; Kresen Kernow, AP/C/1251/1-3 [nuncupative will, inventory and administration of James Colling, practitioner of physic, of

East Looe, Cornwall, c.6 January 1660/1, pr.13 February 1660/1; inventory dated January 1660/1]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???: T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???: Kresen Kernow, WM/197-8; A.L.Browne, *Corporation Chronicles: Being Some Account of the Ancient Corporations of East Looe and West Looe* (Plymouth, 1904), pp.55, 58, 65; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Martin by Looe, Cornwall; AP/S/1779/1-2 [will and inventory of William Stephens, physician, of East Looe, Cornwall, 2 May 1684, pr.22 March 1688/9].

John TANNER (1688-1730?)

Person ID: 29036

Occ: surgeon/naval surgeon

Loc: Manaccan, Cornwall

John Tanner was the son of John Tanner Jnr and his wife Elizabeth, nee Trewren, and was baptised at Manaccan, Cornwall, on 13 February 1687/8. He described himself as a surgeon when he made his will at London in July 1727 as he prepared to travel to 'parts beyond the seas'. He left bequests worth more than £180 to his father John, sisters Alice and Elizabeth, and cousin Thomas Trewren and named his brothers Michael and William as joint executors. No record of Tanner's death or burial has been found.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Manaccan, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/636, ff.248v-249r [will of John Tanner, surgeon, of Manaccan, Cornwall, 12 July 1727, pr.17 March 1729/30].

Nathaniel TANTON or TAUNTON (1676 or 1677-1750)

Person ID: 12801

Occ: physician/surgeon

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Nathaniel Tanton or Taunton was the son of Joseph Tanton (d.1712), vicar of Quethiock, Cornwall, and his wife Mary, nee Guaves, and was baptised at Quethiock on 4 January 1676/7. He seems to have trained with **James Moore**, physician, of Liskeard who left Tanton 'one of the best rings I wear in case he lives with me at the time of my decease' (Moore named Tanton's father as a trustee and overseer while Nathaniel witnessed the will). Tanton settled into practice at Liskeard and was licensed to practise medicine and surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 20 March 1702/3. Testimonials signed by various referees, including **Dr Joseph Gaylard**, **Richard Chilcott**, surgeon, and the vicar and mayor of Liskeard, described Tanton as 'a sober, ingenious man, well qualified for his Businesse of Physick & Surgery' while an entry in the Act Book records that he had been 'an empiric in the said arts for many years' ('Empirico pro diversis annis in artibus predictis'). Nearly twenty years later, on 4 January 1721, Tanton was licensed to practise medicine throughout the province of Canterbury. On this occasion, he received the support of Drs **John Kestell** and **Thomas Cloke**. Tanton was frequently involved in the purchase and sale of land in Cornwall when he is commonly referred to as a gentleman.

Nathaniel Tanton married Juliana or Julyan Tanner (1676-1754), the daughter and coheir of Anthony Tanner (d.1708) of Carvynick, Cornwall, at St Enoder on 16 September 1698. The couple baptised seven children at Liskeard between 1701 and 1716. Nathaniel Tanton served as mayor of Liskeard in 1722-3 and was buried there on 4 December 1750. In his will, made shortly before his death, he asked to be buried near his grandson William Tanton. The principal

beneficiaries of Tanton's will were his son Joseph and son-in-law Daniel Carter, both surgeons (the latter described as 'an exceeding good and most affectionate husband'). His wife Juliana and married daughters Jane and Grace had already received generous portions while the testator acknowledged the cost of a university education for his other son Elias, a clergyman. Tanton's widow Juliana, who had inherited an income from an estate at St Enoder, was buried at Liskeard on 19 March 1753/4.

Children of Nathaniel Tanton or Taunton and Juliana:

Mary Grace, bapt.10 June 1701; buried 18 September 1701 [Liskeard].

Jane, bapt.11 June 1703; buried 7 January 1785 [Liskeard].

Grace, bapt.24 November 1705 [Liskeard]. She married Daniel Carter (d.1765), surgeon, of Redruth at Liskeard, 30 October 1723.

Elias, bapt.24 February 1707/8 [Liskeard]. He matriculated at Corpus Christi College, Oxford, 14 October 1726, graduating BA in 1730 and MA in March 1733/4. Ordained, he became rector of Sowton in Devon which he later exchanged for Bampton in Oxfordshire. Elias married Ann Leaver of Oxford at East Hendred, Wiltshire, on 27 June 1739 [p.r., Sowton, Devon] and was buried at St Aldate's, Oxford, on 18 December 1765.

Mary, bapt.15 July 1710; buried 14 January 1710/11 [Liskeard].

Nathaniel, bapt.28 November 1711 [Liskeard].

Joseph, bapt.18 June 1716 [Liskeard]. He practised as a surgeon at Tregoney and married Elizabeth Kemp of Tregoney in 1738. He later practised as an apothecary and surgeon at Liskeard and was buried there on 24 July 1793.

Apprentice of Nathaniel Tanton or Taunton, surgeon:

Anthony Sperton for £40 as recorded in 1713.

John Elliot, son of Susan Elliot, widow, of Saltash, Cornwall, for 7 years for £45 on 8 November 1720.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Quethiock, Cornwall; AP/M/1478/1 [will of James Moore, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 6 April 1694, pr.21 October 1696]; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Liskeard/Cornwall; Chanter MS 47, p.369 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.129]; Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/483/1-3; Wake 1, f.348 [*Directory*, i, no.808]; Kresen Kernow, CY/3007; CL/2/30/61, 79-80; CL/1/64/1; X793/241.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Enoder, Cornwall; FP 126 1/2 [parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall]; AP/T/2630 [will of Nathaniel Taunton, surgeon, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 29 November 1750, pr.16 January 1750/1]; J.Foster (ed.), *Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford, 1715-1886*, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), p.1390; Devon Heritage Centre, 780A/16/1/1 [parish registers of Sowton, Devon]; Oxfordshire Archives, parish registers of St Aldate's, Oxford, Oxfordshire, 1678-1812]; TNA, IR 1/7, f.73; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.584-5 [TNA, IR 1/46, f.143].

Bartholomew TAYLOR alias SMITH (fl.1582)

Person ID: 12812

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Lanivet, Cornwall

Bartholomew Taylor alias Smith of Lanivet, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 26 July 1582. Otherwise unidentified.

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 41, p.287 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.129].

John THOMPSON (d.1711)

Person ID: 12947

Occ: surgeon/physician

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

D[octo]r John Thompson was buried at Falmouth in Cornwall on 21 February 1710/11. He was described as a surgeon in the baptismal entry for his daughter Anne in 1709.

Children of John Thompson, surgeon:

Anne, bapt.25 November 1709 [Falmouth].

John, bapt.9 February 1710/11 [Falmouth].

S.E.Gay and Mrs H.Fox (eds), *The Register of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials of the Parish of Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, 1663-1812* (Devon & Cornwall Record Society, 1915), i, pp.186, 187; ii, p.719.

Richard TOM (d.1725)

Person ID: 17064

Occ: apothecary/physician

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

Richard Tom practised as an apothecary and physician (he is frequently referred to as Dr Tom in the parish registers) in the town of Bodmin in Cornwall from about 1694 until his death in 1725. No record of his birth, baptism or marriage have been found. He was probably the man of the same name who served as mayor of the corporation in 1709-10 but the existence of various contemporaries of the same name makes this difficult to confirm.

Richard Tom, gent, was buried at Bodmin on 3 October 1725. In his will, he left an estate at Bodmin to his daughter Katherine, the wife of John Whitford, vicar, of Poundstock as well as £20 to two grandchildren, Thomas and Richard Whitford. Tom left the rest of his estate to his son and executor John Tom, clerk.

In 1696, Richard Tom apothecary supplied a testimonial for **William Watts**, a former naval surgeon, of St Breock in Cornwall, who was seeking an archiepiscopal licence to practise surgery.

Children of Dr/Mr Richard Tom:

Katherine, bapt.22 April 1694 [Bodmin]. She married John Whitford, vicar, of Lostwithiel at Blisland, 24 August 1719.

John, bapt.17 February 1695/6 [Bodmin]. He matriculated at Wadham College, Oxford, on

15 March 1713/14, graduating BA in 1717. He served as vicar of Rockbeare, Devon, until his death in about 1734.

Charity, bapt.27 May 1697; buried 3 August 1697 [Bodmin].

Mary, bapt.17 January 1699/1700 [Bodmin].

Sir J.Maclean, *The Parochial and Family History of the Parish and Borough of Bodmin* (London & Bodmin, 1870), p.137; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; AP/Y/2106 [will of Richard Tom, apothecary, of Bodmin, Cornwall, 3 December 1722, pr.11 October 1725]; LPL, VX 1A/10/299/1-3; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Blisland, Cornwall; Foster, iv, p.1492.

William TONKIN (d.1694)

Person ID: 34051

Occ: surgeon

Loc: St Blazey, Cornwall

William Tonkin, surgeon, of St Blazey in Cornwall died on 10 June 1694. In his will, he left to **Benjamin Coode**, surgeon, of Penryn (to whom he may have been formerly apprenticed) ‘all my physick books or my nest of drawers’ as well as a case of lancets and dissecting knives. Tonkin also gifted to **Denis Russell** (probably his own apprentice) a medical work ‘in paper unbound’. There are also references to his mother (unnamed) whom he named as executrix and to ‘my brothers and sisters’ (also unnamed). An inventory of his goods, which contained drugs and medicines in various containers (£7), a plaster box and two cases of lancets (£1 5s), plus books (£2), estimated the total value of Tonkin’s estate at just £27.

Kresen Kernow, AP/T/1550 [will and inventory of William Tonkin, chirurgeon, of St Blazey, Cornwall, 16 April 1694, pr.17 August 1694; inventory dated 15 August 1694].

John TOZER (fl.1674)

Person ID: 13181

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Bodmin, Cornwall

John Tozer of Bodmin, Cornwall, applied for a licence to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 3 September 1674. In his application, he stated that he had ‘for several yeares applied himself to the study and practice of the Art of chyrurgery’ and was supported by Humphrey Betty and William Hickes.

Otherwise unidentified, he may have been related to Jewell Tozer of Calstock who signed a testimonial with several medics on behalf of **Benjamin Bond** of Calstock, an applicant for an episcopal licence to practise medicine and surgery, in 1689. If so, he may be the same as the John Tozer who was living at nearby Callington in 1664 and baptised a daughter Wilmot there the following year. One John Toser, a ‘prisoner’, was buried at Bodmin on 4 November 1676. Wilmot Tozer may have been the same as the Mrs Tozer who comforted the wife of Reverend Wood during his supernatural afflictions at Bodmin in 1699-1700. She died in about 1709.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Bodmin [I.Mortimer, ‘Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783’, *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.130]; Chanter MS 46, p.640; PR

518/Cornwall/Calstock; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Callington, Cornwall; Francis Blight, *A true and impartial account of the dark and hellish power of witchcraft lately exercised on the body of the Reverend Mr Wood, minister of Bodmyn* (Exeter, 1700); Kresen Kernow, AP/T/1821 [will of Wilmot Tozer, widow, of Bodmin, Cornwall, pr.1709].

George TRENHAYLE (1598-1670)

Person ID: 13202

Occ: physician/surgeon

Loc: St Erth, Cornwall

George Trenhayle, the son of James Trenhayle, was baptised at St Erth, Cornwall, in 1598. He practised at St Erth (where he had a house with six hearths in 1664) and was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 26 February 1622/3. In a diocesan survey conducted in 1665, George Trenhayle, gentleman, and his son **James Trenhayle**, were reported to be practising physic and surgery in the parish of St Erth, near Ludgvan. Both men were considered to be 'of approved affection' to the monarchy and Church of England. For reasons uncertain, the entry for Trenhayle does not appear to have been recorded in the final returns sent to archbishop Sheldon. It may have been removed on purpose by the rural dean, Reginald Trenhayle, a relation of George, who was made vicar of Madron in 1662.

George Trenhayle married at St Erth on 16 February 1617/18 and he and his wife (unnamed) baptised nine children in the village between 1619 and 1642. She may have been the Mrs Jane Trenhayle who was buried there on 20 December 1645. George Trenhayle, gent, was buried at St Erth on 11 July 1670.

Children of George Trenhayle, gent:

George, bapt.8 December 1619 [St Erth].

Francis, bapt.12 April 1622 [St Erth].

Katherine, bapt.30 May 1624 [St Erth].

Lowdie, bapt.6 October 1628 [St Erth].

James, bapt.8 December 1631 [St Erth]. Surgeon and physician, of Ludgvan and St Erth.

William, bapt.24 March 1634/5 [St Erth]. Apothecary, of Penzance.

Richard, bapt.18 October 1638 [St Erth].

Jane, bapt.10 April 1640 [St Erth].

Annis, bapt.18 April 1642; buried 28 January 1642/3 [St Erth].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erth, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???. Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 42, p.337; PR 362-364/33/26 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.130]; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 413v.

James TRENHAYLE (1631-1688)

Person ID: 13203

Occ: physician/surgeon

Loc: St Erth/Ludgvan, Cornwall

James Trenhayle, the son of **George Trenhayle**, was baptised at St Erth in Cornwall on 8 December 1631. Sometime around 1662, James Trenhayle of Ludgvan applied for a licence

to practise physic and surgery in the diocese of Exeter with testimonials secured from two local clergyman, his brother George (b.1619) and **Valentine Nevill**, physician, of Penryn. He was living at Ludgvan in 1664 when he paid for four hearths and the following year was described, along with his father George, as practising medicine and surgery at St Erth, near Ludgvan. Both men were considered conformable to the restored church and state. No record of his marriage has been found. James' wife Margery was buried at Ludgvan on 5 December 1675 and James himself was buried there on 15 July 1688. He left all his estate to his daughter Honour Trenhayle whom he named as joint executor alongside John Eustace, gent, of St Just.

He was the brother of **William Trenhayle** who practised as an apothecary at Penzance.

Children of James Trenhayle:

John, bapt.25 January 1664/5; buried 22 June 1677 [Ludgvan].

George, buried 14 September 1666 [Ludgvan].

Honor/Honour, bapt.17 May 1667 [Ludgvan]. Alive in 1688 [will].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erth, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Ludgvan [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.130]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???; Lambeth Palace Library, MS 639, ff.307r, 413v; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Ludgvan, Cornwall; AP/T/1408 [will of James Trenhaile, gentleman, of Ludgvan, Cornwall, 10 July 1688, pr.1688].

William TRENHAYLE (1635-1704)

Person ID: 17756

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Redruth and Penzance, Cornwall

William Trenhayle, the son of **George Trenhayle**, was baptised at St Erth, Cornwall, on 24 March 1634/5. He married twice. Firstly, he wed Jane Pearce at Redruth on 24 February 1665 and would appear to have settled in the town where he baptised two children in 1668 and 1677. He was living and working as an apothecary at Penzance by 1696 when, following the death of his first wife (at an unknown date) he married Anne Veale (1660-1696), the daughter of Humphrey Veale of St Erth, at Ludgvan (14 January 1695/6). In a marriage agreement signed by the couple, they agreed to live with Reginald Trenhayle the elder, vicar, at Madron for six months. However, this may not have occurred as Anne, who was pregnant, died soon afterwards and was buried at Ludgvan on 22 November 1696. In her own will, made just before her death, she left all her tin bounds to her husband William and made provision for her unborn child. She left the rest of her estate to be divided among her many surviving brothers and sisters as well as her mother and father. William Trenhayle, apothecary, was buried at Madron, near Penzance, on 18 November 1704.

Children of William Trenhayle:

Ann, bapt.26 September 1668 [Redruth].

Jane, bapt.16 November 1677 [Redruth].

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Erth, Cornwall; parish registers of Redruth, Cornwall; parish registers of Ludgvan, Cornwall; ML 510-511; AP/T/1616 [will of Anne Trenhaile, wife of William Trehaile, apothecary, of Penzance, Cornwall, 18 November 1696, pr.20 October 1697]; FP 133 1/3 [parish registers of Madron, Cornwall].

George TREWEEKE or TREWICKE (c.1690-1754)

Person ID: 13213

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Penzance, Cornwall

George Treweeke or Trewicke was the son of Richard Treweeke, rector of Roche in Cornwall, and his wife Jane, nee Henwood, and was probably born around 1690. In 1713, he paid the mayor of Penzance £1 1s 6d for the privilege to practise physic in the borough. The following year, on 14 December 1714, he applied for a licence to practise surgery in the diocese of Exeter. In his application, he claimed to have served an apprenticeship under Mr **William Wyatt**, master surgeon of the naval hospital at Plymouth, and secured testimonials from Wyatt, **James Yonge** and **John Winston**.

George Treweeke, surgeon, of Penzance married Mrs Hannah Clarke (1688-1742) of St Dominick at St Dominick on 9 March 1720/1. He was frequently involved in numerous land transactions, leases and mortgages relating to land in and around Penzance, a process that may have been facilitated by his prominence in the affairs of the corporation. Treweeke served as mayor on three occasions – in 1729-30, 1736-7 and 1749-50. Mrs Hannah Treweeke was buried at Madron on 28 January 1741/2. Her husband George was buried in the same church on 28 May 1754.

George Treweeke, gent, of Penzance subscribed to Nicholas James' *Poems on Several Occasions* (Truro, 1742).

Children of George Treweeke or Trewicke and Hannah:

Hannah, bapt.23 January 1721/2 [Madron]. She married Mr John Sanford, apothecary, of Penzance at Madron on 30 June 1741.

Jane, bapt.10 May 1723; buried 28 June 1794 [Madron].

Elizabeth, bapt.18 January 1724/5; buried 9 December 1743 [Madron].

George, bapt.29 July 1726 [Madron]. He succeeded to his father's practice in Penzance and was buried at Madron on 9 December 1785.

Mary, bapt.17 May 1728 [Madron].

Grace, bapt.12 March 1729/30 [Madron]. She married Robert Fisher, surgeon, of Bodmin at Madron, 2 June 1760.

Apprentices of George Treweeke or Trewicke, surgeon:

Henry Wadham (b.1700), the son of Henry Wadham, innkeeper, of Plymouth, for 5 years for £42 on 19 December 1719. He had earlier been apprenticed to **Stephen Williams**, surgeon, of St Austell.

William Lambe (1708-1771), son of Charles Lambe (d.1723) and wife Susan of Fowey, for 7 years for £63 on 27 January 1726. He practised as a surgeon at St Austell and was buried there, 4 February 1771.

Alexander Trewethan for 7 years for £70 on 18 March 1729.

Kresen Kernow, P133/16b/3 [assignment of lease, 19 September 1752]; Penzance Borough Accounts, 1713; Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Roche [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.130]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Dominick, Cornwall; AD152/1/9-14, 2/8, 12 and 3/3-4; GR/301-2; CL2/38/43; CL/1/344/3; X112/44; ML/165; X627/25; parish registers of Madron, Cornwall; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.357, 603, 618 [TNA, IR 1/11, f.68; 1/49, f.30].

Richard TROTH (d.1667)

Person ID: 13235

Occ: surgeon

Loc: St Columb Major, Cornwall

Richard Troth practised as a surgeon in the village of St Columb Major in Cornwall from about 1640 until his death in 1667. He is described as a surgeon in November 1661 on signing an application on behalf of **Jonathan Edwards** of St Ewe, a candidate for an episcopal medical licence. Troth married twice. Firstly, he wed Ann Carthew at St Columb Major on 27 November 1640. She was buried there on 18 September 1651. Troth then married Emblyn Dale at St Columb Major on 1 July 1654. Richard Troth was buried in the parish church on 30 March 1667.

Children of Richard Troth and Ann:

John, bapt.4 December 1640 [St Columb Major].

Richard, bapt.1 September 1641; buried 27 March 1655 [St Columb Major].

Thomas, bapt.6 November 1644; buried 22 February 1655/6 [St Columb Major].

George, bapt.19 April 1647; buried 20 January 1654/5 [St Columb Major].

Philip, bapt.17 July 1649 [St Columb Major].

Children of Richard Troth and Emblyn:

Faith, bapt.9 September 1654 [St Columb Major].

Richard, bapt.22 December 1655 [St Columb Major].

Anne, bapt.17 June 1657 [St Columb Major].

Constance, bapt.2 April 1659 [St Columb Major]. She married James Blake at St Columb Major on 18 September 1691.

Margery, bapt.22 March 1660/1 [St Columb Major].

Matthew, bapt.22 February 1662/3 [St Columb Major].

Devon Heritage Centre, PR/518/Cornwall/St Ewe; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall.

William TUCKER (d.1682)

Person ID: 13264

Occ: yeoman/physician

Loc: Minster, Cornwall

In an undated application for an episcopal medical licence dating to the episcopate of Seth Ward (1662-7), William Tucker of Minster, Cornwall, stated that he 'hath been a practitioner of physic and has exercised his ability therein for the space of forty years ... and doth not desire to practise in the said science without authority'. A number of signatures follow but all but one (Degorie Betenson) are too faint to read.

Given his age when applying for a licence (he must have been born in the early years of the seventeenth century), he is probably the William Tucker Snr, yeoman, of Minster who is mentioned in various documents from about 1664 onwards but who may also be confused with a son of the same name who predeceased him in 1682 (he may be the William Tucker of Menheniot who was buried at Liskeard on 5 April 1682). William Tucker was buried at Minster on 23 July 1682. An inventory of his estate valued his goods, conducted by his grandson Robert and which make no mention of medicine, at £386 18s 8d.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR518/Cornwall/Minster [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.130]; Kresen Kernow, AD10/73; EL/46/19; CL/2/31/13-14; parish registers of Minster, Cornwall; parish registers of Liskeard; AP/T/1314 [will, inventory and testamentary papers of William Tucker of Melorne, Minster, Cornwall, 6 May 1680, pr.23 July 1683].

James TUKE (d.1759)

Person ID: 34052

Occ: apothecary/doctor/surgeon

Loc: Stratton, Cornwall

James Tuke, variously described as an apothecary, doctor and surgeon, practised at Stratton in Cornwall from about 1706 until his death in 1759. He married twice. Firstly, he married Joan Uglow of Marhamchurch at Stratton on 29 November 1706. She was buried at Marhamchurch on 17 May 1710. Dr James Tuke then married Mrs Anne Cory at Pancrasweek, Devon, on 7 May 1713. She was buried at Stratton on 12 April 1754. Mr James Tuke, surgeon and apothecary, was buried in the same parish on 17 December 1759. Tuke left various properties in and around Stratton to the four children of his second marriage, leaving only a token bequest of 2s to his eldest son Benjamin. He named his daughters Mary and Elizabeth as joint residual legatees and executrices.

Children of James Tuke and Joan:

Benjamin, bapt.22 June 1707 [Stratton]. He married Mary Uglow at Stratton on 3 January 1728/9 and was buried at Marhamchurch on 14 April 1759.

Children of James Tuke and Anne:

Mary, bapt.25 November 1714 [Stratton]. She married John Bray at Stratton on 27 December 1740.

Ann, bapt.3 November 1716 [Stratton]. She married Richard Mill at Launcells, 4 March 1748/9

Shilson, bapt.14 May 1719 [Stratton]. He married Susanna Stanbury at Launcells, 7 June 1748.

Elizabeth, bapt.1 March 1721/2 [Stratton]. She married Philip Gliddon at Stratton on 30

August 1744.

Apprentice of James Tuke, surgeon:

John Burgoyne for 7 years for £10 on 16 December 1721.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Stratton, Cornwall; FP137 1/1 and 2 [parish registers of Marhamchurch, Cornwall]; Devon Heritage Centre, 2905A/PR/1/2 [parish registers of Pancrasweek, Devon]; Kresen Kernow, AP/T/2818 [will of James Tuke, surgeon, of Stratton, Cornwall, 23 February 1758/9, pr.4 January 1759/60]; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.91, 606 [TNA, IR 1/47, f.97].

William TUNCOCK (fl.1715)

Person ID: 34967

Occ: barber

Loc: Millbrook, Cornwall

Thomas Dunkin, the son of Thomas Dunkin of Plymouth, Devon, deceased, was apprenticed to William Tuncock, barber, of Millbrook, Cornwall, for a premium of £8 as recorded in 1715. Otherwise unidentified.

TNA, IR 1/44, f.74.

Robert TURNBULL (d.1708?)

Person ID: 13281

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: Redruth, Cornwall

Robert Turnbull of Redruth, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery in the dioceses of Bath and Wells, Bristol, Exeter and Salisbury on 6 July 1705. Letters testimonial on his behalf were signed by Arthur Spry, the rector of Redruth, and five other parishioners, as well as **William Briggs** and **Thomas Lukey**, surgeons. He and his wife Esther or Hester (otherwise unidentified) baptised five children at Redruth between 1702 and 1709. In all likelihood, he is the Robert Turnbull, 'soldier', who was buried at St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon on 13 October 1708. The will of Robert Turnbull of Redruth, now destroyed, was proved in 1709.

Children of Robert Turnbull and Esther/Hester:

John, bapt.4 April 1702; buried 24 September 1702 [Redruth].

Margaret, bapt.25 March 1704 [Redruth].

Grace, bapt.4 September 1705 [Redruth].

Esther, bapt.5 November 1707 [Redruth].

Mary, bapt.28 February 1708/9 [Redruth].

Lambeth Palace Library, FII/46/45a-b; F1/E, f.158 [*Directory*, ii, no.1056]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Redruth, Cornwall; Plymouth Archives, 358/4 [parish registers of St Andrew's, Plymouth, Devon]; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall Proved in the Court of the Principal Registry of the Bishop of Exeter, 1559-1799* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.35, 1908), p.???

John TURNER (c.1683/4-1766)

Person ID: 34968

Occ: doctor of physic

Loc: Scotland? and Falmouth/Penryn, Cornwall

According to a tablet placed on the north wall of the church of St Gluvias in Cornwall by his nephew and executor, John Turner, MD, of Kinmonily (Kinmundy?), Aberdeenshire, Scotland, died aged 83 in 1766. No record of his birth or education survives, though he was probably a graduate of Marischal College in Aberdeen as he left various books to the library of that university. He first appears in Cornish records in 1719 when he married Mrs Katherine Code at St Gluvias (24 January 1718/19). She was probably the widow of Thomas Coode, gent of Falmouth (the son of **Benjamin Coode**, surgeon, of Falmouth), who inherited various properties at Mawnan and Penryn in her late husband's will. She was buried at Falmouth on 17 March 1744/5. He subsequently married Priscilla Hall at Falmouth on 28 January 1745/6. Dr John Turner, aged 82, was buried at St Gluvias on 29 May 1766. In his will, he asked to be buried in the churchyard adjoining the door of the aisle of the church 'which I built at my own expense'. He left an annuity of £100 to his wife Priscilla and named his nephew John Cantley, a merchant in Lisbon, as executor. There were also gifts to Marischal College in Aberdeen (above), various cousins in Aberdeen and numerous godchildren, including Joseph Lillicrap the younger of Falmouth (probably the apprentice 'bred up' in the town by his father' who was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 23 March 1744). Priscilla Turner, aged 63, was buried at Falmouth on 20 March 1773; her will was proved the same year.

Dr Turner's strong literary interests are suggested by his subscription to various volumes between 1727 and 1765 which covered a range of subjects including theology and history. He also possessed interests in various mining projects in Cornwall and was heavily invested in the purchase and leasing of land in the county. Turner was also a litigant in the Court of Chancery in 1731 when he sought to recoup debts from the estate of John Oliver of Stithney. He also sued, amongst others, the mayor of Launceston.

m.i., St Gluvias, Cornwall; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/527, ff.132v-133r [will of Thomas Coode, gent, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 8 November 1705, pr.16 June 1712]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/923, ff.63r-66v [will of John Turner, doctor of physick, of Falmouth, Cornwall, 24 May 1765 and 26 October 1765, pr.9 October 1766]; PROB 11/987, ff.256r-257r [will of Priscilla Turner, widow, of Falmouth, Cornwall].

P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), p.607; Kresen Kernow, TEM/148/12; 146/1; CF/1/1024; EN/667; WH/1/162-3; GR/256; S/77; CN/1491/4, 10; A1/35; TNA, C/11/91/20; C/11/430/2; C/11/1856/22; C11/1947/30.

Richard VEALE (1640-1687)

Person ID: 34053

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Truro, Cornwall

Richard Veale was the son of Richard Veale and his wife Ursula, nee Maddren, and was baptised at Gulval, Cornwall, on 30 October 1640. He practised as an apothecary in the town

of Truro from about 1675 until his death in 1687. Veale married Mrs Jane Gregor at Truro on 27 April 1675. She was buried in the chancel there on 28 March 1679. Mr Richard Veale, gent, died on 10 March 1686/7 and was buried alongside his wife three days later. He left the bulk of his estate, valued at £400 and including his house at Truro and other lands which he had inherited from his father, to his brother William and sister Elizabeth. There were also rings and other small bequests for his mother-in-law Ursula Gregor, brother-in-law Francis Gregor, and sisters-in-law Grace and Anne as well as various cousins and friends.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Gulval, Cornwall; ML/254 [lease and counterpart, 11 October 1641; entitled on counterpart: Richard Veale, apothecary, surrendered right to William Veale, gentleman, of Gulval, 4 September 1674]; parish registers of Truro, Cornwall; AP/V/259 [will and inventory of Richard Veale of Truro, Cornwall, 6 March 1686/7, pr.11 April 1687].

Hannibal VIVIAN (1589-1656)

Person ID: 13544

Occ: physician

Loc: Lostwithiel, Cornwall and Plymouth, Devon

Hannibal Vivian was the fourth son of Hannibal Vivian (d.1610) of Trelowarren, Cornwall, and his wife Philippa, the daughter and coheir of Roger Tremayne of Collacombe, Devon. He was baptised at Mawgan in Meneage on 11 July 1589 and matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 15 November 1605, graduating BA four years later. On returning to his native Cornwall, he married Anne, the daughter of Richard Munday of St Columb Minor at Bodmin on 1 March 1621/2 and subsequently set up in medical practice in the town of Lostwithiel. Vivian was licensed to practise medicine throughout the diocese of Exeter on 30 July 1622.

Vivian soon established himself among the governing elite of the town of Lostwithiel. His subsidy rating of £4 in 1626 was enough to rank him among the wealthiest inhabitants of the town (even though he subsequently refused to compound for a knighthood on the grounds that his income was not sufficient to qualify him for the rank). Vivian was nonetheless fully engaged in local politics, becoming a capital burgess in 1629 and serving as mayor of the corporation in 1632-3, 1636-8 and 1640-1. In January 1635, as 'agent of the port towns', he carried a message about Ship Money to the Privy Council and returned the following year to explain his failure to attend the Cornish musters. Among other offices, he was comptroller of the coinage in the Devon and Cornwall Stannaries and keeper of Lostwithiel gaol for three decades from about 1620 to 1650. Dr Vivian was also granted a patent by Charles I for his invention of an engine 'of great use and profit ... whereby one man alone can easily drawe as much water as otherwise fower, and allsoe hoyses all weighty things out of ... the Tynne Works'.

Not surprisingly perhaps given his earlier recalcitrance with regard to ship money and other royal business, Vivian, who had sat as MP for St Mawes in 1628-9, sided with Parliament in the Civil War. While an MP, he had promoted a petition in Parliament against John Mohun, vice warden of the Stannaries, which formed part of a puritan campaign against the supporters of Charles I. He was later present at the rout of the earl of Essex's forces at Fowey in 1644. Vivian managed to retain the office of comptroller of the coinage until the abolition of tin coinage in 1650. By this date Vivian was probably living in Plymouth. In 1646-7, he had been awarded a gratuity of £20 by the corporation of Plymouth and was resident there in 1653 when he was granted administration of the estate of his brother Roger. As completion of

the task was handed to his nephew Sir Richard Vivian in April 1657 it seems most probable that he was the Dr Vivian who was buried at St Mary Magdalene, Oxford, on 2 December 1656. His wife Anne predeceased him and was buried at Lostwithiel on 3 January 1635/6.

Children of Hannibal Vivian and Anne:

Hannibal, bapt.9 February 1622/3 [Lostwithiel].
John, bapt.22 February 1624/5 [Lostwithiel].
Thomas, bapt.15 April 1628 [St Columb Minor].
Charles, bapt.11 July 1630 [Lostwithiel].

Col.J.L.Vivian and H.H.Drake (eds), *The Visitation of Cornwall in the Year 1620* (London, Harleian Soc., vol.9, 1874), pp.257-60; A.Thrush and J.P.Ferris (eds), *The History of Parliament. The House of Commons, 1604-1629* (Cambridge, 2010), pp.???-???; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Mawgan in Meneage, Cornwall; TNA, PROB 11/116, ff.219v-221v [will of Haniball Vyvyan, esquire, of Treloarwarren, Cornwall, 30 November 1608, pr.18 October 1610]; Foster, iv, p.1548; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Bodmin, Cornwall; Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 42, p.320 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.131].

Historical Manuscripts Commission, Report on the Manuscripts in Various Collections, 8 vols (London, 1901-14), i, p.336; Kresen Kernow, RS/1/652 [H.Vyvyan to J.Rashleigh, 26 January 1638, re bond for Samuel Land]; TNA, Patent Rolls, 10ChI, no.12; Royal Institute of Cornwall, Truro, HH/15/5 [undated petition of Hannibal Vivian to the House of Commons, c.1628-9]; A.Duffin, *Faction and Faith: Politics and Religion of the Cornish Gentry Before the Civil War* (Exeter, 1996), p.93; R.N.Worth (ed.), *Calendar of the Plymouth Municipal Records* (Plymouth, 1893), p.162; Oxfordshire History Centre, PAR 208/1/R1/1 [parish registers of St Mary Magdalen, Oxford, 1602-1662]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Lostwithiel, Cornwall.

Nathaniel WALTER (fl.1675)

Person ID: 13697

Occ: licensed physician/surgeon

Loc: St Merryn, Cornwall

Nathaniel Walter of St Meryn, Cornwall, was licensed to practise medicine and surgery in the province of Canterbury on 6 May 1675. He secured testimonials from five physicians (**John Hawkes, Richard Johnson, Thomas Wilson, Thomas Tresham and John Starr**), none of whom had Cornish connections. In all probability, Walter had trained and practised elsewhere before coming to Cornwall. No record of his residence at St Merryn or anywhere else in Cornwall has been found.

Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/83; VG 1/1, f.272; Sheldon, f.256 [*Directory*, i, no.867].

Joseph WAREN or WARREN (fl.mid-17th century)

Person ID: 13754

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Padstow, Cornwall

Joseph Waren or Warren, a surgeon of Padstow, died sometime between May 1679 and June 1685. He left his real and personal estate to his wife Margaret and children Rachel, Hannah, Lydia, Mary and William and named his 'loving friend and kinsman' Mr Gregory Peter, gent, of nearby St Merryn, as overseer. Waren's will was proved by his son William.

Waren was probably the man of the same name living at St Merryn in 1664 when he paid tax on three hearths. He baptised his son William, with wife Margaret, at St Merryn on 20 September 1675.

TNA, PROB 11/380, f.221v [will of Joseph Waren, surgeon, of Padstow, Cornwall, 5 May 1679, pr.12 June 1685]; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *Cornwall Hearth and Poll Taxes, 1660-1664* (Bristol, 1981), p.???.; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Merryn, Cornwall.

John WATERS or WATTERS (d.c.1659)

Person ID: 34054

Occ: naval surgeon

Loc: Cornwall/London/Middlesex/East Indies

In his undated nuncupative will, John Watters, surgeon, of Cornwall, presently serving as surgeon to the 'Dolphin' under sail near Bantam *en route* for Livorno, described himself as 'very sick'. He left all his goods to his wife Christian, who was then living in Lambe Alley, near Shoe Lane, in London, and his two sister-in-laws Mary and Temperance Hawke. Watters entrusted the oversight of his estate to his friends Mr William Banister and William Goodlake and there was also the gift of a scrittore to Watters' mother, Mrs Dorothy Clemon of Cornwall. The will was proved by Watters' widow Christian on 8 September 1659.

The banns of marriage between John Waters, surgeon, and Christian Hawkes, both of St Andrew Holborn, London/Middlesex, were read at the latter parish in April 1657.

TNA, PROB 11/296, ff.244r-v [undated nuncupative will of John Watters, chirurgion, of the 'Dolphin', pr.8 September 1659]; London Metropolitan Archives, P69/AND2/A/002/MS06668/005 [parish registers of St Andrew Holborn, London/Middlesex, 1653-1658].

William WATTS (fl.1696)

Person ID: 13888

Occ: naval surgeon/licensed surgeon

Loc: St Breock, Cornwall

William Watts of St Breock, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the province of Canterbury on 31 October 1696. Letters testimonial, originally addressed to Jonathan Trelawney, bishop of Exeter (1688-1707), certified that Watts had been 'bred up in the study and practice of physick and surgery and has attained to a great insight and knowledge in that science having served for several years as a surgeon's mate on board his Majesties shipp the Victory and several other of his Majesties friggots'. Among those who supported Watt's candidacy were **Richard Toms**, apothecary, of Bodmin, and several local clergymen. He may have been the man of the same name who married Margaret Leaverton at St Issey (where Watts had been active as a surgeon) on 24 October 1685.

Lambeth Palace Library, VX 1A/10/299/1-3; Tenison 1, f.109v [*Directory*, i, no.878]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Issey, Cornwall.

Michael WERRY (fl.1713)

Person ID: 34968

Occ: barber

Loc: Cornwall

James Nicholls, son of Richard Nicholls, yeoman, was apprenticed to Michael Werry, barber, of Cornwall, for a premium of £4 as recorded in 1713. Otherwise unidentified.

TNA, IR 1/2, f.133.

Henry WHITE (d.1654)

Person ID: 30042

Occ: barber

Loc: St Thomas by Launceston, Cornwall

Henry White of St Thomas by Launceston, Cornwall, died sometime between January 1653/4 and December 1654. He was probably the Henry White, son of John White, who was baptised at St Stephen by Launceston on 7 May 1605. Henry White signed the Protestation return for St Thomas in March 1641/2 and buried a daughter, Mary, there in 1652. In his will, he refers to the pregnancy of his wife Joan as well as a brother Richard and sister Thomasine. White named his brother Richard and 'very good friend' Jacob Anderton as assistants to his wife Joan.

TNA, PROB 11/237, ff.390v-391r [will of Henry White, barber, of St Thomas near Launceston, Cornwall, 17 January 1653/4, pr.9 December 1654]; Kreen Kernow, parish registers of St Stephen by Launceston, Cornwall; parish registers of St Thomas by Launceston, Cornwall; T.L.Stoate (ed.), *The Cornwall Protestation Returns 1641* (Bristol, 1971), p.???

Matthew WICKHAM (d.1710)

Person ID: 16432

Occ: barber/doctor/maltster

Loc: Liskeard, Cornwall

Matthew Wickham, described variously as a barber and doctor, practised in the town of Liskeard in Cornwall from about 1678 until his death in 1710. He married Elizabeth Hill, widow, at Liskeard on 14 November 1678. Two years later, he purchased four houses in Church Street, Liskeard, for £130 from John Connocke, esquire, of Tregowney. They were later described in 1720 as formerly in the possession of Matthew Wickham, maltster. In 1694, fellow practitioner **James Moore** of Liskeard named Dr Matthew Wickham as one of the trustees and overseers of his will. Wickham was appointed one of the land tax assessors for Liskeard in April 1705.

Elizabeth Wickham, the wife of Matthew Wickham, gent, was buried at Liskeard on 7 December 1708. He was buried in the same parish on 24 February 1709/10. Wickham's will was proved the same year but was subsequently destroyed.

Wickham was probably related to the man of the same name and also of Launceston who in 1616 was left forty shillings in the will of John Holland of the same town 'for his pains taken with me' (probably a reference to medical assistance).

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; EL/38/8 [18 October 1680]; BRA2835/1; X390/13; AP/M/1478/1 [will of James Moore, gentleman, of Liskeard, Cornwall, 6 April 1694, pr.21 October 1696]; E.A.Fry (ed.), *Calendar of Wills and Administrations Relating to the Counties of Devon and Cornwall Proved in the Court of the Principal Registry of the Bishop of Exeter, 1559-1799* (London, British Rec.Soc., vol.35, 1908), p.???: Kresen Kernow, AP/H/490 [will of John Holland of Liskeard, Cornwall, 2 March 1615/16, pr.1619].

Nicholas WILLIAMS (fl.1636)

Person ID: 14268

Occ: licensed surgeon

Loc: St Germans, Cornwall

Nicholas Williams of St Germans, Cornwall, was licensed to practise surgery throughout the diocese of Exeter on 6 June 1636. The existence of two men of the same name who both baptised children at St Germans between 1627 and 1639 makes it impossible to determine which is our surgeon. Both died within two years of each other (13 July 1651 and 12 December 1653).

Devon Heritage Centre, Chanter MS 43, p.435 [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiatees, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.132]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Germans, Cornwall.

Stephen WILLIAMS (d.1719)

Person ID: 14276

Occ: surgeon

Loc: St Austell, Cornwall

Stephen Williams, the son of Hugh Williams (d.1703), gent, of St Ewe and St Blazey, Cornwall, was left £50 in the latter's will of 1703. No record of his baptism has been found. On 1 September 1709, Williams, then living at St Austell, applied for a licence to practise physic and surgery in the diocese of Exeter. He claimed to have served an apprenticeship and was supported by the testimonials of Dr **John Hunkin** and **James Yonge**, surgeon, of Plymouth.

Williams married Mrs Jane Sawle at St Columb Major on 28 June 1712 and the couple baptised two daughters at St Austell in 1715 and 1716. Williams' marriage opened up potential avenues of property speculation involving his brother-in-law Joseph Sawle (c.1673-1737) of Penrice, MP for Tregony (1702-5). He leased a property in St Austell from Joseph in 1715 and three years later was a partner with Sawle in the sale of a property in Charing Cross, London. Mr Stephen Williams was buried at St Austell on 15 April 1719. In his will, he left his wife a large complement of silver items, including a tea service, salvers and dishes while lamenting that if this seemed little it was because she was entitled to a further £900 as part of the marriage settlement. Other beneficiaries included Williams' sister Jane Carthew (b.1682) and his nephew William (Jane had married Richard Sleeman at St Blazey in 1708

and John Carthew at St Ewe in 1715) as well as various other close relatives. He named his brother Hugh as residual legatee and executor with the caveat that in the event that he should have an heir then Hugh, James Sawle and his wife Jane should act as tutors.

One other beneficiary of Williams' will was his nephew Stephen Williams (1701-1740), the son of his brother John, who was left an annuity of £20 pa to help fund his university education. In the event, Williams graduated B Med at Cambridge in 1725 and established a successful medical practice at Bath and Plymouth. He also published on the subject of medicinal waters and, as a fellow of the Royal Society, was a contributor to the *Philosophical Transactions* on various subjects.

Children of Mr Stephen Williams and Jane:

Mary, bapt. 11 January 1714/15; buried 10 June 1715 [St Austell].

Amy, bapt. 18 June 1716; buried 17 February 1716/17 [St Austell].

Apprentice of Stephen Williams, surgeon:

Henry Wadham, son of Henry Wadham, innkeeper, of Plymouth, Devon, 1 July 1718.

Having witnessed his master's will, he was turned over after his death to **George Treweeke**, surgeon, of Penzance.

TNA, PROB 11/473, ff.104r-v [will of Stephen Williams, gent, of St Blazey, Cornwall, 29 March 1703, pr.7 November 1703]; Devon Heritage Centre, PR/518/Cornwall/St Austell [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiate, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.132]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Columb Major, Cornwall; parish registers of St Austell, Cornwall; CF/1/747 [25 April 1712], 2066 [5 April 1715], 2957 [18 November 1718]; AP/W/1951/1-2 [will of Stephen Williams, surgeon, of St Austell, Cornwall, 11 July 1718 and 8 April 1719, pr.11 May 1719]; J.Foster (ed.), *Alumni Oxonienses: The Members of the University of Oxford, 1715-1886*, 4 vols (Oxford, 1888), iv, p.1570; Venn, iv, p.417; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.618, 654 [TNA, IR 1/45, f.98].

William WILLIAMS (fl.1713-1720)

Person ID: 34969

Occ: barber/periwigmaker

Loc: East Looe, Cornwall

William Williams practised as a barber and periwigmaker in the borough of East Looe, Cornwall, between 1713 and 1720 when he took on four apprentices. He may be the man of the same name who, with his wife Margery, baptised three sons (John, Amos and William) in the town between 1695 and 1702. One William Williams was buried at St Martin by Looe on 23 August 1723.

Apprentices of William Williams, barber/perukemaker:

Richard Parkin, son of John Parkin, deceased, as a barber for a premium of £5 as recorded in 1713. He practised as a barber in East Looe.

Charles Browne, as a barber, for a premium of £5 as recorded in 1716.

Francis Johns, son of Andrew Johns, husbandman, as a barber for a premium of £5 as recorded in 1720.

John Williams, son of John Williams, deceased, as a periwigmaker for a premium of £10 as recorded in 1720.

TNA, IR 1/2, f.133; 1/5, f.34; 1/46, f.143; 1/47, f.54; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Martin by Looe, Cornwall.

John WILLS (d.1708)

Person ID: 34055

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Falmouth, Cornwall

John Wills, the son of John Wills, apothecary, of Falmouth, Cornwall, was apprenticed to George Musgrove, shipwright, of Deptford, Kent, on 3 February 1700. He petitioned for non-enrolment and was discharged on 9 November 1703. Wills the father was almost certainly the same as Mr John Wills who was buried at Falmouth on 2 September 1708.

John Wills Jnr may have been the man of the same name who practised as a surgeon at Penryn, near Falmouth, from 1715 to 1720.

M.Scott (ed.), *Apprenticeship Disputes in the Lord Mayor's Court of London 1573-1723* (London, British Record Society, Apprenticeship Series, vol.1, Part 2, 2016), p.1043; Kresen Kernow, FP63 1/1 [parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall].

John WILLS (fl.1715-1720)

Person ID: 34056

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Penryn, Cornwall

John Wills practised as a surgeon at Penryn, Cornwall, between 1715 and 1720. He married Mary Thompson of Penryn at St Gluvias on 14 July 1715. The couple baptised three children there between 1716 and 1720, but nothing further is recorded thereafter.

Wills may have been the son of **John Wills**, apothecary, of Falmouth (next to Penryn), who was apprenticed to George Musgrove, shipwright, of Deptford, Kent, on 3 February 1700. He petitioned for non-enrolment and was discharged on 9 November 1703.

Children of John Wills and Mary:

Mary, bapt.15 May 1716; buried 6 December 1716 [St Gluvias].

Mary, bapt.13 March 1717/18 [St Gluvias].

Elizabeth, bapt.29 February 1719/20 [St Gluvias]

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of St Gluvias, Cornwall; M.Scott (ed.), *Apprenticeship Disputes in the Lord Mayor's Court of London 1573-1723* (London, British Record Society, Apprenticeship Series, vol.1, Part 2, 2016), p.1043.

WINNEN (fl.1707)

Person ID: 34057

Occ: apothecary

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

Anne, the daughter of one Winnen, apothecary, was baptised at Fowey in Cornwall on 31 October 1707. Otherwise unidentified. One John Winnen married Florence Vose at Fowey on 9 November 1707, but no one else of this name figures in local records.

Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall.

Theophilus WODENOTE (1588-1662)

Person ID: 14452

Occ: clergyman/physician?

Loc: Linkinhorne & Wiltshire?

Theophilus Wodenote, vicar of Linkinhorne in Cornwall, was licensed to practise an unspecified art (but probably medicine) in the diocese of Exeter on 2 April 1641. No other references to his medical practice have been found.

Wodenote was the eldest son of Thomas Wodenote, rector of Linkinhorne, Cornwall, and his wife Francesca, the daughter of Henry Clifford of Boscombe, Wiltshire. He was baptised at Linkinhorne on 17 November 1588 and was educated, like his father, at Eton College and King's College, Cambridge. Admitted to King's in 1606, he was elected a fellow in 1609 and graduated BA in 1611 and MA in 1614. A year later, he resigned his fellowship on marrying Mary, the daughter of James Spicer of St Gorran (at Linkinhorne, 21 September 1615), and succeeded to his father's living at Linkinhorne. Wodenote was incorporated MA at Oxford in 1619 and proceeded BD and DD there in 1623 and 1630. A staunch royalist, he was sequestered from his living at Linkinhorne in the mid 1640s and subsequently published an impassioned attack on sectarianism and the 'violent and cruell ejection' of conformable clergymen like himself. It has been speculated that he may have retired to Wiltshire in the 1650s where he probably encountered John Aubrey and helped to supply him with information which he later used for his *Brief Lives*. In 1654, he published *Eremicus Theologus*, a collection of two hundred aphorisms designed to encourage readers to live a Christian life. Briefly restored to his living at Linkinhorne in 1660, he was buried there two years later on 1 October 1662.

Children of Theophilus Wodenote and Mary:

Frances, bapt. 15 January 1619/20; buried 1 March 1619/20 [Linkinhorne].

Abigail, bapt. 7 October 1621 [Linkinhorne].

Thomas, bapt. 23 June 1624 [Linkinhorne].

Theophilus, bapt. 6 October 1625 [Linkinhorne]. He matriculated at Exeter College, Oxford, on 2 June 1652.

Mary, bapt. 10 December 1626 [Linkinhorne].

James, bapt. 24 February 1628/9; buried 26 February 1628/9 [Linkinhorne].

Publications:

Hermes Theologus, or, a Divine Mercurie dispatcht with with a grave message of new descants upon old records no lesse delightfull in the best sense, then truly usefull for these times (London, R. Royston, 1649). With an introductory epistle to the reader by Edward

Simmons, 3 November 1648; work dedicated to Mr Jonathan Wodenote, esquire, of Shavington, Cheshire.

Eremicus Theologus, or, a Sequestered divine his Aphorisms, or breviats of speculations, in two centuries (London, T.W. for A.Crook, 1654). Epistle dedicatory to Matthew Halse, esquire, of Efford, Devon.

ODNB, sub Wodenote, Theophilus, article by J.McElligott; *Walker Revised*, ed.A.G.Matthews (Oxford, 1948), p.102; I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.133; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Linkinhorne, Cornwall; Venn, iv, p.460; Foster, iv, p.1666; Devon Heritage Centre, Moger, 'Abstract of Testamentary Cases', p.882 [Theophilus Woodnott, 1664].

Alexander WOLCOTT (d.1731)

Person ID: 14454

Occ: surgeon

Loc: Fowey, Cornwall

Alexander Wolcott was probably the son of John Wolcott and his wife Elizabeth, nee Hooper, of Dodbrooke, near Kingsbridge, Devon. Wolcott, of Fowey in Cornwall, was licensed to practise physic and surgery in the diocese of Exeter on 27 August 1712. His application for a licence stated that he had been 'very successful in the cure and relief of sick and wounded persons' and was affirmed by fellow practitioners **James Beauford** and Dr **Thomas Cloke** as well as the vicar and mayor of Fowey and other local dignitaries. Wolcott is repeatedly described as a surgeon in various property transactions at Fowey and Lansallos which he undertook between 1714 and 1729.

Mr Alexander Wolcott married Mrs Mary Hane at Falmouth on 17 February 1707/8. The couple baptised six children at Fowey between 1711 and 1720. Mrs Mary Wolcott was buried at Fowey on 23 January 1729/30. Her husband Alexander was buried in the same parish on 14 May 1731. Wolcott left the bulk of his estate to his daughter Mary (portion of £600) and son John. He also left token bequests to his brothers William and Crispin and sisters Mary and Grace.

Children of Alexander Wolcott and Mary:

John, bapt.24 April 1711 [Fowey]. He settled as a surgeon at Penryn and married Anna or Anne Thompson at Budock on 8 May 1739. John was buried at St Gluvias on 28 December 1742.

Mary, bapt.1712 [Fowey]. She married John Wolcott* (d.1759), surgeon, of Fowey at Budock on 8 June 1738 and was buried at Fowey on 13 November 1739.

William, bapt.19 January 1714/15; buried 24 May 1719 [Fowey].

Elizabeth, bapt.2 January 1716/17; buried 9 January 1716/17 [Fowey].

Grace, bapt.23 April 1718; buried 28 April 1718 [Fowey].

Alexander, bapt.22 January 1719/20; buried 7 January 1722/3 [Fowey].

*Wolcott acted as the guardian of his nephew John Wolcott (1738-1819), son of Alexander Wolcott (d.1751), who later achieved fame as a poet and satirist while writing under the

pseudonym Peter Pindar. His uncle hoped that he would settle into a rural medical practice in Cornwall and helped to provide initial training.

Apprentices of Alexander Wolcott:

Richard Roberts, son of Richard Roberts (d.1746), mercer, of Liskeard, for 7 years for £50 on 7 November 1716. He practised as a surgeon at Liskeard where he was buried on 25 November 1768.

Thomas Lukey (1705-1737), son of Thomas Lukey of Helston, for 7 years from 6 February 1722 as recorded on 22 June 1723. He practised as a surgeon at Helston where he was buried on 31 March 1737.

Samuel Harris, son of Stephen Harris, gentleman, of Treworgy in Probus, for 7 years for £80 on 6 May 1724.

Thomas Hawkes, turned over from Samuel Taylor, surgeon, of Fowey, to Wolcott, for 7 years for £70 on 23 June 1730.

Devon Heritage Centre, PR 518/Cornwall/Fowey [I.Mortimer, 'Index of Medical Licentiates, Applicants, Referees and Examiners in the Diocese of Exeter, 1586-1783', *Transactions of the Devonshire Association*, 136 (2004), p.133]; Kresen Kernow, R/390-1, 2488-9, 369, 2173, 2177, 370; HL/1/9/7-14; parish registers of Falmouth, Cornwall; parish registers of Fowey, Cornwall; AP/W/2162 [will of Alexander Wolcott, surgeon, of Fowey, Cornwall, 24 January 1729/30, pr.23 October 1731]; AP/W/2187 [administration of will of Alexander Wolcott, surgeon, of Fowey, Cornwall, 1732]; parish registers of Budock, Cornwall; *ODNB*, sub Wolcot, John [pseud.Peter Pindar], article by W.R.Jones; P.J. and R.V.Wallis (eds), *Eighteenth Century Medics* (2nd ed., Newcastle upon Tyne, 1985), pp.620, 662 [TNA, IR 1/5, f.50; 10, f.3; 12, f.48]; Kresen Kernow, parish registers of Liskeard, Cornwall; parish registers of Helston, Cornwall.